

PART THE SECOND.

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CONTINUATION OF  
THE BRITISH DUTIES OF  
CUSTOMS AND EXCISE,

PAYABLE ON ALL GOODS

IMPORTED, EXPORTED, OR CARRIED COASTWISE ;

WITH THE

DRAWBACKS, ALLOWANCES, and BOUNTIES upon GOODS DULY EXPORTED ;

ALSO, THE INLAND DUTIES OF CUSTOMS AND EXCISE.

TO WHICH IS NOW ADDED,

The DUTIES payable upon EXPORTATION TO, or IMPORTATION FROM,  
THE ISLE OF MAN ;

THE COUNTERVAILING DUTIES BETWEEN GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND,

Commencing from the Union of the Two Kingdoms, January 1, 1801 ;

THE DUES OR RATES PAYABLE FOR THE IMPROVEMENT OF THE PORT OF LONDON,

TO HIS MAJESTY,

TO THE CORPORATION OF LONDON,

TO THE WEST-INDIA DOCK COMPANY,

AND TO THE LONDON DOCK COMPANY ;

With Abstracts of the legal Regulations and Orders which affect the Ships,  
or the Goods to be Landed or Shipped at those Docks ; also

TABLES,

Of the DUTIES payable on GOODS imported into the UNITED STATES OF  
NORTH AMERICA, as they stood in 1800.

Of the DUTIES payable for SHIPS and GOODS, passing through the SOUND ;

AND OF THE

DUTIES payable on VESSELS and GOODS passing by the EYDER CANAL, from  
TONNINGEN to HOLTENAU, into the EAST or BALTIC SEAS ; or from  
thence, by this CANAL, into the NORTH and NORTH-WEST SEAS.

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THE FIRST PART

CONCLUDES WITH THE SESSION OF PARLIAMENT 1791 ;  
HEREIN CONTINUED TO THE SESSION ENDING DECEMBER 31, 1800.

Accompanied with Notes

Of the various Regulations of Importation and Exportation.

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By JOHN NODIN,

OF MARK-LANE, LONDON, AGENT.

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## ERRATA AND ADDENDA IN THE SECOND VOLUME.

PAGE 23. By 37 Geo. III. Additional Duty on

Plate, wrought silver, imported into Great Britain, the Ounce

Troy

, wrought gold

**N. B.** These Duties are also chargeable with the second

5 per Cent. 37 Geo. III.

**PAGE 33.** Mahogany, remains chargeable with the consolidated Duties of Customs by the 27th Geo. III. as mentioned in the 1st Volume, Table A. page 225, and the additional Duty imposed by the 36 Geo. III. in lieu of that granted by the 35 Geo. III. which additional Duty fee in the 2d Volume, Table A. page 33.

Duty.	Drawback.
£. s. d.	£. s. d.
0 0 6	
0 8 0	

## ADDITIONAL BOUNTIES.

Bounty.  
l. s. d.

PAGE 74. Plate, Silver, made or wrought in Great Britain since the 5th July, 1797,  
the Ounce Troy

Gold, made or wrought in Great Britain since the 5th July, 1797,  
the Ounce Troy

PAGE 80. Under Table K. Prohibitions of Importation, READ,  
GLASS, By 38 Geo. III.

Any Plate, Crown, or Sheet Glass, unframed, under 60 Inches long, imported in any Package whatever, not containing 5 Hundred Weight neat of Glass, and the Package not being marked GLASS in Roman Letters, not less than 4 Inches long, forfeited.—See this Note also Page 46 of this second Volume.

PAGE 88. Last Line, READ, "in British built Ships," in lieu of American Ships.

All other Duties (except otherwise particularly enumerated) to be the same and no higher than is payable, when imported from any the most favoured Country.

PAGE 89. Last Line, after the word Session, READ, The Countervailing Duty not commencing until after the Commencement of the second 5 per Cent. although the Act passed prior to the American Duty Act it is not chargeable therewith, and is in the American Duty Act specially exempted from the first 10 and 5 per Cent. on the Amounts of Customs; therefore it stands totally free from these two additional Duties of the 37 Geo. III.

The East India Company are permitted to land and warehouse the Goods, &c. imported by them from the East Indies, but the Duty of Customs payable upon the same to be warehoused is to be paid within four Months after the expiration of each and every Public Sale by the said Company.

The Goods, &c. imported by the East India Company when not specifically rated in Tables A. or B. are subject to the Duties in Table A. or if paying Duty at Value, as the same are described in Table B. under the Titles of manufac-

tured Goods, Wares, or Merchandizes, or unmanufactured ditto, before taken out of the Company's Warehouses for Home Consumption; and unless specially directed otherwise upon enumerated Articles, the two additional Duties of 5 per Cent. after the 28th Dec. 1796, by the 37 Geo. III. Ch. 15. and after the 18th July, 1797, by the 37 Geo. III. Ch. 110. upon the Amounts of Customs then severally payable

The Duties of 10 and 5 per Cent. by 37 Geo. III. Ch. 15. are charged upon the Amounts of the Duties of Customs payable on the 28th December, 1796, except for the Articles as enumerated in Page xiii. of this Volume.

The Duty of 5 per Cent. by 37 Geo. III. Ch. 110. is charged upon the Amounts of the Duties of Customs payable on the 18th July, 1797; except for the Articles as enumerated in Page xiii. of this Volume, or upon the above 10 and 5 per Cents. of 1796, there also mentioned.

These Duties are to be computed upon and added to the former Rates of Customs on the several Articles imported, for which see the *First Part of Nodini's Duties*, published in 1792, except where any Articles have been otherwise charged with Duties of Customs after June 10th, 1791, prior to December 28th 1796, and July 18th, 1797, which see in this Second Part or Continuation.

THE COUNTERVAILING DUTY upon Articles imported from the United States of America, in American Ships, is not chargeable or blended with any of these before-recited additional Duties upon the Amounts of Customs, although the American Duty Act passed subsequent to the first 10 and 5 per

Cent. imposed, and prior to the latter, as the Countervailing Duty was not payable until after the commencement of the second 5 per Cent. imposed and is specially exempted from the first 10 and 5 per Cent. This Duty, intended to counteract the American Duties upon Articles in foreign Ships, attaches only upon the Amounts of consolidated Customs then payable; entirely exclusive, distinct, and separate from these additional Duties upon the Amounts of Customs.

## P R E F A C E.

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A WRITER having asserted, in a recent Publication, that there existed in England an Inequality and Uncertainty in the Weights and Measures; to nullify this Assertion it may not be improper to shew, that the Law and the Fact are otherwise.—The 41st Article of Magna Charta, granted by King John, the 15th of June, 1215, declares, “There shall be one Measure of Wine and one of Ale, through our whole Realm, and one Measure of Corn; that is to say, the London Quarter; and one Breadth of dyed Cloth and Russlets and Habergeets; that is to say, two Ells within the List, and the Weights shall be as the Measures.” Standards of the several Measures and Weights are kept in the Exchequer at Westminster, and Persons using false Measures and Weights are liable to Penalties and Prosecutions by the Laws of Parliament, which have confirmed and established this Grant. The Magistrates in their several Districts maintain and enforce these Laws.

“In Long Measure the Ell and the Yard are used throughout the Kingdom. The Ell is 45 Inches long, the Yard 36 Inches, which are subdivided into Halves, Quarters, Eighths, and Inches; also the Inch into eight Parts. The Liquid Measures

fures are, the Tun, of 252 Gallons; the Pipe or Butt, 126 Gallons; the Hoghead, 63 Gallons, except of Beer, which is 54 Gallons; the Barrel, 32 Gallons, except of Beer, which is 36 Gallons, but of Ale, is 32 Gallons; the Kilderkin, 18 Gallons; the Firkin, nine Gallons; the Gallon, four Quarts; the Quart, two Pints; the Pint, four Gills; the Beer and Ale Gallon is more than one Fifth larger than the Wine Gallon. The Dry Measure for Coals, Corn and Grain, Fruit, Pulse, &c. is the Winchester Bushel; a Last is 10 Quarters; a Quarter is eight Bushels; a Bushel is four Pecks; a Peck is two Gallons; a Gallon is two Pottles, or four Quarts; a Quart is two Pints; the Pint is subdivided into Halves; the Half-pint into two Gills: Corn and Grain, Pulse, &c. are, by Stricken Measure, upon the Surface, from Side to Side, by passing the flat Edge of the Strike horizontally upon the Bushel. Coals, Fruit, &c. are by heaped Measure, which is filling the Bushel as high as the Coals, &c. will abide thereon. The Wine Gallon is 231 Cubical Inches; the Ale and Beer Gallon, 282 Cubical Inches. The Winchester Bushel is to be made round, with a plain even Bottom,  $18\frac{1}{2}$  Inches wide throughout, and eight Inches deep; and the Coal Bushel is to be  $19\frac{1}{2}$  Inches wide throughout, to contain one Winchester Bushel and one Quart; and all smaller Measures are regulated by this Standard. The Newcastle Chalders of Coals should be 53 Cwt. and the Winchester Chalders  $27\frac{3}{4}$  Cwt. Coals are sold in London and other

Places by the Winchester Chalder of 36 Bushels. The Mines in the Neighbourhood of Newcastle, Sunderland, &c. retain their customary Measures. It has been proved, that 112 Newcastle Chalders produced 210 Winchester Chalders of Coals, equally mixed, large and small; and 111 Newcastle Chalders produced 210 Winchester Chalders of Coals, being one-third large and two-thirds small.

The Weights are, Avoirdupois, Troy, and Apothecary. The latter is only in Use with the Druggists, Chemists, and Apothecaries. Avoirdupois consists of the Ton, which is 20 Cwt.—the Cwt. 112lbs.—the Pound, 16 ozs.—the Ounce, four Quarters—the Quarter-ounce four Drachms. Troy consists of the Pound—the Pound, 12 ozs.—the Ounce, 20 dwts.—the Pennyweight, 24 grs.—and the Pound Avoirdupois weighs  $14\frac{3}{4}$  Ounces Troy.

“Wines are sold by the Pipe, or usual Package of its Produce, except,

“Madeira Wine, by the Pipe, of 104 Gallons, estimating the Surplus or Deficiency by that Ratio.

“Rhenish Wine by the Aum, which should be 42 English Gallons; they generally gauge from 38 to 39 Gallons each, and it is the Custom-house Practice to average them at  $38\frac{1}{2}$  Gallons each, when they find the Contents so correspond.

To prevent the Merchants from being confused or misled by a false Opinion, which appears to have been too generally diffused among them, I have made this short Digression from a comprehensive

Work I have still in Contemplation to publish for their Use.

Respecting the Allowances of Draughts upon weighing, and Tares for Packages of Merchandise, by the Revenue-officers, there exist only two or three Laws for particular Goods, which can be deemed absolutely fixed and certain Rates. Draught is to be considered as good Weight given by the Revenue to the Merchant to compensate in the Duties for the Loss which may occur between the Time of Weighing at the King's Beam, and a reasonable Time of Sale, and the Scale is also allowed to preponderate in Favor of the Merchant, except where otherwise directed by Law, as for Tobacco; and these Allowances, so established by long Usage, are to be found in the first Volume of my British Duties, &c. Page 297. Tare, that is the Weight of the Package allowed or ascertained. The only Authority upon which these customary Tares appears to rest is, "Mr. Henry Crouch's Second Part of the Complete View of the British Customs, last printed in London, 1746." This Gentleman was Secretary to the Commissioners of the Customs for England, and it is therefore to be presumed, he published the then established Usage and Practice, with their Consent and Approbation, for the Information of the Merchant and Revenue-officer; but it has ever been in the Option of either of them, when Circumstances required it, to ascertain the real Tare, by emptying the Package; the

the Officer, on his Part, taking Care not to wantonly impede the Delivery, or to depreciate the Merchandise by his Act. This Book, with a few inconsiderable Alterations by the Commissioners, has continued the Practice of the Ports for more than 130 Years, the Officers being attentive to see that the Packages were continued in the antient Manner and Substance. About 10 Years since an Alteration has been made in the Tares of the Bales of Raw and Thrown Silk, which, under the Plea of a Regulation, was actually an Increase of Duty upon these Merchandises. The former Tares were for what is denominated Messina Package, and is commonly to the Raw Silk 11 per Cent. and the Bologna Package, which is generally to the Thrown Silk, 14 per Cent.; these Allowances were well known to exceed the Weights of the Packages, but for the Considerations before mentioned, and that the Importer gave still greater Allowances to the Buyer, these Tares were, till this Period, fixed and certain for the Standard Packages. The Messina Package is now settled at eight per Cent. and the Bologna 10 per Cent. Salt Petre imported by the East India Company, the Tare for treble Bags was 18lb. and for double Bags 14lb. now reduced within the last five Years to 12lb. and 8lb. This Revolution in fixed Tares, of so long standing, float all the remaining in Uncertainty, according to the Will and Judgment of the Commissioners of the Revenue, until more substantially discussed. Mr. Crouch's Book having been several Years out of

Print, it is intended, as early as possible, to compile so much of it as is necessary into a Work proposed to be published by Subscription, as a full Guide to the Merchant, Trader, and Broker, for transacting Business with the Officers of the Customs and Excise, which will also contain further Information worthy of their Notice, deduced from long Practice, Experience in, and Attention to, the Commerce and Public Revenue of Great Britain. As Acts of Parliament, imposing special Duties and Regulations during the War, will expire at a limited Time after the signing the Preliminaries of Peace, and many excessive Duties will of course be diminished, as also important Changes under Treaties of Commerce arise, the Plan of the first Publication will be continued until a more settled Period arrives, and this will shew the Merchant more immediately and advantageously the Progress and Management of these British Duties from the Commencement of the Consolidation Act, the 10th of May, 1787; whereas a new Book of Rates, published at any Period, for the Nett Duties then payable on each Article, would, in all Probability, by the Acts of the next Session of Parliament, be rendered useless and incorrect. For the Facility of Reference at the End of this Continuation, is inserted an Index to the two Volumes, and to render those References as light as possible, the several Subjects are arranged in this last Volume as in the first, in Tables from A to L, with the additional Tables M, N, O, P, Q, R, S, T.

## IN PART THE FIRST,

Under General Directions for Importation, add the following—

Page 3. The last line but one, after now imported, insert, "by any of the King's Subjects."

6. The free Importation of Cochineal and Indigo there recited, continued by 36 Geo. III. to the 29th of September, 1802, after Bullion, &c. in any Ships, add, "and landed without Entry or Reporting."

7. By 37 Geo. III. Persons free of the Turkey Company may import the Goods usually imported from Turkey, Egypt, or any Place within the Dominions of the Grand Signior, and all Persons may import the Goods usually brought from all other Places in Europe within the Streights of Gibraltar, from any Port or Place whatever, in British Ships, or in any Neutral Ships navigated with foreign Seamen, subject to the same Duties as when imported directly from the Places of the Growth, Production, or Manufacture respectively, until three Months after the Conclusion of the present War.

19. Last Line, after Currants, add "Figs, by 33 Geo. III."

20. By 33 Geo. III. The Officers of the Customs may make Allowances for Damages, but if the Merchants are dissatis-

dissatisfied, or the Officers represent to the Commissioners that they are incompetent to make such Allowances, then the Regulations may be adopted of ascertaining the Damages under the Oaths of two indifferent Merchants.

By 38 Geo. III. Goods lost or destroyed by unavoidable Accident, after Payment of the Duties, and previous to the landing of the Goods, the Duties are to be returned, if the Commissioners of the Customs are satisfied the Loss was by unavoidable Accident.

By 33 Geo. III. Goods which can by Law be imported into Great Britain from the British Colonies and Plantations in Africa, America, or Asia, having been legally imported into Ireland, may be imported from thence into Great Britain, in British or Irish built Ships, upon Payment of the same Duties as are payable upon the Importation into Great Britain from the said Colonies and Plantations, if accompanied with the legal Documents and Certificates; if not so accompanied, then the Goods to be dealt with as in the like Case they would be when so imported from the said Colonies and Plantations. If only part of such Goods are shipped, and the actual Quantity and particular Sorts are indorsed upon the Documents or Certificates, by the proper Officers of the Customs in Ireland, the same shall be admitted to Entry; and the  
Remainder

Remainder may also be admitted to Entry if accompanied with a Certificate from the proper Officer, extracted from a Register of the original Documents, specifying the Quantity before shipped, at what Time, by what Vessel, from what Port in Ireland exported, and for what Port in Great Britain; but not to extend to permit any Goods, Wares, or Merchandise of the East Indies, or other Parts within the Limits of the exclusive Trade of the United East India Company, to be imported from Ireland into Great Britain.

By 39 Geo. III. His Majesty in Council may permit, without Payment of any Duty whatever, the Importation of the following Articles, for a limited Time, from any Place, in British or neutral Ships, and can recall such Permission if requisite; continued by 41 Geo. III. until 40 Days after the Commencement of the first Session of Parliament after the 1st of Sept. 1801.

“Orders in Council have accordingly permitted the free Importation of

“Beans (called Kidney or French Beans), Tares, Lentiles, Callivances, and all other Sorts of Pulse; also Bulls, Cows, Oxen, Calves, Sheep, Lambs, and Swine; Beef, Pork, Mutton, Veal, and Lamb, whether salted or otherwise; Bacon, Hams, Tongues, Butter, Cheese, Potatoes, Rice, Sago, Sago-powder, Tapioca, Vermicelli, Millet-feed, Poultry, Fowls, Eggs, Game, and Sour Crout.”

By 41 Geo. III. His Majesty by Order in Council may, until six Weeks after the next Session

Session of Parliament, permit the Importation of any Goods, Wares, or Merchandise specified in the Order, in neutral Ships; and it is probable this Authority will be continued during the War.

By 39 and 40 Geo. III. His Majesty may licence any British Subject to import in British built Ships, from any Country in America belonging to any Foreign European Sovereign or State, any Goods, Wares, or Merchandise of the Growth or Produce, manufactured or otherwise, of any such Country, not prohibited to be used or consumed in Great Britain, under the Regulations prescribed; but all Sugar and Coffee can only be so imported to be warehoused for Exportation. The Licences are only to be granted to Persons who have exported, or have given Security to export, from Great Britain to the same Possessions in America, any Goods or Commodities bearing such Proportion in Value to the Goods so to be imported, as His Majesty shall direct.

By 41 Geo. III. His Majesty is authorised to regulate the Trade to and from the Cape of Good Hope for a limited Time.

To precede Table A of the first Part, Page 54.

“From and after the 18th of July, 1797, by the 37 Geo. III. Chap. 15 and 110, the following additional Duties are to be paid upon the Amount of Customs then payable.”

Fifteen per cent. on Brimstone, Hemp, Iron in Bars or unwrought, and Staves imported from Europe.

rope. Ten per cent. upon all other Goods, Wares, and Merchandise imported from Europe.

## EXEMPTIONS.

Goods, Wares, and Merchandise imported by the East India Company after the 31st of August, 1799, for which see Tables A and B for the several Articles as there enumerated.

Sugar and Wine.

Coals carried Coastwise, and Bricks from the first five per cent. imposed by Chap. 15.

Calicoes, ordinary Oil of Olives, Tea, and Tobacco, from the second five per cent. imposed by Chap. 110.

The second five per cent. Chap. 110. is not chargeable on the first ten and five per cent. Duties, Chap. 15.

Prize Ships and Goods only as enumerated in Table M.

American Goods, Wares, and Merchandise, from the United States, imported after the 4th of July, 1797, only as enumerated in Table N.

The Convoy Duty during the War ;—for which Duty see Table O.

## TABLE



out of the Warehouse for Home Consumption to pay, the Piece	0	6	8
And besides for every 100l. of the true Value at the Company's Sale	20	19	1
If printed, stained, painted, or dyed in Great Britain, exported to any Place (except the Restrictions in the Bond to Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, Sark, or Man, or the Isles of Faro or Ferro), the Piece			
And besides for every £. 100 of the true Value at the Company's Sale	0	6	8
Cinnamon and Cloves, imported by the East India Company free of Duty, but before taken out of the Warehouse for Home Consumption, as in Vol. I. Page 73. together with the same Draw-back if exported in one Year after Payment of the full Duty, 38 Geo. III. and excepted from the Duties, 39 Geo. III.			
The Exporter upon Entry to pay for every £. 100 of the Value at Company's Sale	2	10	0
Cocoa Nuts, by 38 Geo. III. may, under the Restrictions and Permission of four Commissioners of the Customs, be removed from the Port of Importation to any other Port in England for the Purpose of Exportation.			
Coffee warehoused, on Delivery for Exportation, additional Duty the Hundred Weight, 39 Geo. III.	0	4	0

## T A B L E A.

## INWARDS.

Duty.  
£. s. d.

Drawback.  
£. s. d.

Coffee, viz.

May be removed in like Manner as Cocoa Nuts.  
Corn and Grain. The several Articles under this Title in Vol. I. His Majesty in Council is authorised by 39 Geo. III. to permit the Importation of, free of Duty, for a limited Time, in British-built or in neutral Ships, from any Place whatever, also Bread, Biscuit, or Malt; with Power to recall the Permission when necessary, and such as has been warehoused may be taken out for Home Consumption free of Duty.—The Importation permitted as aforesaid to the 1st of September, 1801, and 40 Days after the Commencement of the next Session.

His Majesty in Council can also forbid the Exportation of these several Articles, but this Prohibition is not to extend to any Foreign Corn imported and warehoused on the Conditions of the 31 Geo. III. that shall not have been taken out for Home Consumption.

By the 39 Geo. III. Edinburgh, the County of, is erected into a separate District for Import and Export of Corn—See Vol. I. Page 92.

Dimity, viz.

plain white, imported by the East India Company, 39 Geo. III.

in Lieu of former Duties repealed, except the Convey Duty.

For every £. 100 of the true Value at the Company's Sale - - - 2 10 0  
 before taken out of the Warehouse for Home Consumption,  
 the Yard - - - 0 2 0

besides, for every £. 100 of the true Value at the Company's Sale 22 3 6

If printed, stained, painted, or dyed in Great Britain, exported  
 to any Place (except Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, Sark, or  
 Man, or the Isles of Faro or Ferro), the Yard - - -

besides for every £. 100 of the true Value at the Company's Sale  
 Drugs, Arrow Root, from the British Plantations in America, 36

Geo. III. free of Duty.

Aloes Epatica are chiefly imported from the Island of Barba-  
 does, in Gourds, upon which the Allowance for Tare is  
 one-fifth Part. Some have been imported from the Cape of  
 Good Hope, but as these, and any imported from the Medi-  
 terranean and Levant Seas, may be questioned, it is better to  
 take out a Bill of Sight to have them properly named by ex-  
 periented Drug Merchants, the Duty of Succotrine being  
 more than double that of Epatica Aloes; if entered Epatica,  
 and they prove Succotrine, they are forfeited.—Much ques-  
 tion arises upon this Article of Commerce. Evidently the  
 Distinction of Succotrine introduced so early as the Act of  
 Tonnage and Poundage of 1662, applied to Aloes the  
 Growth, Produce, and Manufacture of the Island of Socotora,

0 1 8  
 20 3 2

## TABLE A.

## INWARDS.

but the increased Commerce of the British East India Company, together with Importations from the Cape of Good Hope, have, in present Practice given this Denomination to all fine Aloes so imported, according to the Judgment of the Officers of the Customs, and Warehouse Keepers of the East India Company, founded upon the Opinions of eminent Drug Brokers, and a Comparison made with Samples of Aloes thus determined upon. How far this Practice can be supported against the original Rate, upon which the Law is otherwise silent, is a Question to be settled absolutely in the Court of Exchequer only.

Oil of Turpentine, the former Duty repealed, by 40 Geo. III. and in Lieu, the Pound - - - - -  
and subject also to the two five per Cents. and Convoy Duty.  
Figs, by 33 Geo. III. in Lieu of former Duties repealed, without any Allowance for Damage.

Imported in a British built Ship, the Hundred Weight - - - - -  
----- in a foreign Ship - - - - -  
Grease, the Importation free of Duty continued by 39 Geo. III. to the 25th of March, 1806.

Duty. £. s. d.	Drawback. £. s. d.
0 0 2½	0 9 2
0 10 0	0 9 2
0 10 6	0 9 2

Hair Powder, by 36 Geo. III. in Lieu of former Duties repealed, the Hundred Weight - - - - -

1 10 4 0 0 0

Hemp, undressed, or of that vegetable Quality applicable to the same Purposes as undressed Hemp, the Growth of the Limits of the East India Company's Territories and Trade, free of any Duty, by 41 Geo. III.

Hides, see Vol. 1. Page 132. The Importation of Hides and Skins allowed free of Duty, continued by 36 Geo. III. to June the 1st, 1803.

Hog's Lard, the Importation free of Duty continued by 39 Geo. III. to the 25th of March, 1806.

Hops, the former Duty suspended until the 20th of August, 1801, and in Lieu thereof, per Pound - - - - -

0 0 1  $\frac{13}{10}$  0 2 3 0 2 3

Lemons, additional Duty by 35 Geo. III. the Thousand Linen, Calicoes, plain white, see the present Duties under that Head herein before cited, and for other Calicoes see Table B of this Volume.

Linseed Cakes and Rape Cakes may, by 36 Geo. III. be imported from any Country whatever in British Ships free of Duty. Mace, imported by the East India Company, warehoused without Payment of Duty.

38 Geo. III. in Force till two Months after the first of the next Session after the War.



34 Geo. III. if imported by the East India Company or otherwise.

First Class, fit or proper, or that may be used for, or applied to, the Uses or Purposes of Writing, Drawing, or Printing, all Elephant, and all Cartridge Papers, the Pound Weight

0 0 10

Second Class, coloured Papers, and whitened brown Papers (other than and except Elephant and Cartridge Papers), fit and proper for the Use or Purpose of wrapping up Goods, and not fit or proper or capable of being used for, or applied to, the Uses or Purposes of Writing, Drawing, or Printing, the Pound Weight

0 0 4

Third Class, brown, fit and proper for the Use or Purpose of wrapping up Goods, and not fit or proper, or capable of being used for, or applied to, the Uses or Purposes of Writing, Drawing, or Printing, the Pound Weight

0 0 2

Fourth Class, of every Sort or Kind, not herein before enumerated or described, the Pound Weight

0 0 10

Fifth Class, Pasteboard, Millboard, and Scaleboard\*, the Hundred Weight

1 0 0

\* Scaleboard, although here classed, is not Paper-stuff, but Lime-tree Boards cut into thin Leaves for the Uses of making into Banboxes, Hatboxes, &c. and is usually imported from Hamburg.

TABLE A.

## INWARDS.

	Duty. £. s. d.	Drawback. £. s. d.
Paper, viz,		
Sixth Class, glazed Paper for Clothiers and Hotpressers, the Hundred Weight	0 12 0	
Seventh Class, printed, painted, or stained for Hangings, additional, the Pound Weight	0 0 6	
The old Duty 75 per Cent. on the Value also—See 1st Vol. Page 271.		
Stamped after Duty is paid.		
By the above Act, any Paper imported in less Quantity than a Ream of twenty Quires, and a Quire of twenty-four Sheets, forfeited.		
Waste Paper, fit only to be manufactured, free of Duty, 39 and 40 Geo. III. except the Convoy Duty.		
Pepper, when taken out of the Warehouse, additional Duty, the Pound Weight	0 0 3	
By 37 Geo. III. also the two five per Cents. on this and the old Duty.		
Pitch, by 39 Geo. III. may be imported in British built Ships from		

Hamburg, Bremen, Altona, and Gluckstadt, no Limitation of Time, or of the Produce.

Powder, viz.

Hair Powder, old Duty repealed, by 36 Geo. III. the Hundred Weight

Weight

Quercitron, or black Oak Bark, from any Country not in Europe, when the Price of Oak Bark is less than the Regulations of

12 Geo. III.—See 1st Vol. Page 153.

To be imported by any Persons in British built Ships in

Casks only, containing not less than 150 Pounds neat

Weight in each Cask, 32 Geo. III. the Hundred Weight

+ Raisins, of the Sun, additional Duty, 35 Geo. III. the Hundred

Weight

Smyrna

Lexia

Faro

Lipra or Belvidere

Denia, and all other Raisins not otherwise enumerated

Rape Cakes, may be imported, by 36 Geo. III. free of Duty, in British

Ships, from any Country.

Red Mangrove Bark, by 32 Geo. III. the Hundred Weight

To be imported in Casks only, containing not less

than 150 Pounds neat Weight in each Cask.

1 10 4

0 0 2

0 1 4

0 0 7

0 1 4

0 1 4

0 1 1

0 1 3

0 0 2

0 0 0

0 1 4

0 0 7

0 1 4

0 1 4

0 1 1

0 1 3

## TABLE A.

	INWARDS.		Duty. £. s. d.	Drawback. £. s. d.
Rum, the Drawback on Rum shipped as stores continued, by 36 Geo. III. to July 5, 1801.—See 1st Vol. Page 169.				
Salt, during the present War, may be imported from Portugal in neutral Ships.				
The Manage mement of the Inland and Excise Salt Duties, by 38 Geo. III. having been transferred to the Commissioners of Excise, the same are now placed under that Title in Table F, which see forwards.				
Salt Petre, the former Duties repealed, by 31 Geo. III. and in lieu thereof, from any Country whatever, the Hundred Weight Continued by 40 Geo. III.		0 2 3		
Seeds, Rape, and all other Seeds commonly made Use of for extracting Oil therefrom, the Importations for the low Duty and warehousing by 15 Geo. III. and 30 Geo. III. continued by 39 Geo. III. until June 24, 1804, but the average Prices at the Places of Importation to be ascertained in like Manner as directed for the Prices of Corn.—See 1st Vol. Pages 78, 177.				
Sheep, for the free Importation, see them enumerated with other Articles, Page 11 of this Volume.				

Silk, thrown and raw, for the Exemptions from the Restrictions, Vol. 1.  
Page 178, see Page 9 of this Volume.

Knubs or Husks of Silk, additional Duty, 35 Geo. III. the Pound  
Waste Silk, not otherwise enumerated or described, the Pound  
of 16 Ounces

imported by the East India Company, the Pound of  
16 ounces

The old Duty repealed.

Skins, viz.

Kid, Part of the former Duty of the Consolidation Act, viz.  
8s. 4d. per Hundred and 2s. 9d. part of the former Drawback  
to cease, so that this Duty then stands by this Act at 10s. 11d. The  
per Hundred, and the Drawback 3s. 6d. per Hundred. The  
Exception of the Excise Duty in the 27 Geo. III. on Kid  
Skins imported in the Hair afterwards tawed in Great Britain,  
repealed, and subjected to the same Excise Duty as other  
Kid Skins tawed 39, 40 Geo. III.

Seal Skins, the free Importation described in the 1st Vol.

Page 189, continued to June 24, 1803.

Furs tawed, prohibited to be imported for Sale—1st Vol.

Page 190, add Weasel.

Spanish Wool, may, by 39 Geo. III. be imported from any Port or

0	1	2	0	1	2
0	1	6	0	1	4
0	1	6	0	1	4

## TABLE A.

## INWARDS.

Place by any Persons in any neutral Ships, notwithstanding 33 Geo. III.

Spirits, of the Produce of the British Settlement of the Cape of Good Hope, or the Territories or Dependencies thereof, to pay the same Duties, and be entitled to the like bonding of Excise Duties, subject to the same Regulations as Spirits imported from the British Sugar Plantations in the West Indies; the Duty of Customs drawn back upon Exportation. The Duties of Customs and Excise also allowed on shipping thereof, as Stores to be consumed in Sea Voyages, in the same Manner as directed for Rum and Spirits of the British Sugar Plantations in the West Indies, 39 and 40 Geo. III.

Starch, old Duty repealed, and in Lieu, by 41 Geo. III. the Pound

Weight

See 1st Vol. Page 192.

Sugar, of the British Plantations, imported into Great Britain after March 31, 1800, until May 10, 1801, the Duties may be bonded by the Importer, &c. to be warehoused under the joint Locks, which are to be paid for Sugars imported into London within

Duty.  
£. s. d.

Drawback.  
£. s. d.

0 0 3½

fix Months after bonded before September 10, 1800, and three Months between the 10th of September and the 10th of March; imported into any other Port than London, the Duties to be paid in two Months after bonded, between the 10th of September and the 10th of March.

The Drawback upon all Sugar imported lowered 4s. per Hundred Weight, except to Ireland, 36 Geo. III. and must be exported as imported.

Not of the British Plantations, warehoused, upon Delivery for Exportation, the Hundred Weight - - -

0 2 6

37 Geo. III. upon all not imported from the British Plantations, or by the East India Company, the Hundred Weight - - -

0 5 0

If warehoused, this additional Duty not paid till taken out for Home Consumption

Brown and Muscovado, of the British Plantations, the Hundred Weight - - -

0 2 6

If the average Prices, as directed by 35 Geo. III. exceed 6s. the Hundred Weight, no Drawback is to be allowed during the present War.

0 2 6  
to Ireland  
only  
39 Geo. III.

39 Geo. III. Brown and Muscovado, of the British Plantations, the Hundred Weight - - -

0 0 8

White or clayed, of ditto

0 4 0

## TABLE A.

## INWARDS.

Sugar, viz.	when imported by the East India Company, see Table B	Duty. £. s. d.	Drawback. £. s. d.
Tallow, the Exemption from Duty, 1st Vol. Page 196, continued by the 39 Geo. III. to March 25, 1806.			
Tar, may be imported from Hamburg, Bremen, Altona, and Gluckstadt, in British built Ships, no Restriction of Time or Produce, 39 Geo. III. the Duties payable by the Consolidated Act repealed.			
Tar, not being the Product of any of the Dominions or Plantations of Great Britain, the Last, containing 12 Barrels, each Barrel containing 31½ Gallons,			
imported in a British built Ship	0 9 4	0 8 4	
in a Foreign Ship	0 10 0	0 8 4	
of the Product of any of the Dominions or Plantations of Great Britain, the Last	0 8 3	0 7 3	
Subject also to the two 5 per Cents. of 37 Geo. III.			
Tiles, By 34 Geo. III. the following additional Duties,			
For all Tiles known by the Name of Plain Tiles, per 1000	0 1 10	0 0 0	0 0 0

Pan Tiles or Ridge Tiles, per 1000	0	4	10	0	0	0	0	0	0
Paving Tiles not above 10 Inches square, per 100	0	0	0	11	0	0	0	0	0
above 10 Inches square, per 100	0	1	10	0	0	0	0	0	0
For all other Tiles not here enumerated, per 1000	0	1	10	0	0	0	0	0	0

N. B. Galley Tiles are excepted.

Tobacco, any Sort allowed to be warehoused under Bond, and the Duties not payable till delivered for Exportation or Home Consumption.

By 33 Geo. III. each Hogsheaf, Cask, Chest, or Case, of unmanufactured Tobacco, to pay 1½d. per Week Warehouse Rents, and the Time for Payment of the Duties, when not delivered for Exportation or Home Consumption, extended to three Years, from the Date of the Entry inwards; also when the Tobacco is brought to the Scale to be delivered, the damaged may be separated from the found without paying any Duty, but what is separated is given up to the Revenue of Customs. See 1st Vol. Pages 199 to 201.

By 39 and 40 Geo. III. Vessels unladen are to be removed from the appointed Moorings as soon as convenient; neglecting, omitting, or refusing, Penalty of 20l. by the Master.

TABLE A.

## INWARDS.

Waste Paper, unfit for any other Purpose than to be re-manufactured, allowed to be imported free of any Duty except the Convoy Duty of 38 Geo. III. 39 & 40 Geo. III.

Wine, additional Duty, 36 Geo. III. on all Wines except French, the Tun containing 252 Gallons - - - - -  
Additional Duty on French Wines, the Tun containing 252 Gallons - - - - -

For the Old Duties and Drawbacks see 1st Vol. Page 204 to 213, and 259, and the Tables for the new Duties and Drawbacks at the End of this Vol.

Wine, of the Produce of the British Settlement of the Cape of Good Hope, or the Territories or Dependencies thereof, to pay the same Duties, and be entitled to the like Drawbacks, subject to the same Regulations as Portugal Wine imported, 39 & 40 Geo. III. when intended for the Use of Naval Officers, the Drawback allowed as upon other Wine under the Provisions, &c. of 33 Geo. III. and 35 Geo. III.

Any French Wines in Bottles or Flasks may be imported for Sale or private Use, from Guernsey, Jersey, or Alderney, in

Duty  
£. s. d.

Drawback.  
£. s. d.

20 0 0  
20 0 0  
30 0 0  
30 0 0

( 30 )

British Ships or Vessels, subject to the Duties and former Regulations, 39 & 40 Geo III.

Wire, Virginal Wire of Copper, by 33 Geo. III. the Hundred Weight Wood, additional Duties, if imported from any Part of Europe, 35 Geo. III.

Balks, 5 Inches square and under 8 Inches square, if 24 Feet long, the 120

under 5 Inches square, and not 24 Feet long, the 120  
Battens, 8 Feet long, and not above 20 Feet long, not more than 7 Inches wide, and not above  $2\frac{1}{2}$  Inches thick, the 120

above 20 Feet long, not above 7 Inches wide, or if above  $2\frac{1}{2}$  Inches thick, the 120

Batten Ends, under 8 Feet long, not above 7 Inches wide, and not above  $2\frac{1}{4}$  Inches thick, the 120  
under 8 Feet long, not above 7 Inches wide, and above  $2\frac{1}{4}$  Inches thick, the 120

Beech Quarters, 5 Inches square, and under 8 Inches square, or if 24 Feet long or upwards, the 120  
under 5 Inches square, and not 24 Feet long, the 120

Paste Boards, or Mill Boards, and Scale Boards. See the present Duty, 5th Class, under Title, Paper.

6 12 11

7 6 11

1 6 6  
0 10 8

1 6 6  
0 10 8

0 13 3

0 13 3

1 6 6

1 6 6

0 4 5

0 4 5

0 8 10

0 8 10

1 6 6

1 6 6

0 10 8

0 10 8

TABLE A.

Wood, viz.

INWARDS.

Deals, above 7 Inches Wide, above 20 Feet long, and not above 4 Inches thick, the 120  
above 7 Inches wide, above 20 Feet long, and above 4 Inches thick, the 120  
above 7 Inches wide, 8 Feet long, and not above 20 Feet long, and above 3½ Inches thick, the 120  
Excepted from the additional Duty.

Deals not above 10 Feet long, and not above 1½ Inch thick above 7 Inches wide, 8 Feet long, and not above 20 Feet long, and above 3½ Inches thick, the 120  
Deal Ends, above 7 Inches wide, under 8 Feet long, and not above 3½ Inches thick, the 120  
above 7 Inches, under 8 Feet long, and above 3½ Inches thick, the 120

N. B. By 39 Geo. III. Deal Boards may be imported from Hamburg, Bremen, Altona, and Gluckstadt, in British built Ships, without any Restriction of Time, or of the Growth

Fir Quarters, 5 Inches square, and under 8 Inches square, or

Duty. £. s. d.	Drawback. £. s. d.
2 19 6	2 19 6
5 19 0	5 19 0
1 6 6	1 6 6
2 13 0	2 13 0
0 8 10	0 8 10
0 17 8	0 17 8

1	6	6	1	6	6
0	10	8	0	10	8
0	3	4	0	3	4
1	10	0	1	10	0
3	0	0	3	0	0

if 24 Feet long and upwards, the 120  
under 5 Inches square, and under 24 Feet long,  
the 120  
Fir Timber, 8 Inches square, or upwards, the Load of 50  
Cubic Feet  
excepted from this additional Duty.

Norway Fir Timber not above 10 Inches square  
imported directly from thence.

N. B. By 39 Geo. III. Fir, and Timber may be imported  
from Hamburg, Bremen, Altona, and Gluckstadt,  
in British-built Ships, without any Restriction of  
Time, or of the Growth.

Mahogany, the former Duties repealed by 36 Geo. III. and in  
Lieu thereof, of the Growth of any of the Bahama  
Islands, or of the British Limits within the Pro-  
vince of Yucatan, in the Bay of Honduras, im-  
ported directly from any of those Places, the Ton,  
containing 20 Hundred Weight  
of any other Country or Place, or the before re-  
cited, not imported directly from thence, the  
Ton, containing 20 Hundred Weight

Mass, the former Duties repealed by 35 Geo. III. and in Lieu  
thereof, 12 Inches in Diameter or upwards, imported

TABLE A.

Wood, viz.

INWARDS.

in a British built Ship, from any Country, the Load, containing 50 Cubic Feet  
imported in a foreign Ship, the Load containing 50 Cubic Feet

N. B. See the Old Duty on other Masts, 1st Vol. Page 226, Timber, of all Sorts, imported from any Part of Europe (except Norway, as before mentioned, Oak Timber, and Timber of Ireland) additional Duty, the Load containing 50 Cubic Feet

Ufers, imported from any Part of Europe, under 5 Inches square, and under 24 Feet long, the 120  
5 Inches square, and under 8 Inches square, or if 24 Feet long or upwards, the 120

The Exemptions of Wood, &c. from Duty, by 8 Geo. I. and 26 Geo. III. continued by 36 Geo. III. to September 29, 1802.

N. B. For the Old Duties on the several Sorts of Wood, and the Notes following, see the 1st Vol. Pages 214 to 234.

Duty £. s. d.	Drawback. £. s. d.
0 10 0	0 9 8
0 10 6	0 9 8
0 3 4	0 3 4
0 10 8	0 10 8
1 6 6	1 6 6

Yarn, viz. Raw Linen Yarn, the Convoy Duty of the 38 Geo. III. repealed, and in Lieu thereof by 39 Geo. III. three per Cent. on the Value, if the Produce of the Prussian Territories imported directly from thence, and the Exemption from Duty continued by 39 Geo. III. to the 24th of June, 1800.

See the 1st Volume, Page 235.

TABLE A. (See 1st Vol. Page 237 to 243.)

OUTWARDS.

By 37 Geo. III. two Fives, that is 10 per Cent. on any Goods, Wares, or Merchandise, exported from Great Britain, upon the Amount of Customs then payable, viz. from the 18th of July, 1797, except those Goods thereby specifically charged with Duty.

Cambricks, Foreign, and French Lawns, can only be exported from London, and in Ships or Vessels of 100 Tons Burthen or upwards.

Cinnamon and Cloves, exported from the Warehouses of the East India Company, to be paid by the Exporter on the gross Price at the Company's Sales, per Cent.

By 38 Geo. III. until two Months after the next Session of Parliament after the End of the present War.

Coals, exported to any Place (except to Ireland, the Isle of Man, any British Colony or Plantation in America, or to the United States of America) the Chalders, Newcastle Measure, additional Duty by 35 Geo. III.

The Ton, containing 20 Hundred Weight, for such usually sold by Weight N.B. The Several Quantities of Coals allowed to be exported annually from the Ports of Newcastle and Swansea respectively, free of the Duty charged by 35 Geo. III. to the Islands of Jersey, Guernsey, and Alderney, by the 6 Geo. III. are not to be charged with this Duty.

Duty.  
£. s. d.

2 10 0

0 4 7  
0 1 10

Mace and Nutmegs, exported from the Warehouses of the East India Company, to be paid by the Exporter, on the gross Price at the Company's Sales, per Cent. - - - - - 2 10 0

By 38 Geo. III. until two Months after the next Session of Parliament after the End of the present War. - - - - - 0 0 1

Salt, British Rock Salt, by 35 Geo. III. the Bushel containing 65 Pounds. - - - - - 0 0 1

But by 38 Geo. III. this Duty is now payable to the Excise, and to be free of any other Duty must be exported as therein directed. - - - - - 0 6 6

Sugar, by 39 Geo. III. a duty was imposed upon Sugar to be delivered for Exportation, which had been imported and sold by the East India Company after June 20, 1799, per 112lbs. - - - - - 0 6 6

N.B. By 40 Geo. III. this Duty is repealed until May 10, 1801.

By 39 Geo. III. the Proprietor of any Goods bought at the Sales of the East India Company, may export the same from the Company's Warehouses, under Bond, with the Master and one sufficient Security, not to reland them in Great Britain, or to land them in Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, Sark, Man, or the Islands of Faro or Ferro, without Payment of any further Duty than the Convoy Duty during the War, except Cinamon, Cloves, Mace, and Nutmegs, as here charged. To any Part of Europe these Goods must be exported in Vessels of 100 Tons Burthen or upwards.

T A B L E A.

Duty.  
£. s. d.

COASTWISE.

By 37 Geo. III. Two Fives, that is 10 per Cent. upon any Goods, Wares, or Merchandise, brought or carried Coastwise, from Port to Port in Great Britain, upon the Amount of Customs then payable.

N. B. Coals are exempt from the first 5 per Cent. but not from the second. Coals, by 35 Geo. III. a Drawback of the Duties on Coals used in carrying on the Pennygored Works is allowed, not exceeding £. 1000 in any one Year.

By 33 Geo. III. the Drawback on Coals used in the Copper Works of Anglesey, as by the 1st Vol. Page 247, extended to £. 2500 in any one Year.

Slate and Stone, by 34 Geo. III. on all Slate and Stone of the Production of Great Britain, brought Coastwise by Sea from Port to Port in Great Britain; and also upon all Slate and Stone imported from Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, Sark, or Man, (the former Duties being repealed) for every £. 100 of the true and real Value on board the Vessel -

20 0 0

And additional two 5 per Cents. on the Amount of the Duties:

Slate and Stone, the Production of Great Britain, brought into any British Port, to be from thence exported to Parts beyond the Seas, not liable to this Duty, under the Regulations of the Act.

Also are exempt from this Duty

Marble, Lime-stone, or Iron-stone, whatever, or any Stone cut or manufactured into Mill-stones, Grind-stones, or Whetstones, or Stone manufactured or converted into Posts and Caps for Corn-stacks or Mowsteads, Troughs, Gate-posts, or other Articles used for the Purposes of Husbandry, or any Grown-stone, or Stone commonly called or known by the Name of China-stone, or any other Stone to be used in the Manufacture of Porcelain, or of Pottery.

Slate, not exceeding the Value of 20s. per Ton, on board at the Place or Port intended to be landed, and Stone, not exceeding the Value of 6s. per Ton as aforesaid, if accompanied with the usual Coast Dispatches for Goods free of Duty, and regularly entered and landed.

N. B. Lime, Lime-stones, Chalk, Sand, Marble, or Dung, may be carried Coastwise without Sufferance, &c. or any Document, and without paying any Fee whatever, either on shipping or landing, 36 Geo. III. By 39 & 40 Geo. III. Stones cut or manufactured into Burr-stones, and all Stones for the Purposes of paving, making, or mending Roads, exempt from this Duty, upon Oath that they are of such Denomination or Description.

TABLE B. (See Page 252, in first Volume.)

Duty.  
£. s. d.

Drawback:  
£. s. d.

By 37 Geo. III. The Directors of the East India Company may permit Persons to trade to the British Territories in the East Indies, in Neutral Ships, there to import into, and export from, such Goods, Wares, and Merchandise, as shall be by them allowed, who are to frame Regulations for this Trade, consistent with His Majesty's Foreign Treaties, and the Acts for the Regulation of the Trade to the said Territories, which Regulations, so framed by the Directors are to be subject to the Superintendence and Direction of the Board of Control, and are not to be dependent on any Order of a General Court of Proprietors.

New and additional Duties on East India Goods, (the old Duties being repealed, 39 Geo. III.) from and after the 31st of August, 1799, except on Bullion, Diamonds, and other precious Stones, Tea, and Cotton Wool; also Cinnamon, Cloves, Mace, and Nutmegs, these Spices being particularly rated by 38 Geo. III. for the Time therein limited, which see under their respective Titles. Also liable to the Convoys Duty during the War, except the Articles specially charged and so exempted.

Arangoes, for every 100l. of the true and real Value, according to the gross Price at which such Goods shall have been sold at the public Sales of the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies -	2	0	0
If to be taken out of the Warehouses for Home Consump- tion, the Purchasers or Proprietors to pay for every 100l. of the Value aforesaid -	53	9	1
China Ware, for every 100l. of the Value aforesaid -	2	0	0
If to be taken out of the Warehouses for Home Con- sumption, the Purchasers or Proprietors to pay for every 100l. of the Value aforesaid -	109	8	6
Cotton Manufactures, not otherwise particularly enumerated or de- scribed, as in Table A and B, for every 100l. of the Value aforesaid -	2	0	0
If to be taken out of the Warehouses for Home Consumption, the Purchasers or Proprietors to pay for every 100l. of the Value aforesaid -	122	4	5
Cowries, for every 100l. of the Value aforesaid -	2	0	0
If to be taken out of the Warehouses for Home Consump- tion, the Purchasers or Proprietors to pay for every 100l. of the Value aforesaid -	53	9	1
Drugs, manufactured, not otherwise particularly enumerated or de- scribed, for every 100l. of the Value aforesaid -	2	0	0

TABLE B.

	Duty, £. s. d.	Drawback, £. s. d.
Drugs, viz.		
Before taken out of the Warehouses for Home Consumption, the Purchasers or Proprietors to pay for every 100l. of the Value aforesaid	78 11 5	
Unmanufactured, not otherwise particularly enumerated or described, for every 100l. of the Value aforesaid	2 0 0	
Before taken out of the Warehouses for Home Consumption, the Purchasers or Proprietors to pay for every 100l. of the Value aforesaid	51 14 10	
See the Drugs especially rated in Table A, 1st Volume, not altered by this Act.		
Hemp, undressed, or applicable to the same Purposes as undressed Hemp, the Growth of the East India Company's Territories, by 41 Geo. III. free		
Japanned or lacquered Wares, for every 100l. of the Value aforesaid	2 0 0	
Before taken out of the Warehouses for Home Consumption, the Purchasers or Proprietors to pay for every 100l. of the Value aforesaid	119 10 9	

12 9 4

Muslins, plain, Nanquin Cloth, Muslins, or white Calicoes, flowered or stitched, for every 100l. of the Value aforefaid -

7 10 0

Before taken out of the Warehouses for Home Consumption, the Purchasers or Proprietors to pay for every 100l. of the Value aforefaid -

19 13 9

N. B. Muslins plain, Nanquin Cloth, Muslins or white Calicoes, flowered or stitched, so imported, upon which the full Duties have been paid, and which have been printed, stained, painted, or dyed in Great Britain, and afterwards exported, for every 100l. of the Value aforefaid -

Tea, remains as rated in Page 255, 1st Volume.

By 32 Geo. III. the Certificate required to be produced to the Warehouse-keeper by 25 Geo. III. is no longer necessary.

Goods, Wares, and Merchandise, prohibited to be worn or used in Great Britain, imported for Exportation only, for every 100l. of the Value aforefaid -

2 10 0

The old Drawback on the specified Articles in Vol. I. Page 256, repealed by 39 Geo. III.

Sugar, for every 100l. of the Value aforefaid -

2 0 0

Additional Duty, by 39 Geo. III. on Brown and Muscovado, sold at public Sales by the East India Company, for every Hundred Weight -

0 0 8

For every Hundred Weight of Sugar so imported and sold, after

TABLE B.

	Duty. £ s. d.	Drawback. £ s. d.
the 20th of June, 1799, for Delivery thereof for Exportation N. B. Repealed until the 10th of May, 1801.	0 6 6	
Before taken out of the Warehouse for Home Consumption, the Purchasers or Proprietors to pay for every 100l. of the Value aforesaid	37 16 3	
And besides, for every Hundred Weight, containing 112lbs. Manufactured Goods, Wares, and Merchandise, not otherwise par- ticularly enumerated or described, for every 100l. of the Value aforesaid	0 2 6	
Before taken out of the Warehouses for Home Consumption, the Purchasers or Proprietors to pay for every 100l. of the Value aforesaid	2 0 0	
Unmanufactured Goods, Wares, and Merchandise, not otherwise par- ticularly enumerated or described, for every 100l. of the Value aforesaid	7 1 4 4	
Before taken out of the Warehouses for Home Consumption, the Purchasers or Proprie- tors to pay for every 100l. of the Value aforesaid (Tea excepted)	2 0 0	
	45 1 8	

N. B. The old Duties on non-enumerated Drugs are repealed, this Act specifically charging them under the Titles of Manufactured and Unmanufactured. All Goods, Wares, or Merchandise, not herein before enumerated, imported by the East India Company, to pay the same Duties of Customs due and payable before the 31st of August, 1799.

No Drawbacks to be allowed on any Goods so imported and sold after the 31st of August, 1799, except, as they then were allowed, upon Tea, Cinnamon, Cloves, Mace, and Nutmegs; and as by this Act allowed, upon Muslins plain, Nanquin Cloth, Muslins or white Calicoes, flowered or stitched, plain white Calicoes and Dimities which shall have been printed, stained, painted, or dyed, in Great Britain, and the Goods so sold after the 31st of August, 1799, upon which the full Duties have been paid, must be exported within one Year after the full Duties have been paid, to entitle them to the Drawbacks allowed; and warehoused Goods may be exported from the Warehouses to any Part of Europe, in Vessels only of 100 Tons and upwards.

# TABLE C. (See 1st Vol. Page 259 to 267.)

Cambricks, by 37 Geo. III. can only be imported into London, to be warehoused for Exportation as heretofore.

# TABLE D. (See 1st Vol. Page 270 to 272.)

Glass, By 38 Geo III. any Plate-glass, Crown-glass, or Sheet-glass, unframed, under 60 Inches long, imported in any Package whatever, not containing five Hundred Weight neat of Glass, forfeited; and also if not marked or stamped GLASS on the Outside of the Package, in Roman Letters, not less than four Inches long.

Paper, viz. Painted Paper, or Paper-hangings for Rooms, the 75 per Cent. Duty continued by 34 Geo. III. and see the additional Duty also in Table A.

Paper not otherwise enumerated, &c. the 55 per Cent. Duty repealed by 34 Geo. III. and see the new Duty in Table A.

Ships, viz. Ships of War, or private Ships or Vessels of War taken from the Enemy, with their Tackle, Apparel, and Furniture, or Sails, by 34 Geo. III. are not to be subject to Duty.

First Volume, Page 297, Allowance for Draught.

By 35 Geo. III. Coffee and Cocoa Nuts weighed in the Warehouses, provided under the Directions of this Act, the Officers of the Customs and Excise to give the Turn of the Scale in Favour of the Crown, and in Lieu thereof to allow one Pound on every 100 Pounds of Coffee, and two Pounds on every 100 Pounds of Cocoa Nuts.

## TABLE F.

(First Volume, Page 300.)

Auction Duty; further Exemptions by 32 Geo. III. Whale-oil, Whale-bone, Ambergris, Head-matter, and all Skins of Seals and other Animals living in the Seas; also Elephants-teeth, Palm-oil, Dying-woods, Drugs, and other Articles for Dyers Use, all Mahogany, and other unmanufactured Wood for the Use of Cabinet-makers and other Manufacturers, imported in British Ships from Africa, or from any British Settlement abroad, for the Account of, and entered by the original Importer at the Custom-house, upon the first Sales, if sold within Twelve Months after imported.

TABLE F. (See 1st Vol. Page 299 to 364.)

	INWARDS.		Duty.	Drawback.
	£.	s. d.	£.	s. d.
Auction, By 37 Geo. III. additional Duty on the Sale of Interest in Lands, &c. for every 20s. of the Purchase-money	-	0 0 2½		
By ditto, ditto, on the Sale of Furniture, &c. for every 20s. as before	-	0 0 3		
Beer, By 32 Geo. III. no Common Brewer to sell Beer, Ale, or Worts, in less Quantity than a whole Cask, containing four Gallons and a Half.	-			
Bricks and Tiles, By 34 & 37 Geo. III. additional Duties.				
For every 1000 Bricks made in Great Britain	-	0 2 6		
For every 1000 plain Tiles, ditto	-	0 1 10		
For every 1000 Pan-tiles or Ridge-tiles, ditto	-	0 4 10		
For every 100 Paving-tiles, not above 10 Inches square, ditto	-	0 0 11		
For every 100 ditto, above 10 Inches square, ditto	-	0 1 10		
For every 1000 Tiles not before enumerated, ditto	-	0 1 10		
N. B. By 34 Geo. III. Tiles made for draining Lands, free from any Duty of Excise.				
Candles, of Tallow and other Sorts, except Wax and Spermaceti, ½d. per Pound of the Duty is taken off by 32 Geo. III.				

Cocoa Nuts, For every Pound Weight, Avoirdupois, of the British Colony or Plantations in America, imported, and delivered out of the Warehouse for Home Consumption, additional Duties by 35 and 37 Geo. III.

For ditto of any other Place as aforefaid

Coffee, For every Pound Weight, Avoirdupois, of all Sorts, imported and delivered as aforefaid, additional Duty by 35 Geo. III.

Glaſs, 1ſt. Claſs, For every Hundred Weight of Materials or Metals, &c. uſed in making Plate or Flint-glaſs, &c. as deſcribed in 1ſt Vol. Page 308, additional Duty by 34 Geo. III.

The Duty firſt impoſed by 27 Geo. III. revived, and the Duty of the 27 Geo. III repealed by 34 Geo. III. ſee 1ſt Vol. Page 309, and Caſt Plate-glaſs leſs than one Quarter of an Inch thick, the Medium Thickneſs after the rough and irregular Edges are cut off, at the Requeſt and in the Prefence of the Officers of Excife to be broke into ſmall Pieces.

2d Claſs, in Vol. I, Page 310, not ſubjected to this additional Duty.

3d Claſs, For every Hundred Weight of Materials or Metal, &c. uſed in making Window-glaſs, &c. as deſcribed in 1ſt Vol. Page 310, additional Duty by 34 Geo. III.

0	1	3½
0	4	2
0	0	6½
0	10	8½
0	8	0½

# TABLE F.

## INWARDS.

Glas, viz.

4th Clafs, in Vol. 1, Page 310, not subjected to this additional Duty.

1st Clafs, For every square Foot superficial of French Plate-glas, additional by 34 Geo. III.

For every Hundred Weight of French Flint-glas, or French-Enamel,

2d Clafs, Stained, or Paste-glas, or French Phial-glas, additional by 34 Geo. III.

3d Clafs of Duties on French Glas imported not charged with this additional Duty.

4th Clafs, As described in Vol. 1. Page 311, the Hundred Weight, additional Duty by 34 Geo. III.

5th Clafs of ditto not charged with this additional Duty.

6th Clafs, For every Hundred Weight of Plate-glas, and other Glas Manufactures not before in this Act particularly enumerated (and not being spread Window-glas, commonly called Broad-glas, nor Bot-

Duty. £. s. d.	Drawback. £. s. d.
0 0 8½	0 0 8½
0 14 6	0 14 6
0 14 6	0 14 6
0 9 11	0 9 11

( 5 )

<p>             tles other than Phials) additional Duty by 34              Geo. III.              Paper, The old Excise Duty on that made in Great Britain repealed,              and in lieu thereof the following Excise Duties imposed by              34 Geo. III.              1st Clafs, Paper, fit or proper, or that may be used for or ap-              plied to the Uses or Purposes of writing, drawing, or print-              ing, all Elephant Paper, and all Cartridge Papers, the              Pound Weight              2d Clafs, coloured Papers and Whited-brown Papers (other              than and except Elephant and Cartridge Papers) fit and pro-              per for the Use or Purpose of wrapping up Goods, and not              fit or proper, or capable of being used for or applied to the              Uses or Purposes of writing, drawing, or printing, the Pound              Weight              3d Clafs, Brown, fit and proper for the Use or Purpose of              wrapping up Goods, and not fit or proper, or capable of              being used for or applied to the Uses or Purposes of writing,              drawing, or printing, the Pound Weight              4th Clafs, Paper of every Sort or Kind, not herein before enu-              merated or described (other than and except Papers com-              monly called and known by the Names of Sheating, and              Button Paper, or Button Board) the Pound Weight           </p>	<p>             0 14 0              0 0 2½              0 0 1              0 0 0½              0 0 2½           </p>
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## T A B L E F.

## INWARDS.

	Duty. £. s. d.	Drawback. £. s. d.
Paper, viz.		
5th Class, Paste-board, Mill-board, and Scale-board, the Hundred Weight	0 10 6	
Paste-board made in Great Britain wholly of Paper, which has paid the Duties, the Sheets of which are pasted or annexed together, not to be chargeable with any further Duties.		
6th Class, Glazed Paper for Clothiers and Hot-pressers the Hundred Weight	0 6 0	
N. B. The Whole of these Excise Duties drawn back upon Exportation to any Foreign Parts beyond the Seas, by Way of Merchandise, under the Regulations of this Act; and also upon what is used in Printed Books, bound or unbound, exported by a Printer or Bookseller, upon what is used in printing Books in the Latin, Greek, Oriental, or Northern Languages, within the Universities of Oxford and Cambridge, or any of the Universities of Scotland. The Lords of the Treasury may also direct the Duty to be drawn back on Paper of the 1st Class used in printing Bibles, Testaments, Psalm-books, Books of		

Common Prayer of the Church of England, the Book commonly called or known in Scotland by the Name of the Confession of the Faith, or the Larger or Shorter Catechism of the Church of Scotland, in the Universities of Oxford and Cambridge, by Permission of the Vice-chancellors, or printed by the King's Printers in England and Scotland respectively.

Salt,

The old Duties repealed, and in lieu thereof the following Excise Duties payable by the 38 Geo. III. and 39 Geo. III.

Foreign Salt imported, may, under Bond to pay this Duty when sold, or within twelve Months, be landed and warehoused under the joint Locks, without Payment of this Duty; also the like in Poole, Dartmouth, Falmouth, or Glasgow, for Exportation to Newfoundland for the British Fishery, in Vessels of 40 Tons and upwards.

For every Bushel of Salt, not being the Product or Manufacture of Great Britain, imported into Great Britain

For every Bushel of Salt or Rock Salt made at any Salt-work, or raised out of any Salt-mine or Salt-pit in England or Wales

in Scotland

For every Bushel of all Sorts known or called by the Name of

0	13	4
0	10	0
0	4	0

TABLE F.

## INWARDS.

Glauber or Epfom-falts, made or produced at any Salt-work in Great Britain

For every Ton of Mineral Alkali or Flux for Glas, made of any Rock-falt, or from any Brine or Sea-water

For every Bushel of Salt or Rock-falt imported from Scotland into England or Wales, accompanied with a Certificate of the

Payment of the Duty of 4s. in Scotland

For every Bushel of British Rock-falt exported

Fish, Herrings, caught upon the Coasts of the Isle of Man, and cured there

White, for every Barrel containing 32 Gallons

Red, for every thousand

N. B. The Drawback allowed by 20 Geo. III.

Swedish, any Sorts may be imported from thence in

British or Neutral Vessels until the 1st October,

1801, free of any Duty; and the free Importation

of Herrings and other Fish from the British Fisheries

in North America, allowed till the 1st October, 1801.

Fish-curers may import and lodge, in entered Warehouses, not

Duty.  
£. s. d.

Drawback.  
£. s. d.

0 10 0

1 0 0

0 6 0

0 0 1

0 3 4

0 1 8

0 3 4

0 1 8

less than 50 Bushels of foreign Salt, Duty free, for curing Fish, under the same Regulations as British Salt so allowed to be delivered free of Duty.

Foreign Salt imported, if the Duty is not paid within 20 Days after the Report of the Master of the Ship, is forfeited.

Commissioners of Excise authorized to compound for the Duty on Salt with the Refiners of Rock-salt, and also for that on Mineral Alkali or Flux for Glais.

Salt or Rock-salt going Coastwise, which has paid Duty, or is secured to be paid, lost by Capture of Enemies, the Duty to be returned, or the Security cancelled, in like Manner as when lost through Strefs of Weather, Storms at Sea, or by the unavoidable Sinking of the Boat, &c. removing the same from one Place to another.

The former Allowance for Waste on White-salt and Rock-salt carried Coastwise, to cease from the 5th of January, 1796.

The Officers of Excise, in weighing Salt or Rock-salt, to give the Turn of the Scale in Favour of the Crown, and in lieu thereof to allow  $\frac{1}{2}$ d. per Pound for every two Bushels.

Rock-salt, for refining, delivered Duty free under the Regulations of 38 Geo. III.

No Salt or Rock-salt to be removed from Scotland into England by Land.

## T A B L E F.

## INWARDS.

Fish, viz.

Fishery-salt become foul and impure, the Fish-curers may sell for the sole Purpose of manuring Lands, with the Permission of the Commissioners of Excise.

Glass-makers may take Rock-salt from any Warehouse belonging and adjoining to the Salt-mine or Pit, or any Brine or Sea-water for the Purpose of making Mineral Alkali, or Flux for Glass, under the Regulations of 38 Geo. III.

Glauber-salts, made or produced in these Processes, expended and consumed in making Mineral Alkali, or Flux for Glass, not chargeable with any Duty by this Act imposed.

By 41 Geo. III. Salt may be taken on board, Duty free, for the Purpose of preserving or curing Herrings, Pilchards, Mackarel, or any other Kinds of wholesome Fish, but no Bounty to be paid on Fish cured under this Act, except Herrings, legally packed as Red Herrings.

Kelp, Barilla, or Flux, for Glass, made in Great Britain, by the Incineration of Marine, or any other Plants, not chargeable with any Duty by this Act imposed.

Duty.  
£. s. d.

Drawback.  
£. s. d.

The Lord Mayor and Court of Aldermen in London may, as often as they shall think necessary, publish reasonable Prices, at which Salt shall be there sold, and in the Precincts thereof, and the Bills of Mortality; and Justices of the Peace in other Cities, Places, and Counties, may also ascertain the Prices in like Manner.

### Snuff, additional Duties of Excise, by 36 Geo. III.

For every Pound Weight imported by the East India Company  
For every Pound Weight imported from any British Plantation  
in America, or from the Spanish West Indies

For every Pound Weight imported from any other Place  
Spirits, the following additional Duties on those made in Great Britain, by 34, 35, 37, 39, & 40 Geo. III.

1st Clafs,	Vol. 1, Page 336, For every Gallon	-	-	0	0	1	0
2d Clafs,	- - - 337, For ditto	-	-	0	0	0	7
3d Clafs,	- - - For ditto	-	-	0	0	0	4
4th Clafs,	- - - For ditto	-	-	0	0	0	4
5th Clafs,	{ and additional For every 96 Gallons	-	-	0	0	5	$\frac{1}{2}$
7th Clafs,	- Page 338, For every Gallon	-	-	0	0	6	0
8th Clafs,	the additional Duties to be paid in Proportion to the Surplus Strength.	-	-	0	0	8	0
				0	0	2	8
				0	0	1	4
				0	0	1	4

# TABLE F.

## INWARDS.

N. B. The Duties on the 3d Class reduced by 39 & 40 Geo. III. Chap. 8. to 10d. per Gallon, and continued by Chap. 61, until and upon July 1, 1801, and by 41 Geo. III. Chap. 5. until 40 Days after the Commencement of the 1st Session of Parliament after September 1, 1801.

	Duty. £. s. d.	Drawback, £. s. d.
Spirits, For every Gallons of single Brandy, imported 24, 35, 37, & 40 Geo. III. above Proof ditto	0 3 4 0 6 8	0 0 0 0 0 0
For every Gallon of Rum, Spirits, or Aqua Vitæ, of the Pro- duce of the British Colonies or Plantations	0 2 8 0 5 4	0 0 0 0 0 0
above Proof ditto		
For every Gallon of single Spirits, or Aqua Vitæ (other than such Rum, Brandy, Spirits, or Aqua Vitæ, as aforesaid)	0 3 4 0 6 8	0 0 0 0 0 0
above Proof ditto		
Skins, Kid, imported, afterwards tawed in Great Britain, subject to the same Duties as other Kid-skins tawed, not before exempt from Duty.		
Sweets, For every Barrel of Liquor made in Great Britain for Sale, as described in 1st Vol. Page 341, additional by 35 & 36 Geo. III.	1 3 7½	

Tea, By 35 Geo. III. additional, per Cent.

And by 37 & 38 Geo. III. additional, upon all sold by the East India Company for 2s. 6d. per Pound and upwards, per Cent.

By 39 & 40 Geo. III. additional

\*Tobacco, By 36 Geo. III. additional Duty on Spanish and Portugal, for every Pound Weight

When to be delivered out of the Warehouse for Exportation, the Pound Weight

Upon that imported from, and the Growth of, Ireland, the British Settlements in America, and the United States, for every Pound Weight

Wine, By 35 Geo. III. additional for every Tun of French Wine of all other foreign Wines

By this Act Wines taken to the Excise-warehouse for Non-payment of Duties, within 20 Days after imported, to pay Sixpence per Package Warehouse-rent, and if the Duties are not paid within three Months after taken to the Warehouse, the Commissioners may sell the Wines for the Duties and Charges.

7	10	0	7	10	0	to Ireland, or Brit. Plant. in America.
15	0	0	15	0	0	
5	0	0	5	0	0	as the old Duties were.
0	1	0				
0	0	1				
0	0	4				
30	0	0	30	0	0	
20	0	0	20	0	0	extended to China.

## DRAWBACKS F.

Bricks and Tiles, For all made in Great Britain, the additional Duties by 34 & 37 Geo. III.

Candles, For every Pound Weight of Tallow and other Candles made in Great Britain, except Wax and Spermaceti Candles, by 32 Geo. III. lowered  
Chocolate, For every Pound Weight made in Great Britain of Cocoa Nuts, the Growth of any British Colony or Plantation in America, having paid the additional Duty by 35 Geo. III.

For every Pound Weight as aforesaid, from Cocoa-nuts, the Growth of any other Place, having paid the additional Duty by 35 Geo. III.  
Glas, The several Duties of Excise imposed by 34 Geo. III. on French Glas, viz. on the 1st, 2d, and 4th Clases, drawn back upon Exportation.  
Paper, made in Great Britain, all the new Duties by 34 Geo. III. in lieu of the old Duties.

Salt, For every Bushel made in England or Wales, Rock-salt excepted, for which the Duties have been paid, duly exported to Parts beyond the Seas -  
in Scotland, as aforesaid -

For every Bushel of Salts, known or called by the Name of Glauber or Epson-salts, made in Great Britain, for which the Duties have been paid, duly exported to Parts beyond the Seas -

Drawback:  
£. s. d.

0 0 0½

( 60 )

0 0 5

0 1 4

0 10 0

0 4 0

0 5 0

The several Bounties, enumerated in the 1st Volume, Pages 370 and 371, continued by 38 Geo. III. but the Barrel is to be gauged, measured, or ascertained, according to the Gallon, English Wine-measure.

Tea, the several Duties of Excise imposed by the 35, 37, 38, 39, & 40 Geo. III. being  $27\frac{1}{2}$  per Cent. on the Value at the East India Company's Sales, all drawn back upon Exportation to Ireland, or the British Plantations in America.

Tobacco, upon the several Sorts manufactured, as enumerated in 1st Volume, Page 360.

For every Pound of Short-cut so exported, additional, by 36 Geo. III.

Shag,

Roll,

Carrot,

Wine, The additional Duties of Excise on French and other Wines imported, all drawn back upon Exportation, and by the 35 Geo. III. the Drawback of the former Excise Duties upon Wines exported to China is allowed, as for Wines exported to the British Settlements in East India.

( 61 )

0 0 4  
0 0 3½  
0 0 4  
0 0 3½

T A B L E F<sup>th</sup>.

## INWARDS.

Duties upon Goods imported into the Isle of Man, or Exemption therefrom, by 7 Geo. III. and now payable.

Coals, from Great Britain or Ireland, the Chalder, Winchester Measure - - - - -

Coffee, from England, the Pound Weight - - - - -

Corn and Grain, from England, for which Bounty has been allowed and paid upon Exportation, upon the Value, per Centum - - - - -

Hemp, Iron, Deal Boards, and Timber, imported from foreign Parts, per Centum, ad Valorem - - - - -

Rum, the Produce of the British Plantations, from England, the Gallon - - - - -

Tea, Bohea, imported from England, the Pound Weight - - - - -

Green, imported from England, the Pound Weight - - - - -

See the Duties on Coffee and Tea reduced by 20 Geo. III. forwards.

Duty, £. s. d.	Drawback, £. s. d.
0 0 3	
0 0 9	
10 0 0	
5 0 0	
0 1 6	
0 1 0	
0 1 6	

Wine, French, the Tun	-	-	-	-	4	0	0
all other Sorts, the Tun	-	-	-	-	2	0	0
All other Goods, Wares, and Merchandises whatsoever, which are, or may be, entitled to any Bounty, or to any Drawback of the Duties of Excise on Exportation from Great Britain, and imported from thence per Centum, ad Valorem	-	-	-	-	5	0	0
All Goods, Wares, and Merchandises whatsoever, not herein before particularly charged (except such Goods as are exempt from Duty by this Act) imported from Great Britain or Ireland, per Centum, ad Valorem	-	-	-	-	2	10	0
All Goods, Wares, and Merchandises whatsoever, not herein before particularly charged (except such as are exempt from Duty by this Act), imported from any Port or Place from whence such Goods may be lawfully imported, per Centum, ad Valorem	-	-	-	-	15	0	0

T A B L E F.\*

Duty.  
£. s. d.

INWARDS.

By 15 Cha. II. Corn of the Growth of the Island may be imported into Great Britain; and Cattle of the Breed thereof, not exceeding 600 in any one Year, may be so imported, and landed at Chester, Liverpool or Wire-Water.

For the Corn allowed to be imported from Great Britain, see Table L, 1st Volume.

By 12 Geo. I. no Goods but such as are of the Growth, Product, or Manufacture of the said Isle can be imported from thence into Great Britain.

By 5 Geo. III. no Stores, Goods, or Merchandises whatsoever can, at the Isle of Man, or from any Vessel or boat at Sea, or elsewhere, be brought from thence on Board any Vessel that has sailed from Great Britain or Ireland for any Port of Africa, or any of His Majesty's Dominions.

No foreign Brandy or Spirits to be imported, except from Great Britain directly, and not to be exported or carried Coastwise in Casks of less than 60 Gallons, nor Wine in Casks less than 25 Gallons, or in Ships under 100 Tuns.

No Wrought Silks, Bengals, and Stuffs mixed with Silk or Herba, of the Manufacture of Persia, China, or East India; nor Calicoes painted, dyed,

printed or stained there: nor any Cambrics or French Yarns.

printed, or stained there; nor any Cambrics, or French Lawns, can be exported from Great Britain to this Island.

By 7 Geo. III. the following Goods allowed to be imported without Payment of any Duty whatsoever.

Flax, or Flax-seed, raw or brown Linen-yarn, Wood-ashes and Weed-ashes, Fish and Flesh of all Sorts, and any Sort of Corn or Grain, from any Port or Place whatsoever, except from Great Britain.

Any Sort of white or brown Linen-cloth, Hemp, or Hemp-feed, from any Port or Place in Great Britain or Ireland, being the Produce or Manufacture of the said Countries.

Horses and Black Cattle, all Utensils and Instruments fit and necessary to be employed in Manufactures, Fisheries, or Agriculture; Bricks and Tiles; all Sorts of young Trees, Sea-shells, Lime, Soaper's Waste, Pack-thread, and small Cordage for Nets, from Great Britain or Ireland.

Any Sort of Salt, Boards, Timber, and Hoops, the Produce and Manufacture of Great Britain, from Great Britain, in British Vessels, by any of His Majesty's Subjects.

Iron, in Rods or Bars, Cotton, Indigo, Naval Stores, and any Sort of Wood, called Lumber, as specified in the 8 Geo. I. being the Growth, Production, or Manufacture of any British Colony or Plantation in America; and all other Goods of the Growth, Production, or Manufacture of the British Colonies or Plantations in America for which any Bounty or Premium is allowed on the Importation into Great Britain.

T A B L E F.\*

Duty.  
£. s. d.

INWARDS.

If due Entries are not made of the Goods allowed to be imported free of Duty, and the same landed in the Presence of the proper Officers of the Customs, the said Goods will be liable to the Duty of 15 per Centum, ad Valorem. No Linen-cloth to be imported, except bonâ-fide laden and shipped in Great Britain or Ireland, and directly from thence; no Glafs or Woollen Manufactures to be imported, except bonâ-fide laden or shipped in Great Britain, and directly from thence.

No Teas, Brandy, Strong Waters, or other Spirits whatsoever, Coffee or Tobacco, to be imported, except bonâ-fide regularly laden and shipped at some Port of England, and directly from thence.

All these Restrictions are declared and enacted upon the Forfeiture of all such Goods, Ships, &c. if otherwise imported.

No Tea, Brandy, Strong Waters, or Spirits of any Kind whatsoever; Coffee, Chocolate, Tobacco, Glafs, or Coals; British or other Wrought Silks, or Salt; nor any Wine, shall be exported, or shipped, or laden, on Board any Ship, &c. to be exported to any Place whatsoever, on Forfeiture of all such Goods, or the Value thereof, together with the Ship, &c. with all her Furniture, &c. and all Goods carried Coastwise are subject to the same Regulations as Goods carried Coastwise in Great Britain.

No Wool, Woollen or Ray Yarn, or Line Sheet, &c.

No Wool, Woollen or Bay Yarn, or live Sheep to be exported, or shipped, &c. to be exported, under the like Penalties and Forfeitures as are in Force against exporting such Goods from Great Britain to foreign Parts, except to Great Britain, under Bond for the due landing there.

Drawbacks and Bounties to be allowed on the Exportation of all Goods, Wares, and Merchandises (Malt and Barley excepted) from Great Britain to the Island, as the same are entitled to from Great Britain to Ireland, and under the like Regulations.

Vessels built in the Isle of Man, owned by His Majesty's Subjects in the said Island, to be deemed and pass as Ships of the Built of Great Britain.

Any Sort of Herrings caught upon the Coasts of the Isle of Man, and cured there, may be imported into Great Britain—see the Duties under the Head Fish, in Table A,—or any of His Majesty's Subjects inhabiting and residing in the Isle of Man, may export from thence, and import into any British Colonies or Plantations in America, in British Vessels, according to 12 Charles II. Herrings caught and cured by them, in the same Manner as Victuals of and from Ireland may be imported into the said Colonies or Plantations, by the 12 Geo. III.

HARBOUR DUTIES, BY 11 GEO. III.

Every British Ship arriving in the Island, not laden, per Ton	-	-	0	0	1
laden	-	-	0	0	2
if repaired there, more	-	-	0	0	1
not laden	-	-	0	0	2

Every foreign Ship,

TABLE F\*.

	INWARDS.	laden and not discharged if unladen there, more	Duty. £. s. d.
Every foreign Ship anchoring there	-	-	0 2 6
And over and above the Duties by 7 Geo. III.	-	-	-
Coffee, imported there, per Hundred Weight	-	-	0 1 0
All Spirits, per Tun	-	-	0 2 6
Teas, per Hundred Weight	-	-	0 2 0
Tobacco, per Hogthead	-	-	0 1 6
All Wines, per Tun	-	-	0 2 6
All foreign Goods (except Salt, Spirits and Wine) per Cent. ad Valorem	-	-	0 10 0
All other Goods from Great Britain or Ireland (except the licensed, and Salt for the Fishery) above 5l. Value per Cent. ad Valorem	-	-	0 5 0

The Duties on Coffee and Teas by 7 Geo. III. repealed, and in lieu thereof by 20 Geo. III.

Coffee, from England, per Pound	-	-	0 0 4
Tea, Bohea	-	-	0 0 6
Green	-	-	0 1 0
Additional Duties by 20 Geo. III.	-	-	-

Hemp, Iron, Deal-boards, and Timber, from foreign Parts, per Centum, ad Valorem	-	-	-	5	0	0
Rum, British Plantation, from England or Scotland, per Gallon	-	-	-	0	0	6
Tobacco, per Pound	-	-	-	0	0	1
French Wine, per Tun	-	-	-	4	0	0
Other Wines	-	-	-	2	0	0

The Drawback paid on the Importation of Tea into London to be allowed, when exported to the Isle of Man directly from the Warehouse, under the Regulations of Export to Ireland, which see in Vol. I. Table B, Page 255.

<sup>27</sup> Duties payable upon Goods imported into the Isle of Man, by 38 Geo. III.

Brandy, foreign, } the Gallon	-	-	-	0	3	0
Geneva, foreign, }	-	-	-	0	3	0

10,000 Gallons of each may, after the 5th of July, 1798, be yearly imported, by Licence from the Commissioners of the Customs, from any Place whatever, in British-built Ships of 50 Tons, into the Port of Douglas only, in Casks not less than 100 Gallons each, and in Strength not more than 1 to 9 over Hydrometer-proof.

The Licences in Force three Months. These Spirits must be removed Coastwise in the Isle of Man, in the original Packages imported. No British Spirits to be exported from England to the Isle of Man after the 5th of July, 1798.

TABLE F\*.

## INWARDS.

Hops, in lieu of former Duties, the Pound Weight  
The whole Duty paid in Great Britain is drawn back upon Ex-

portation.

Tobacco, in lieu of former Duties, the Pound Weight  
60,000 Pounds Weight may yearly be exported from any  
Port in Great Britain, in British-built Ships of 50 Tons,  
by Licence from the Commissioners of the Customs, into  
the Port of Douglas only.

Wine, additional Duty, the Tun, of 252 Gallons  
70 Tuns may be imported yearly, into the Port of Douglas,  
from any Place whatever, in British-built Ships above 50  
Tons, by Licence from the Commissioners of the Customs,  
in Casks or Packages not less than a Hoghead, into the Port  
of Douglas only; and must be removed Coastwise in the Isle  
of Man in the original Packages imported, in Vessels of 50  
Tons and upwards. The Licence in Force two Months.

The Masters of Vessels having such Brandy, Geneva, and Wine,  
on board, when within four Leagues of the Coast of Great  
Britain, Ireland, or the Isle of Man, and afterwards so often

Drawback.  
£. s. d.

Duty.  
£. s. d.

0 0 1½

0 0 6

8 0 0

as they are required, until the same be delivered to the Collector of the Customs at Port Douglas, must produce, to Commanders in His Majesty's Service, or to Officers of the Customs and Excise, the Licences granted, indorsed by the British Consul at the Port of Shipping, or if no British Consul there, by two known British Merchants, specifying the Marks, Numbers, Denominations of Packages, the Quantities, and Species.

Live Sheep, one Hundred may be exported yearly from any Port in Great Britain to Port Douglas in the Isle of Man, by Licence from the Commissioners of the Customs. The Licence in Force one Month.

In case of Necessity, the Lords of the Treasury may authorise the Commissioners of the Customs to license such additional Quantities of the before-mentioned Articles as they shall judge fit and reasonable for the Use and Consumption of the Inhabitants of Man.

No Bounty allowed upon any manufactured Silk exported from Great Britain to the Isle of Man.

No Debiture to be made out until a Certificate under the Hands and Seals of the Landing and Examining Officers, as also of the Collector or Comptroller of the Port, of the due Entry and Landing in the Isle of Man is produced.

## TABLE F\*.

## INWARDS.

Cotton Yarn, or Cotton Cloth, manufactured in the Isle of Man, may be imported into Great Britain, free of Duty.

No Cotton Yarn, or Cotton Cloth, to be imported from any other Place than Great Britain.

N. B. This Act of 38 Geo. III. in Force until July 5, 1801, and no longer.

Bounties in Force for the Encouragement of the Fishery—

To the Admiral each Season of the Herring-fishery - - -

To the Vice-admiral - - -

To be paid out of the Duties of 10s. for every Boat employed in the said Fishery, and out of the Money arising from the several Bay-fisheries in the Island.

In case of Failure in the Fishery, the House of Keys of the Island may permit 1000 Barrels of Herrings to be imported in one Year, Duty free, 26 Geo. III.

Drawback.  
£. s. d.

Duty  
£. s. d.

5 0 0  
3 0 0

# TABLE G.

## PREMIUMS AND ALLOWANCES.

Bounty.  
£. s. d.

By 36 Geo. III. the Bounty on Cordage, Vol. 1, Page 365, continued for four Years, from May 18, 1796.

By 39 and 40 Geo. III. Corn, viz. Oats, imported in British or Neutral Ships, however navigated, before October 1, 1801, from Europe, the Mediterranean, Africa, the British Colonies in America, or the United States, weighing 36 Pounds, Avoirdupois, or upwards, each Winchester Bushel, to be entitled to a Bounty equal to the Difference of the Average Price published in the London Gazette, and 40s. per Quarter, whenever the said average Price shall be less than 40s. per Quarter.

Rye, on such as is free from Mixture with any other Corn or Grain, merchantable and fit for making Meal, Average and Rate 65s.

Wheat so imported from any Port of Europe, South of Cape Finisterre, from any Port in the Mediterranean, or in Africa, from any of the British Colonies in America, or the United States, and from the Port of Archangel, to be entitled to a Bounty equal to the Difference of the Average Price of Wheat in all England, published in the London Gazette, and 90s. per Quarter, whenever the Average Price shall be less than 90s. per Quarter; from any of the Ports of the Baltic, of Germany, or North of

## T A B L E G.

Bounty.  
 £. s. d.

the Texel, a Bounty equal to the Difference aforesaid, and 85s. per Quarter, whenever the average Price shall be less than 85s.

Fine Wheaten Flour so imported from any of the British Colonies in America, or from the United States, for every Sack, weighing 280 Pounds, Avordupois, and in proportion, to be entitled to a Bounty equal to the Difference of the average Price of Wheat as aforesaid, and 100s. per Quarter, whenever the average Price shall be less than 100s. per Quarter; from any other Country, the Bounty of four-fifths on the said Quantity, and in Proportion, which would have been payable at the Time of Importation for a Quarter of Wheat so imported.

These Bounties upon the Rye, Wheat, and Flour to be paid according to the London Gazette Average Price of Wheat in England and Wales, and the Places of importing Rye from are not specified.

Ships arriving before October 15, 1801, Proof being made to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners of the Customs, that they actually set sail from the Ports in such Time as, in the ordinary Course of the Voyage, they might have arrived in Great Britain before October 1, 1801, to be deemed in Time.

Gunpowder, repealed, by 31 Geo. III.

Linen, continued by 40 Geo. III to June 24, 1801.

0 1 0  
0 2 8

Sail-cloth, exported to Ireland, discontinued by 38 Geo. III.

Mackarel salted, by 35 Geo. III. for every Barrel,

landed, that has been properly salted and cured

exported for Sale, twice packed, and completely cured, the Barrel

but not allowed when exported to the Mediterranean-seas.

Rice, imported in British or Neutral Vessels, however navigated, before

October 1, 1801, to be entitled to a Bounty equal to the Difference of the

London Gazette Average Price, current in the London Market, and 11.

15s. per Hundred Weight, whenever such current Price shall be less

than 11. 15s. per Hundred Weight. Time of Arrival extended to Octo-

ber 15, 1801, as for Oats, Wheat, and Flour.

Slaves, not continued by 39 Geo. III. which regulates this Trade.

Sugar, the additional Bounties allowed by 37 Geo. III. repealed by 39

Geo. III. and by the 36 Geo. III. the old Bounties in Vol. I, Page 373,

were lowered, upon the Loaves whole, and Lumps duly refined, the

Hundred Weight, 7s.

And upon Bastards, &c. as there enumerated, lowered, the Hundred

Weight, 4s.; also when the Prices of Brown and Muscovado Sugar, ex-

ceed, on the Average, 65s. the Hundred Weight, taken at the Times

fixed, there is generally a Law existing, which then takes off the Bounty

entirely; and also at all Times 1s. per Hundred Weight less Bounty is

allowed when exported in any other than a British Ship.

T A B L E G.

Bounty.  
£. s. d.

N. B. By the 40 Geo. III. the Bounties and Drawbacks renewed till May 10, 1801, if the Average on the 10th of November, 1800, exceeds 75s. per Hundred Weight.

Whale-fishery, Greenland-seas, continued by 40 Geo. III. to December 25, 1801.

Southern, by 38 Geo. III. granted to 26 Ships, viz. Ships or Vessels employed in the said Fishery, under the Limitations, Restrictions, and Regulations, of the 35 Geo. III. and of this Act so fitted and cleared out between the 1st of January, 1799, and the 31st of December, 1799, and in like Manner in each of the two succeeding Years, that shall sail to the Southward of the Equator, and there carry on the Fishery, and shall return before the 1st of December in the Year subsequent to that in which they cleared out to some Port in Great Britain, having not less, in the Whole, than 20 Tuns of Oil or Head-matter, taken together, being the Produce of one or more Whales or other Creatures being in those Seas, taken and killed by the Crew of each such Vessel.

To each of the 4 that shall first arrive with the greatest Quantity £.300  
4 - - with the next greatest Quantity 200  
4 - - with the next greatest Quantity 100

Ships or Vessels so fitted and cleared out, and sailing within the Times before-mentioned, that shall proceed to the Southward of the 36th Degree of South Latitude, shall there carry on the said Fishery, and shall not return till after the Expiration of 14 Calendar Months from the Day on which they cleared out, but before the 31st of December, in the second Year, after their clearing out to some Port in Great Britain, having not less, in the Whole, than 20 Tons of Oil or Head-matter, taken together, being the Produce of one or more Whales or other Creatures, being in those Seas, taken and killed by the Crew of each such Vessel.

“ To each of four other of such Ships, so sailing and arriving, with the greatest Quantity 400l.

Ships or Vessels so fitted and cleared out between the 1st of January and the 31st of December, 1799, and between the 1st of January and 31st of December in each of the six succeeding Years, and shall double Cape Horn, or pass through the Streights of Magellan into the South Seas, and carry on the said Fishery during the Space of four Months, to the Westward of Cape Horn in those Seas, or shall double the Cape of Good Hope, and carry on the said Fishery, during the Space of four Months, to the Eastward of 105 Degrees of Eastern Longitude from London, and shall not return to some Port of Great Britain till after the Expiration of 16 Calendar Months from the Day on which they cleared out, but before the 31st of December, in the second Year after their clearing out, having not less in the Whole than 30 Tuns of Oil or Head Matter taken toge-

## T A B L E G.

Bounty.  
£. s. d.

ther, being the Produce of any Whales or other Creatures being in those Seas taken and killed by the Crew of such Vessel in the said Voyage, either Outward or Homeward.

- " To the Ship, so sailing and arriving with the greatest Quantity 600l.

To each of nine other Ships, so sailing and arriving with the next greatest Quantity, 500l.

N. B. By 33 Geo. III. Ships cleared out for the Southern Whale Fishery, which pass into the Pacific Ocean, by Cape Horn, to the Northward of the Equator, to be allowed the same Premiums as if, so sailing, they had passed no further North than the Equator.

Pilchards, the Bounties of 7s. and 18d. per Cask, Vol. 1, Page 371, continued to June 24, 1805; also allowed in Proportion for Casks of 32 Gallons exported to the Mediterranean, or British or West India Islands, and also in Proportion when exported in Casks commonly called Pilchard Hogheads 39 Geo. III.

## BRITISH WHITE-HERRING FISHERY.

The Bounties allowed as in Vol. 1, Page 380, continued by 39 Geo. III. to the 1st of March, 1799, and to the End of the then next Session of Parliament, with additional Encouragements to Persons settling upon the

Advancing the Soil and in promoting the Advan-

Coasts, employed in cultivating the Soil, and in promoting the Advantages of the Fishery as therein described.

By 35 Geo. III. Vessels, not entitled to the Tonnage Bounty, the Barrel, additional - - - - - 0 1 0

NEWFOUNDLAND FISHERY.

The Bounties by 26 Geo. III. as in Vol. I, Page 384, continued by 40 Geo. III. to the 1st of January, 1802.

By 39 Geo. III. Ships laden with the Produce of the Fishery, or with Articles of the Growth or Produce of Newfoundland or Labrador, may sail from thence without Convoy or Licence, but not from the Port of St. John's, while any Person, authorised to grant the Licence shall be resident there.

By 41 Geo. III. Bounty on White-herrings discontinued to the 15th of October, 1801.

# TABLE K. (See Page 450, in first Volume.)

## PROHIBITIONS OF IMPORTATION AND EXPORTATION.

### IMPORTATION.

Add, Cocoa-nut-shells, or Husks, without the Nuts, prohibited to be imported.

The Prohibition of Silk-ribbands, Laces, and Girdles; Velvets and Wrought-silks, except Grapes and Tiffanies from Italy, continued to June 14, 1802, and the End of the then next Session of Parliament.

Gloves, under the Table, Page 454.

Deal-boards, admitted under the Restrictions of the Ship being of the Built of the Country where grown and produced in Europe, or in British-built Ships, legally navigated, from any Part of Europe, if the Growth thereof; and from Hamburg, Bremen, Altona, and Gluckstadt, in British-built Ships; the Growth or the Produce of any Country not mentioned in the Act.

Salt not to be imported from Ireland, Guernsey, Jersey, Sark, Alderney, or Man.

### EXPORTATION.

British Spirits not to be exported from England to the Isle of Man.

Corn, Candles, Soap, Provisions, and Naval-stores, in Time of War, are generally prohibited to be exported; Rice is prohibited to be exported until Nov. 1, 1801.

Cambrics or French Lawns to be exported from London only, and in Vessels of 100 Tons or upwards.

Silks Wrought, Bengals, or Stuffs mixed with Silk or Herba, of the Manufacture of Persia, China, or East India; nor any Calicoes printed, dyed, painted, or stained there, which have been seized and sold at any Custom-house in Great Britain, can be exported to any Part of Europe from the Port of London only, in Ships of 100 Tons Burthen.

No Goods warehoused by the East India Company, under the 39 Geo. III. can be exported to any Part of Europe, in Ships of less than 100 Tons Burthen.

# TABLE M.

## PRIZE SHIPS AND GOODS.

By 33, 34, 38, & 39 Geo. III. the following Duties are payable upon Admission into Warehouses under the joint Locks of the Officers of Revenues, and the Agents for the Captors.

	Duty. £. s. d.	Duty. £. s. d.
Brandy, For every Tun, of 252 Gallons	-	0 15 0
Cocoa, For every Hundred Weight	-	0 1 3
Coffee, For every Hundred Weight	-	0 3 6
Sugar, For every Hundred Weight of Brown or Muscovado	-	0 2 0
Tea, For every Pound Weight fold for 2s. 6d. and upwards, on the gross Sale Price, per Cent. additional	2 5 0	
Wine or Vinegar, for every Tun, of 252 Gallons	0 3 9	
All other Goods, Wares, and Merchandise,	0 10 6	
For every 100l. of the Value	0 6 0	
	5 0 0	5 0 0
	3 0 0	3 0 0
	7 10 0	2 10 0

The Exemptions from any Duty are,

Military or Ships'-stores, viz. Sails, Cordage, Anchors and Cables, Masts, Yards, Bowsprits, Blocks, Guns, Gunpowder, Shot, Match, Gun-carriages, Cartridges, and other Materials thereto belonging, and all Timber and Iron converted into and made fit for Ship-building, or for any of the Uses aforesaid; salted Beef,

Pork, and Butter, Biscuit, Small-beer, Peas, and Oatmeal; Sailors' Cloaths, Hammocks, Bedding, and Apparatus and Instruments belonging to Surgeons, or any Goods which before the 1st of May, 1793, may be imported free of Duty.

All Tobacco, and Snuff of all Sorts, imported into a Port not enumerated by the 29 or 31 Geo. III. to be removed into one of the Ports enumerated, to be there lodged in the Tobacco Warehouses of that Port, under the Regulations, &c. of the 29 Geo. III. and may from thence be exported without Payment of any Duty, and except only the Warehouse-rent of 1½d. per Week for every Package of such Tobacco and Snuff.

c  
2 All Wheat, Wheat-meal, or Flour, Rye, Barley, Beer, or Big, Oats, Oatmeal, Pease, Beans, Indian Corn and Maize, to be warehoused, and to pay the Duties by 31 Geo. III. and to be subject to those Regulations, see Vol. 1, Page 88.

All China and East India Goods, subject to the new and additional Duties as when imported by the East India Company, and when condemned in the Out-ports must be removed to London, to be there publicly sold in like Manner as Goods imported by the Company.

## T A B L E M.

The before-mentioned Prize Goods may be exported from these Warehouses without paying any other Duties, under which is also included Wine and Spirits the Produce of the Cape of Good Hope and Territories, except the new and additional Duties, by 39 Geo. III. on China and East India Goods, which last mentioned Duties are exempted from the two five per Cents. Outwards when so exported.

All other Prize Goods than China or East India, Snuff or Tobacco, as before-mentioned, may, with the Permission of the Commissioners of the Customs, be removed to any other Port in Great Britain, for the Purposes of Exportation at the Expence of the Captors, Agents, or Purchasers; and Prize Goods condemned Abroad, imported under Certificate of Condemnation, the Oath of the Master, and of the Importer, Proprietor, or Consignee, to be entitled to the same Benefits as Prize Goods condemned in Great Britain.

Any Prize Goods to be taken out of the Warehouses for Home-consumption are subject to all the Duties and Regulations they

Duty.  
£. s. d.

Drawback.  
£. s. d.

---

would have been liable if otherwise regularly imported; and Goods of the Growth, &c. of France, so taken out of the Warehouses, to pay the Duties enumerated in Table C, Vol. I,

Page 259.

Prize Goods, having paid the full Duties for Home-consumption, exported in Time, are to be allowed the Drawbacks granted by 27 Geo. III.

# T A B L E N.

## IMPORTATION FROM AMERICAN STATES.

By 37 Geo. III. all Goods, Wares, and Merchandise imported from the United States of America into Great Britain after the 4th of July, 1797, and during the Continuance of the Commercial Treaty between the two Countries, viz. 10 Years from the 28th of October, 1795, to be subject to the following Duties.

Any Goods, Wares, or Merchandise, the Growth, Production, or Manufacture of the said United States, or Prize Goods taken by the Vessels of the said United States, and those legally condemned, which are not prohibited to be imported from foreign Countries into Great Britain, may be imported in British or American Ships, legally navigated, subject to the Duties imposed by the 27 Geo. III. in Tables A, D, and F, which see in the first Volume; and where different Duties are imposed upon the like Articles imported from foreign Countries, then upon the lowest Duties payable when imported in British Ships, but subject to the countervailing Duties if imported in American Ships.

American Pig-iron, Bar-iron, Pitch, Tar, Turpentine, Rosin, Pot-ash, Pearl-ash, Mahogany, Masts, Yards, Bowsprits, all Staves, and unmanufactured Goods, not prohibited, may be imported without Certificates in British-built or American-built Ships, legally navigated, upon Payment of the like Duties as the same would be liable to when imported from any British Colony, Island, or Plantation in British Ships, accompanied with the Certificates required by Law, subject also to the countervailing Duties when imported in American Ships.

Wheat, Wheat-meal or Flour, Rye, Barley, Beer or Big, Pease, Beans, Oats, and Oat-meal, to pay the Duties as regulated and ascertained in Table D, annexed to the 31 Geo. III. which see in Vol. 1, Page 78.

All Oil made from Fish, or Creatures living in the Sea, and Blubber, Whale-fins, and Sperm-ceti, the Produce of the Fisheries carried on by the People of the said United States, may be imported from the said United States, in British or American Ships, legally navigated, upon Payment of the Duties the same are liable to when imported in British-built Ships from Countries not under the Dominion of His Majesty; subject also to the countervailing Duties when imported in American Ships.

American Tobacco may be imported in British or American Ships, legally navigated, upon the same Duties as Tobacco imported by British Subjects from any British Colony or Plantation in America; and any Snuff, the Production and Manufacture of the United States, may be imported upon Payment of the same Duties as Snuff from Europe, and may be warehoused, and again exported; subject also, when imported in American Ships, to the countervailing Duties, provided the Tobacco is accompanied with a Manifest as required by Law.

Rice, the Growth of the United States of America, may, upon Importation in American or British-built Ships, legally navigated directly from thence, be warehoused in any of the British Ports, paying the Duty of 8d. per Hundred Weight, and into the Ports of London, Bristol, Portsmouth, Cowes, Liverpool, Lancaster, Poole, Whitehaven, Hull, Grenock, and Port Glasgow, without Payment of any Duty, the Importer giving Bond to pay up the full Duties within 18 Months when imported into other than the Ports before enumerated, and may be exported within 18 Months without Payment of any Duty. If

## T A B L E N.

### IMPORTATION FROM AMERICAN STATES.

the Rice remains longer than 18 Months in the Warehouse the full Duties are to be paid, also the countervailing Duty when imported in American Ships, and no Drawback allowed if afterwards exported; also, if the Duties are not paid within 18 Months after the Rice has been warehoused, it may be sold for the Duties under the same Regulations as other Goods sold for Payment of the Duties.

“The full Duties payable upon all Goods warehoused before taken out for Home-consumption. “The Importer has Liberty to screen and shift all Rice warehoused.

Goods, Wares, and Merchandise imported from the United States are, upon Exportation, to be entitled to the same Drawbacks as are or may hereafter be allowed to the like Denominations and Descriptions when exported to any foreign Country.

Also upon the Exportation of any Sort of foreign Hemp or foreign Iron to the British Colonies or Plantations in America, or to the United States, the same Drawbacks to be allowed as to other foreign Parts.

“The countervailing Duties from and after the 5th of January, 1798.

*Any Goods, Wares, or Merchandise of the Growth, Production, or Manufacture of the United States, imported in American Ships, legally navigated, to pay the additional Duty of 10l. per Cent. upon the Produce and Amount of the Duties of Customs payable upon the same when imported in American Ships.*

N.B. This Duty is to be charged on *Pig-iron, Bar-iron, Pot-ash, and Pearl-ash*, on the Amount of the Customs payable upon the same when imported from any British Colony or Plantation without Certificates ; on *Pitch, Tar, Turpentine, Rosin, Mahogany, Masts, Yards, and Bowsprits, and unmanufactured Goods*, on the Amount of the Customs payable on the same when imported from any British Colony or Plantation in America ; on *unmanufactured Wood and Staves*, on the amount of the Customs payable on the same when imported from any Part of Europe, not within His Majesty's Dominions, in British-built Ships ; on *Oil made from Fish, or Creatures living in the Sea, Blubber, Whalefins, and Sperma-ceti*, the Produce of the Fisheries carried on by the People of the United States, imported directly from thence, on the Amount of the Customs payable upon such Goods imported from Countries not under the Dominion of His Majesty.

“ Upon such Tobacco, so imported, an additional Duty of Customs of 1s. 6d. per Hundred Weight.

“ Upon every Ton Burthen of American Vessels, coming or arriving within the Limits of any Port of Great Britain 2s.

“ The Duties of ten and five per Cent. imposed by the 37 Geo. III. not to be charged on the countervailing Duties ; but there is no Exemption from the second five per Cent. imposed by an Act of that Session.

## TABLE O.

## CONVOY DUTY,

FROM AND AFTER THE 5TH OF JULY, 1798, UNTIL  
THE SIGNING THE PRELIMINARY ARTICLES OF  
PEACE, ARRANGED AS BY THE ACT.

*New and additional Duties of Customs, payable on the  
Goods, Wares, and Merchandise, therein enumerated or de-  
scribed, imported or brought into this Kingdom, not being im-  
ported by the United Company of Merchants of England  
trading to the East Indies.*

	INWARDS.	Duty,		
		£.	s.	d.
Almonds, viz.				
Bitter Almonds, the Hundred				
Weight	-	0	1	10
Jordan Almonds, the Hundred				
Weight	-	0	5	10
of any other Sort, the Hundred				
Weight	-	0	2	5
Aloes, viz.				
Epatica, the Hundred Pounds	-	0	3	0
Succotrina, the Hundred Pounds	-	0	4	0
Alum, viz. Roch-alum, the Hundred Weight		0	0	11
Anchovies, the Barrel, containing sixteen				
Pounds of Fish	-	0	1	2½
Anniseeds. See Seed.				
Angelica-root, the Hundred Pounds	-	0	1	6
Annotto, the Hundred Pounds	-	0	18	0
Antimonium-crudum, the Hundred Weight		0	1	2½
Aqua-fortis, the Hundred Weight	-	0	2	8½
Argol, the Hundred Weight	-	0	1	10
Arsenic, the Hundred Weight	-	0	1	10
				Ashes,

## TABLE O.

	INWARDS.	Duty.		
		£.	s.	d.
Ashes, viz.				
Pearl-ashes, the Hundred Weight		0	1	4
Pot-ash, the Hundred Weight	-	0	1	2½
Assa-fœtida, the Hundred Pounds	-	0	4	6
Balsam, viz.				
Artificial, the Pound	-	0	0	2½
Copaivæ, the Pound	-	0	0	3
Natural, the Pound	-	0	0	1
Barilla, the Hundred Weight	-	0	1	6
Bark, viz.				
Cortex-Peruvianus, or Jesuits-bark,		0	0	1
Oak-bark, the Hundred Weight		0	0	2
Bayberries, the Hundred Weight	-	0	0	10
Bees-wax. See Wax.				
Blubber. See Oil.				
Bonnets. See Hats.				
Books, viz.				
Bound-books, the Hundred Weight		0	9	4
Unbound-books, the Hundred Weight		0	4	8
Boxes, viz.				
Nest-boxes, the Gros, containing 12				
Dozen Nests, each Nest contain-				
ing eight Boxes	-	0	1	10
Pill-boxes, the Gros, containing 12				
Dozen Nests, each Nest contain-				
ing four Boxes	-	0	1	2½
Sand-boxes, the Gros, containing				
12 Dozen Boxes	-	0	0	4
Brandy. See Spirits.				
Brazil-wood, the Ton, containing 20 Hun-				
dred Weight	-	2	8	0
Brimstone, the Hundred Weight	-	0	0	9
Bristles, rough or undressed, the Dozen				
Pounds	-	0	0	5
Bugle, viz. Great-bugle, the Hundred Pounds		0	7	0
				Bullion,

## TABLE O.

		Duty.		
		£.	s.	d.
INWARDS.				
Bullion, or foreign Coin, of Gold or Silver.				
Free.				
Cambogium, or Gutta-gambia, the Hundred Pounds	-	-	0	9 0
Camphire, viz.				
refined, the Pound	-	-	0	0 1 $\frac{1}{2}$
unrefined, the Pound	-	-	0	0 1 $\frac{1}{2}$
Candles of Wax, the Pound	-	-	0	0 1
Cantharides, the Pound	-	-	0	0 7
Capers, the Hundred Pounds	-	-	0	3 6
Cardemoms, the Pound	-	-	0	0 1
Cassia-fistula, the Hundred Weight	-	-	0	1 4
Cassia-lignea, the Pound	-	-	0	0 1
Castor-oil. See Oil.				
Castorum, the Pound.	-	-	0	0 2
Cheese, the Hundred Weight	-	-	0	0 11
Cinnamon, the Pound	-	-	0	0 4
Clover-feed. See Seed.				
Cloves, the Pound	-	-	0	0 2 $\frac{1}{2}$
Cochineal, the Pound	-	-	0	0 10
Cocoa-nuts, the Hundred Weight	-	-	0	2 9
Coffee, the Hundred Weight	-	-	0	3 4
Copperas, viz.				
green, the Hundred Weight			0	0 2
white, the Hundred Weight			0	1 6
Cordage, the Ton, containing 20 Hundred Weight	-	-	1	1 8
Corn and Grain. Free.				
Cork, the Hundred Weight	-	-	0	0 7
Cotton-wool. See Wool.				
Cotton-yarn. See Yarn.				
Cream-of-tartar, the Hundred Weight	-	-	0	3 4
Currants, the Hundred Weight	-	-	0	1 2 $\frac{1}{2}$
Down, the Hundred Pounds	-	-	0	6 6
Elephants-teeth, the Hundred Weight	-	-	0	15 0
Feathers for Beds, the Hundred Weight			0	5 4

Figs,

## TABLE O.

	INWARDS.	Duty.		
		£.	s.	d.
Figs, the Hundred Weight	-	0	1	10
Fish, viz. fresh fish, British taken, and imported in British-built Ships or Vessels.				
Free.				
Flax, rough or undressed, the Ton, containing 20 Hundred Weight	-	1	1	0
Fustic, the Hundred Weight	-	0	0	7
Galls, the Hundred Weight	-	0	4	1
Geneva. See Spirits,				
Gentian, the Hundred Pounds	-	0	1	9
Ginger, the Hundred Weight	-	0	1	6
Ginseng, the Hundred Pounds	-	0	5	0
Goose-quills. See Quills.				
Gum, viz.				
Arabic, the Hundred Weight	-	0	3	0
Armoniac, the Hundred Weight	-	0	10	10
Copal, the Hundred Pounds	-	0	7	6
Guiaci, the Hundred Pounds	-	0	7	0
Senega, the Hundred Weight	-	0	4	10
Tragaganth, the Pound	-	0	0	1½
Hair, viz.				
Cow, or Ox-hair, the Hundred Weight	o	1	6	
Horse-hair, the Pound	-	0	0	1
Human-hair, the Pound	-	0	0	2
Hats, viz.				
Bast or Straw-hats or Bonnets, the Dozen	-	0	0	3
Chip, Cane, or Horse-hair-hats, or Bonnets, the Dozen	-	0	0	3
Hemp, rough or undressed, the Ton containing 20 Hundred Weight	-	0	19	3
Hides, viz.				
Horse-hides, the Hide	-	0	0	5½
Loth-hides, the Pound	-	0	0	1
Cow or Ox-hides, the Hide	-	0	0	5
				Indico,

## T A B L E O.

INWARDS.		Duty. £. s. d.		
Indigo, viz.				
of the Produce of any British Colony or Plantation, the Hundred Pounds		0	15	0
of the Produce of any Part of the United States of America, the Hundred Pounds	-	0	10	0
of the Produce of any other Country or Place, the Hundred Pounds		1	2	6
Ireland. Goods, Wares, and Merchandise, of the Growth, Production, or Manufacture, of the Kingdom of Ireland, imported directly from thence. Free.				
Iron, viz. in Bars or unwrought, the Ton, containing 20 Hundred Weight	-	0	10	10
Isinglass, the Hundred Pounds	-	0	5	9
Juniper-berries, the Hundred Weight	-	0	0	10
Kid-skins. See Skins.				
Lamb-skins. See Skins.				
Lead, viz.				
Black-lead, the Hundred Weight		0	0	7
White-lead, the Hundred Weight		0	1	0
Lemons, the thousand	-	0	3	2
Linen, viz.				
Cambricks and French Lawns, the Half-piece, containing $6\frac{1}{2}$ Ells		0	1	4
Canvass, viz.				
Hessens-canvass, or Dutch-barrass, the 120 Ells	-	0	2	3
Packing-canvass, Guttings, Spruce, Elbing, or Queensborough-canvass, the 120 Ells	-	0	1	6
Drillings, and Pack-duck, the 120 Ells	-	0	5	0
Flanders and Holland-linen plain, not exceeding one Ell 1-3th in Breadth, the 120 Ells	-	0	14	5
				Linen,

## TABLE O.

## INWARDS.

Duty.  
£. s. d.

Linen, viz.

German, Switzerland, East-country,  
(except Russia), and Silesia-cloth,  
plain, viz.

not above $31\frac{1}{2}$ Inches in Breadth, the 120 Ells	-	-	0	3	0
above $31\frac{1}{2}$ Inches in Breadth, and not exceeding 36 Inches, the 120 Ells	-	-	0	6	7
above 36 Inches in Breadth, the 120 Ells	-	-	0	10	3

Lawns, viz.

Silesia and all other Lawns, plain,  
(except French Lawns) not  
bleached in Holland, the Piece,  
not exceeding 8 Yards in Length

0 0 4

Silesia and all other Lawns, plain  
(except French Lawns) bleached  
in Holland, the Piece, not ex-  
ceeding 8 Yards in Length0 0  $5\frac{1}{2}$ 

Russia-linen, plain, viz.

Towelling and Napkin of the  
Manufacture of Russia, not ex-  
ceeding  $22\frac{1}{2}$  Inches in Breadth,  
the 120 Ells

0 1 10

narrow Russia-linen, not otherwise  
enumerated, not exceeding  $22\frac{1}{2}$   
Inches in Breadth, the 120 Ells0 1  $4\frac{1}{2}$ Linen-cloth and Diaper of Russia,  
exceeding  $22\frac{1}{2}$  Inches in Breadth,  
and not exceeding  $31\frac{1}{2}$  Inches,  
the 120 Ells

0 3 7

Linen-cloth and Diaper of Russia,  
exceeding  $31\frac{1}{2}$  Inches in Breadth,  
and not exceeding 36 Inches,  
the 120 Ells0 5 1  
Linen,

## T A B L E O.

INWARDS.		Duty. £. s. d.		
Linen, viz.				
	Linen-cloth and Diaper of Russia, exceeding 36 Inches in Breadth, and not exceeding 45 Inches, the 120 Ells	-	0	6 4
	Linen-cloth and Diaper of Russia, exceeding 45 Inches in Breadth, the 120 Ells	-	0	10 10
Linseed.	See Seed.			
Lobsters.	Free.			
Logwood,	the Ton, containing 20 Hun- dred Weight	-	0	7 3
Mace,	the Pound	-	0	0 11
Madder, viz.				
	Mull-madder, the Hundred Weight	-	0	0 3
	of any other Sort, the Hundred Weight	-	0	2 2
	Madder-root, the Hundred Weight	-	0	2 3
Mahogany,	the Ton, containing 20 Hun- dred Weight	-	0	10 10
Manna,	the Hundred Pounds	-	0	5 9
Mats of Russia,	the Hundred, containing five Score	-	0	1 10
Melasses,	the Hundred Weight	-	0	1 0
Mohair-yarn.	See Yarn.			
Morels,	the Pound	-	0	0 2
Mustard-feed.	See Seed.			
Myrrh,	the Hundred Pounds	-	0	7 6
Nutmegs,	the Pound	-	0	0 11
Nuts, viz.				
	Chestnuts, the Bushel	-	0	0 3
	Small-nuts, the Bushel	-	0	0 5
Oak-bark.	See Bark.			
Oil or Blubber, viz.				
	Blubber of Newfoundland, the Tun, containing 252 Gallons	-	0	4 3 Oil,

## T A B L E O.

	INWARDS.	Duty.		
		£.	s.	d.
Oil, viz.				
Castor-oil, the Gallon	-	0	0	7
Ordinary Oil of Olives, the Tun, containing 252 Gallons	-	1	17	2
Sallad-oil, the Hundred Gallons	-	0	18	0
Spermaceti-Oil, the Tun, containing 252 Gallons	-	2	3	10
Train-oil, or Blubber, Fish-oil, or Oil of Seals, or other Creatures living in the Seas, not otherwise enumerated or described, the Tun, containing 252 Gallons	-	0	16	10
By 39 & 40 Geo. III. Blubber from Davis's-freights, or the Greenland-seas, may be first boiled into Oil, under the Care of the Officers of the Customs, and the Oil afterwards entered to pay this Duty.				
Olibanum, or Incense, the Hundred Weight	-	0	1	10
Onion-seed. See Seed.				
Opium, the Pound	-	0	1	2½
By 39 & 40 Geo. III. this Duty repealed and in lieu thereof 3 per Cent. for every 100l. Value, and in Proportion.				
Oranges, the thousand	-	0	3	7
Orchella, the Hundred Weight	-	0	4	2
Pearl-barley, or Barley hulled, the Hundred Weight	-	0	0	7
Pepper, viz. Long-pepper, the Hundred Pounds	-	0	3	3
Pictures, viz.				
of four Feet square, or upwards, the Picture	-	2	0	0
of two Feet square, and under four Feet square, the Picture	-	1	6	8
under two Feet square, the Picture	-	0	13	4
	H			Pimento,

## T A B L E O.

	INWARDS.	Duty.		
		£.	s.	d.
Pimento, the Hundred Pounds	-	0	1	9
Pitch, the Last, containing 12 Barrels, each Barrel containing 31½ Gallons	-	0	3	0
Plate, viz.				
of Gold wrought, the Ounce, Troy		0	4	10
of Silver ungilt, the Ounce, Troy		0	0	2½
of Silver Part gilt, the Ounce, Troy		0	0	3
of Silver gilt, the Ounce, Troy	-	0	0	3½
Plums dried, the Hundred Pounds	-	0	5	0
Prunes, the Hundred Weight	-	0	2	0
Quicksilver, the Pound	-	0	0	1½
Quills, viz. Goose-quills, the thousand	-	0	0	2½
Rags, old, fit only to make Paper, the Ton, containing 20 Hundred Weight		0	13	3
Raisins, viz.				
Denia-raisins, the Hundred Weight	0	1	1	
Faro-raisins, the Hundred Weight	0	1	2	
Lipra, or Belvidere-raisins, the Hun- dred Weight	-	0	1	2
Lexia-raisins, the Hundred Weight	0	1	6	
Smyrna-raisins, the Hundred Weight	0	0	8	
of the Sun, the Hundred Weight	0	2	3	
all other Raisins not otherwise enu- merated or described, the Hundred Weight	-	0	1	1
Rape-seed. See Seed.				
Rhubarb, the Pound	-	0	0	6
Rice, the Hundred Weight	-	0	0	6
Rosin, the Hundred Weight	-	0	0	3
Rum. See Spirits.				
Saccarum-faturni, the Hundred Pounds	-	0	4	0
Safflower, the Hundred Weight	-	0	4	0
Saffron, the Pound	-	0	1	0
Salt, the Wey, containing 40 Bushels	-	0	0	9½
Salt-petre, the Hundred Weight	-	0	1	1½
Sarsaparilla, the Hundred Pounds	-	0	5	0
		Scamony		

## TABLE O.

	INWARDS.	Duty.		
		£.	s.	d.
Scamony, the Pound	-	0	0	7 $\frac{1}{2}$
Seed, viz.				
Anniseeds, the Hundred Weight	-	0	1	10
Carraway-seed, the Hundred Weight	-	0	0	7
Clover-seed, the Hundred Weight	-	0	2	3
Linseed, the Bushel	-	0	0	2
Mustard-seed, the Hundred Weight	-	0	0	5
Onion-seed, the Hundred Weight	-	0	3	11
Rape-seed, the Quarter, containing 8 Bushels	-	0	1	2
Senna, the Pound	-	0	0	1 $\frac{1}{2}$
Shumack, the Hundred Weight	-	0	0	8
Silk, viz.				
Raw-silk, of Turkey, the Pound, containing 16 Ounces	-	0	0	5 $\frac{1}{2}$
Raw-silk, of any other Country, the Pound, containing 16 Ounces	-	0	0	6
Thrown-silk, the Pound, containing 16 Ounces	-	0	0	7
Waste-silk, the Pound, containing 16 Ounces	-	0	0	1 $\frac{1}{2}$
Silver-plate. See Plate.				
Skins, viz.				
Kid-skins in the Hair, undressed, the Hundred, containing five-score	-	0	3	2
Lamb-skins in the Wool, undressed, the Hundred, containing six-score	-	0	3	2
Smalts, the Hundred Pounds	-	0	4	0
Sprits, viz.				
Brandy, the Gallon	-	0	0	2 $\frac{1}{2}$
Geneva, the Gallon	-	0	0	1 $\frac{1}{4}$
Rum, the Hundred Gallons	-	0	15	0
of all other Sorts not otherwise enumerated or described, the Gallon	-	0	0	2 $\frac{1}{2}$
	H 2			Succades,

## TABLE O.

	INWARDS.	Duty.		
		£.	s.	d.
Succades, the Pound	-	0	0	1 $\frac{1}{2}$
Sugar, the Hundred Weight	-	0	1	10
Tallow, the Hundred Weight	-	0	1	6
Tamarinds, the Hundred Weight	-	0	0	10
Tar, the Last, containing 12 Barrels, each Barrel not exceeding 31 $\frac{1}{2}$ Gallons	-	0	2	5
Tobacco, the Hundred Pounds	-	0	2	6
Tortoifeshell, the Pound	-	0	0	4
Tow, the Ton, containing 20 Hundred Weight	-	0	11	5
Truffles, the Pound	-	0	0	2 $\frac{1}{2}$
Turbots. Free.				
Turmeric, the Hundred Pounds	-	0	2	3
Turpentine, common, the Hundred Weight	-	0	0	1
Valonia, the Hundred Weight	-	0	0	9
Verdegrife, viz.				
common, the Hundred Pounds		0	6	9
crystallized, the Hundred Pounds		0	7	6
Vermillion, the Pound	-	0	0	3
Wax, viz.				
Bees-wax, white or manufactured, the Hundred Weight	-	0	6	0
Bees-wax, unmanufactured, the Hun- dred Weight	-	0	4	9
Wine, viz.				
French-wine, the Tun, containing 252 Gallons	-	3	10	6
Madeira-wine, the Tun, containing 252 Gallons	-	3	1	0
Portugal-wine, the Tun, containing 252 Gallons	-	1	6	6
Rhenish, German, and Hungary-wine, the Tun, containing 252 Gallons	-	3	18	0
Spanish-wine, the Tun, containing 252 Gallons	-	1	12	0

Wine,

## TABLE O.

INWARDS.		Duty. £. s. d.		
Wine, viz.				
all other Wines, not otherwise enumerated or described, the Tun, containing 252 Gallons	-	1	12	0
Wool, viz.				
Cotton-wool, of the Growth or Production of Turkey, the Hundred Pounds	-	0	6	6
Cotton-wool, of the Growth or Production of any Part of the United States of America, the Hundred Pounds	-	0	6	6
Cotton-wool, of the Growth or Production of any of the British Colonies or Plantations, the Hundred Pounds	-	0	8	9
Cotton-wool, of the Growth or Production of any other Country or Place, the Hundred Pounds	-	0	12	6
Yarn, viz.				
Cotton-yarn, the Hundred Pounds	0	7	0	
Mohair-yarn, the Pound	-	0	0	2
Raw-linen-yarn, the Hundred Pounds	0	3	0	
By 39 Geo. III. this Duty repealed on Raw-linen-yarn, the Production of the Russian Territories or Dominions, imported directly from thence, and in lieu thereof, for every Hundred Pounds of the true and real Value thereof	-	3	0	0
Yellow-berries, the Hundred Weight	-	0	0	1
All other Goods, Wares, and Merchandise, whatever, not herein particularly enumerated or described, not being im-				

## TABLE O.

## INWARDS.

ported by the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, (except such Goods, Wares, and Merchandise, which by any special Provision in this Act are exempt from the Duty hereby imposed), for every Hundred Pounds of the true and real Value thereof,

Duty.  
£. s. d.

3 0 0

## TABLE O.

*New and additional Duties of Customs, payable on Goods, Wares, and Merchandise, therein enumerated or described, imported into this Kingdom by the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies.*

Duty.

£. s. d.

## INWARDS.

Calicoes, viz. Plain white Calicoes, Dimity, viz. Plain white Dimity— Muslins plain—Nanquin-cloth— Muslins or white Calicoes, flowered or stitched—Cotton-manufactures, not otherwise enumerated or described—and all Goods, Wares, and Merchandise, prohibited to be worn or used in Great Britain, imported for Exportation only:—for every Hundred Pounds of the true and real Value thereof, according to the gross Price at which such Goods shall have been sold at the public Sales of the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, without any Deduction therefrom, except so much as the Duties of Customs due and payable on such Goods respectively shall amount to	-	-	3	0	0
Sugar, For every Hundred Pounds of the true and real Value thereof, according to the Gross Price at which it shall have been sold at the public Sales of the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies	-	-	3	0	0
Indigo, For every Hundred Pounds of the true and real Value thereof, according to the gross Price at which it shall	-	-			

## TABLE O.

INWARDS.		Duty. £. s. d.		
Indigo, viz.	have been sold at the public Sales of the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies	3	0	0
Cotton-wool, for every Hundred Pounds of the true and real Value thereof, according to the gross Price at which it shall have been sold at the public Sales of the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies	-	-	4	0
Coffee, the Hundred Weight	-	-	0	3
Cocoa-nuts, the Hundred Weight	-	-	0	2

# TABLE O.

*New and additional Duties of Customs payable on the Exportation from this Kingdom, of the Goods, Wares, and Merchandise, therein enumerated or described, not having been imported by the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies.*

		Duty.	
		£.	s. d.
OUTWARDS.			
Sugar, viz.			
Unrefined, not having been imported by the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies (except in Cases whereof by any special Provision in this Act, such Sugar is exempt from this Duty), the Hundred Weight	o	1	6½
Refined-sugar, called Bastard, and ground and powdered-sugar, and refined Loaf-sugar broke in Pieces, and all Sugar called Candy (except in Cases where, by any special Provision in this Act, such Sugar is exempt from this Duty), the Hundred Weight	o	1	6½
All other Refined-sugar (except in Cases where, by any special Provision in this Act, such Sugar is exempt from this Duty), the Hundred Weight	o	2	3
Goods, Wares, and Merchandise, of the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of Great Britain, (except Refined-sugar, and also such Goods, Wares, and Merchandise, which by any special Provision in this Act, are exempt from the Duty hereby imposed), exported to any Part of Europe, for			

every

## TABLE O.

## OUTWAIRDS.

Duty.  
£. s. d.

• Goods, viz.

every Hundred Pounds of the true  
and real Value thereof -

0 10 0

By 39 Geo. III. to any Port or Place within  
the Streights of Gibraltar, in lieu of this  
Duty, for every Hundred Pounds Value,  
Ten Shillings, except Sugar and other  
Articles exempted by this Act of 38 Geo.  
III.

Goods, Wares, and Merchandise, of the  
Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of  
Great Britain, (except Refined-sugar,  
and also such Goods, Wares, and  
Merchandise, which, by any special  
Provision in this Act, are exempt  
from the Duty hereby imposed), ex-  
ported to any Port or Place what-  
ever, not being in Europe, or within  
the Limits of the Charters granted  
to the United Company of Merchants  
of England trading to the East Indies,  
for every Hundred Pounds of the true  
and real Value thereof -

2 0 0

## TABLE O.

*New Duties of Customs, payable on the Exportation  
from this Kingdom.*

## OUTWARDS.

Duty.

£. s. d.

Sugar, having been imported by the United  
Company of Merchants of England  
trading to the East Indies, exported  
(except in Cases where, by any spe-  
cial Provision in this Act, such Sugar  
is exempt from this Duty), for every  
Hundred Pounds of the true and real  
Value thereof, according to the gross  
Price at which it shall have been sold  
at the public Sales of the said Com-  
pany

• 2 10 0

Tonnage

## TABLE O.

*Tonnage Duties payable on Ships and Vessels, entering outwards or inwards (except in Ballast, or any British Vessel not required to be registered) in any Port of this Kingdom, to or from Foreign Parts.*

	Duty. £. s. d.		
For every Ton Burthen of every Ship or Vessel entering outwards or inwards (except in Ballast) to or from Ireland, the Islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Sark, Alderney, and Man, the Greenland-seas, and the Southern Whale-fishery	-	0	0 6
For every Ton Burthen of every Ship or Vessel entering outwards or inwards (except in Ballast) to or from any Port or Place within the Straights of Gibraltar	-	0	1 0
For every Ton Burthen of every Ship or Vessel entering outwards or inwards (except in Ballast) to or from any Port or Place in Russia, or within the Baltic-sea	-	0	1 0
For every Ton Burthen of every Ship or Vessel entering outwards or inwards (except in Ballast) to or from any other Port or Place in Europe	0	1	0
For every Ton Burthen of every Ship or Vessel entering outwards or inwards (except in Ballast) to or from any Port or Place within the Limits of the Charters granted to the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies	0	3	0
For every Ton Burthen of every Ship or Vessel entering outwards or in-			

wards

## T A B L E O.

	Duty.		
	£.	s.	d.
wards (except in Ballast) to or from the Cape of Good Hope -	0	2	6
For every Ton Burthen of every Ship or Vessel entering outwards or inwards (except in Ballast) to or from any Port or Place in Africa, not otherwise enumerated or described	0	1	0
For every Ton Burthen of every Ship or Vessel entering outwards or inwards (except in Ballast) to or from the Island of Newfoundland the Islands of Cape Breton and Saint John, and the Coast of Labrador -	0	0	6
For every Ton Burthen of every Ship or Vessel entering outwards or inwards (except in Ballast) to or from any Port or Place in the United States of America, any British Island, Colony, or Plantation, in America, or any other Part of America not otherwise described	0	1	0

If the Value of Goods liable to this Duty cannot be ascertained at the Time of Importation, they may be delivered to be publicly sold, upon a Deposit with the Collector or Comptroller of the Customs, and the Duty is to be paid in seven Days after the Sale, at the Price sold, under the Oath of the Importer, Proprietor, or of his known Agent or Factor, deducting so much of this Duty payable thereon at such Price.

A Discount of two and a half per Cent. allowed upon the Export-duties at the Time of Exportation; no Fees whatever to be paid for any additional Entry on Account of this Duty, and the Bonds taken in pursuance of this Act not liable to the Stamp-duties; the Export-duty according

## TABLE O.

according to the Value, to be as the same is at the Port of Exportation, except as to the Duties of Customs and Excise payable thereon, and this Duty; but if the Value cannot be ascertained, then Bond may be given to pay the Duty in three Months, and to produce Invoices and Bills of Parcels if required. All Goods paying this Duty, according to Value, under the Regulations of former Acts for the like; and after any Goods have been allowed to be shipped, the Exporter is liable to pay the full Value for any false Declaration. Goods so detained, the Entry may be amended, with the Permission of the Commissioners of the Customs.

## EXEMPTIONS.

N.B. The Duties imposed by this Act 38 Geo. III. are not to be charged upon Bullion imported or exported; fresh Fish, British taken, and imported in British-built Ships or Vessels, owned, navigated, and registered, according to Law; Turbots and Lobsters, however taken or imported; Corn or Grain imported; Sugar imported from any of the United States of America, and warehoused Sugar having been so imported and warehoused, exported from such Warehouse; Cinnamon, Cloves, Mace, or Nutmegs; Furs and Skins of the Produce of, and imported from, any British Colony or Plantation in America; Spanish-wool imported; Tobacco, Coffee, Cocoa-nuts, or Rice, imported and warehoused, unless and until such Tobacco, Coffee, Cocoa-nuts, or Rice, shall be taken out of such Warehouse for Home Consumption, in which Case all the new and additional Duties thereon are to be paid; also free from Duty upon the Goods imported by the East India Company in Table B, to be paid when charged with this Duty, according to the Value upon the gross Price they were publicly sold for, and the like for Prize Goods charged with this Duty.

Any

## T A B L E O.

## EXEMPTIONS.

Any Goods imported from, or exported to, Ireland; any Goods imported or exported by the Hudson's Bay Company, and also the Goods, &c. then allowed to be imported from the Islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, Sark, or Man, free of any Duties of Customs; also the Goods exported to the Isle of Man, by Licence from the Commissioners of Customs in England or Scotland; Cotton-yarns, and any other Cotton-manufactures, manufactured in Great Britain, and exported from thence to any Port or Place whatever; any Sort of Craft, Food, Victuals, Cloathing, or other Goods fit and necessary for the British Fishery established in the Island of Newfoundland; or for the Use and Support of the Mariners or other Persons employed on board the Vessels, or on Shore, in carrying on the said Fishery, exported from this Kingdom to the Island of Newfoundland; upon Importation into this Kingdom directly from the Island of Newfoundland of any Fish, Oil, Blubber, Seal-skins, or other Produce of the British Newfoundland-fishery, the Importer, Proprietor, or Consignee, may give Bond for the due Exportation of such Articles within twelve Calender Months from the Date of the Bond, or that the Duties imposed by this Act shall be then paid.

Goods of the Growth or Produce of any foreign Colony, Plantation, or Settlement, in America, imported directly in Ships belonging to the Subjects of the United States, or of Neutral States, by virtue of his Majesty's Order of Council, may be warehoused without Payment of this Duty for Exportation; if to be taken out for Home Consumption, then liable to this Duty.

Starch, by the 41 Geo. III. subject only to the Duty imposed by that Act.

# T A B L E P.

*The following Duties are payable on all Goods, Wares, and Merchandise imported into the United States of America after the 30th of September, 1797, and as the same were payable at the End of the Year 1800.*

	In American Ships.	In foreign Ships.
Arms, Fire and Side, not otherwise enumerated, or Parts thereof, at Value	15 per Cent.	16½
Apparatus, Philosophical, specially imported for any Seminary of Learning, free.	-	-
Ale, Beer, and Porter, in Casks or Bottles, per Gallon	8-Cents.	8½
the Bottles	10 per Cent.	11
Artificial Flowers, Feathers, and other Ornaments for Womens' Head Dresses	-	16
Anniseed	15	16½
Articles, of all Kinds, of the Growth, Product, or Manufacture of the United States, Spirits excepted, free	15	-
Anchors	10	11
Brass Cannon, until the 14th of June, 1800, and to the End of the next Session of Congress, free.	-	-
after the above Period	-	16½
Brass, Tutenague, and Wire, free.	15	-

Brafs, Iron or Steel Locks, Hinges, Hoes, Anvils, and Vices	-	10	11
All other Manufactures of Brafs	-	15	16½
Balls and Balfams (see Powders, Pastes, &c.)	-	15	16½
Bricks and Tiles	-	15	16½
Bonnets, Hats, and Caps, of every Kind	-	15	16½
Boots, per Pair	-	75 Cents.	82½
Books, Blank	-	10 per Cent.	11
Books of Perfons who come to refide in the United States,	-	Free	
Buttons of every Kind	-	15 per Cent.	16½
Buckles, Shoe and Knee	-	15	16½
Brushes	-	10	11
Bullion,	-	Free	
Carriages, or Parts of Carriages	-	20	22
Cards, Playing, per Pack	-	25 Cents.	27½
Wool and Cotton, per Dozen	-	50	55
Cables, and tarred Cordage, per Hundred Weight	-	180	198
Cabinet Warcs	-	15 per Cent.	16½
Carpets and Carpeting	-	15	16½
Candles, Tallow, per Pound	-	2 Cents.	2½
, Wax or Spermaceti, per Pound	-	6	6½
Capers	-	15 per Cent.	16½
Canes, Walking-sticks, and Whips	-	10	11
Cambricks	-	10	11

T A B L E P.

	In American Ships.	In foreign Ships.
Cheese, per Pound	- 7 Cents.	$7\frac{7}{16}$
China-ware	- 15 per Cent.	$16\frac{1}{2}$
Cinnamon, Cloves, Currants, and Comfits	- 15	$16\frac{1}{2}$
Chintzes, and Coloured Calicoes or Muslins, and all printed, stained, or coloured Goods, or Manufactures of Cotton, or of Linen, or of both, or of which Cotton or Linen is the Material of chief Value	-	
Cocoa, per Pound	$12\frac{1}{2}$	$13\frac{3}{4}$
Chocolate, per Pound	2 Cents.	$2\frac{1}{2}$
Clocks and Watches, or Parts of either	3	$3\frac{3}{10}$
Cloathing, Ready-made	15 per Cent.	$16\frac{1}{2}$
Cloths, Household Furniture, and the Tools or Implements of the Trade or Profession of Persons who come to reside in the United States	10	11
Clogs and Goloshes, per Pair	Free	$16\frac{1}{2}$
Coal, per Bushel	15 Cents.	$5\frac{1}{2}$
Coffee, per Pound	5	$5\frac{1}{2}$
Compositions for the Teeth or Gums (see Dentifrice)	15 per Cent.	$16\frac{1}{2}$
Colours (see Painters)	15	16
Cordage, taired, per Hundred Weight	180 Cents.	198

untarred, ditto	-	-	225	247½
Copper, manufactures	-	-	15 per Cent.	16½
in Plates, Pigs, and Bars	-	-	Free	
Coaches, Chariots, Phaetons, Chairs, Chaifes, Solos, or other Carriages, or Parts of either	-	-	20 per Cent.	22
Cotton, per Pound	-	-	3 Cents.	3½
Cotton, or Linen-manufactures, or of both, or of which Cotton or Linen is the Material of chief Value, being printed, stained, or coloured, or Cotton-manufactures, not printed, stained, or coloured	-	-	12½ per Cent.	13½
Cutlasses, until the 14th of June, 1800, and to the End of the next Session of Congress	-	-	Free	
, or Parts thereof, after the above Period	-	-	15 per Cent.	16½
Dates and Figs	-	-	15	16½
Dentrice, Powders, Tinctures, Preparations, and Compositions for the Teeth or Gums	-	-	15	16½
Dolls, dressed and undressed, or Parts thereof	-	-	15	16½
Drugs, Medicinal, except those commonly used for dying and Woods for dying	-	-	Free	
Earthen and Stone-ware	-	-	15	16½
Essences (see Powders, Pastes, &c.)	-	-	15	16½
Fans, or Parts thereof	-	-	15	16½
Feathers and other Ornaments for Women's Head-dresses	-	-	15	16½

T A B L E P.

	In American Ships.	In foreign Ships.
Figs	15	16½
Floor-cloths and Mats, or Parts of either	-	16½
Flowers, Artificial	-	16½
Fringes commonly used by Upholsterers, Coachmakers, and Sadlers	-	16½
Fruits, of all Kinds	-	16½
Furs, of every Kind, undressed	-	16½
Glass, black Quart-bottles	Free	
Window-glass	-	11
all other Glass and Manufactures thereof	- 10 per Cent.	16½
Glauber-Salts, per Hundred Weight	-	22
Gauzes	- 200 Cents.	220
Geneva (see Spirits).	-	11
Ginger	-	
Girandoles, or Parts thereof	- 15	16½
Gloves and Mittens, of every Kind	- 20	22
Gold, Silver, and Plated-Ware	-	
and Silver-lace	- 10 per Cent.	11
Goods, Wares, and Merchandise, imported directly from China or India, in Ships or Vessels not of the United States, except	-	16½
	- 15	22
	- 15	16½
	- 15	16½
	- 15	16½

Teas, China-ware, and all other Articles liable to higher Rates of Duties	-	12½
Wares, and Merchandise intended to be re-exported to a foreign Port or Place in the same Ship or Vessel in which they shall be imported; and all Articles of the Growth, Product, or Manufacture of the United States, Spirits excepted	-	-
Wares and Merchandise, not herein otherwise particularly enumerated and described	-	Free
Glue	-	11
Gunpowder, until the 14th of June, 1800, and to the End of the next Session of Congress	-	16½
after that Period	-	Free
Hangers, or Parts thereof	-	11
Hair-powder	-	16½
Hats, Caps, and Bonnets, of every Kind	-	16½
Hemp, per Hundred Weight	-	16½
Hides, Raw	-	16½
Houfhold Furniture of Persons who come to reside in the United States	-	110
Implements of the Trade or Profession of Persons, who come to reside in the United States	-	Free
Indigo, per Pound	-	Free
	-	27½

## T A B L E P.

	In American Ships.	In foreign Ships.
Iron, Steel, or Brass-locks, Hinges, Hoes, Anvils, and Vices	- 10 per Cent.	11
Cast, Slit, or Rolled, and all Manufactures of Iron, Steel, or		
Brass, or of which either of these Metals is the Article of		
chief Value, not otherwise particularly enumerated	- 15	16½
Jewellery and Paste-work	- 15	16½
Laces and Lawns	- 10	11
Laces, Lines, Fringes, Tassels, and Trimmings commonly used by	- 15	16½
Upholsterers, Coachmakers, and Saddlers	- 10	11
Lampblack		
Lapis Calaminaris	Free	
Leather, tanned and tawed, and all Manufactures of Leather, or of		
which Leather is the Article of chief Value, not otherwise		
particularly enumerated	- 15 per Cent.	16½
Lead, and Musket-ball, until the 14th of June, 1800, and to the End		
of the next Session of Congress	Free	
after the above Period, per Pound	- 1 Cent.	11½
all other Manufactures of Lead, or in which Lead is the chief		
Article, per Pound	- 1	11½
Lemons and Limes	- 15 per Cent.	16½

Linen or Cotton Manufactures, or of both, or of which Cotton or Linen is the Material of chief Value, being printed, stained, or coloured, or Cotton-manufactures not printed, stained, or coloured	-	12½	13½
Linen-manufactures, or of which Linen is the chief Value, not printed, stained, or coloured	-	10	11
Looking Glasses, or Parts thereof	-	20	22
Manufactures of Tin, Pewter, and Copper	-	15	16½
of Iron, Steel, or Brads, not otherwise enumerated	-	15	16½
Malt, per Bushel	-	10 Cents.	11
Marble, Tables, Mortars, and other Utensils of Marble	-	15 per Cent.	16½
Mace	-	15	16½
Millinery, Ready-made	-	15	16½
Melasses, per Gallon	-	5 Cents.	5
Muskets and Firelocks, with Bayonets suited to the same, and Musket-balls, until the 14th of June, 1800, and to the End of the next Session of Congress	-	Free	
or Parts of either, after the above Period	-	15 per Cent.	16½
without Bayonets or Parts of either	-	15	16½
Mustard, in Flour	-	15	16
Muslins and Muslinets, whether printed, stained, coloured, or otherwise	-	12½	13½
Nails, per Pound	-	2 Cents.	2

TABLE P.

	In American Ships.	In Foreign Ships.
Nankeens	-	13½
Nutmegs	-	16½
Oil	-	16½
Ointments and Odours	-	16½
Olives	-	16½
Oranges	-	16½
Ornaments for Womens' Head-dresses	-	16½
Paper, Hangings	-	16½
Writing and Wrapping	-	11
Cartridge and Sheathing	-	16½
Painter's Colours, whether dry or ground in Oil, except those com- monly used in Dying	-	16½
Packthread, per Hundred Weight	-	440
Pasteboards, Parchment, or Vellum	-	11
Pepper, per Pound	-	6½
Perfumes	-	16½
Pewter, Manufactures	-	16½
Philosophical Apparatus (see under A)	-	Free
Porter, (see Ale)	-	

Pictures and Prints	-	-	10 per Cent.	11
Pickles, of all Sorts	-	-	15	16½
Pimento, per Pound	-	-	4 Cents.	4
Pistols, until the 14th of June, 1800, and to the End of the next Session of Congress	-	-	Free	16½
, or Parts thereof after the above Period	-	-	15 per Cent.	16½
Powders, Pastes, Cosmetics, and all Powders or Preparations for the Teeth or Gums	-	-	15	16½
Plumbs and Prunes	-	-	15	16½
Printed, stained, or coloured Goods (see Cottons and Linens)	-	-	Free	11
Plaster of Paris	-	-	10 per Cent.	16½
Printing Types	-	-	15	11
Raisins	-	-	10	11
Rum, (see Spirits)	-	-	10	11
Saddles, or Parts thereof	-	-	20 Cents. per 56lb.	22
Sail-cloth	-	-	20	22
Salt, weighing more than fifty-six Pounds per Bushel	-	-	Free	11
, fifty-six Pounds per Bushel, or less	-	-	10 per Cent.	11
, Petre, until the 14th of June, 1801, and to the End of the next Session of Congress	-	-	Free	11
Satins and other Wrought-silks	-	-	10 per Cent.	11
Sea-stores of Ships or Vessels	-	-	Free	11

TABLE P.

	In American Ships. - 15 per Cent.	In foreign Ships. 16½
Slate, Stone, and Stone-ware	-	16½
Stained, printed, or coloured Goods (see Linens and Cottons)	-	110
Starch	- 15	16½
Steel, per Hundred Weight	- 100 Cents.	110
Iron, or Brass Locks, Hinges, Hoes, Anvils, and Vices	- 10 per Cent.	11
all other Manufactures of	- 15	16½
Sweet Scents	- 15	16½
Spirits, distilled from Grain, in foreign Countries	-	
first Proof, per Gallon	- 28 Cents.	30½
second, ditto	- 29	31½
third, ditto	- 31	34½
fourth, ditto	- 34	37½
fifth, ditto	- 40	44
sixth ditto	- 50	55
ditto, from other Materials, in foreign Countries	-	
first Proof	- 25	27½
second, ditto	- 25	47½
third, ditto	- 28	30½
fourth, ditto	- 32	35½

fifth, ditto	-	38	41½
sixth, ditto	-	46	50½
ditto, from Melasses, in the United States, imported in the same Vessel in which they had been previously exported from the United States	-	-	-
first Proof	-	13	13
second, ditto	-	14	14
third, ditto	-	15	15
fourth, ditto	-	17	17
fifth, ditto	-	21	21
sixth, ditto	-	28	28
ditto, from Materials of the Growth and Produce of the United States	-	-	-
first Proof	-	7	7
second, ditto	-	8	8
third, ditto	-	9	9
fourth, ditto	-	11	11
fifth, ditto	-	13	13
sixth, ditto	-	18	18
-	-	15 per Cent.	16½
Silver and Plated-ware	-	-	-

T A B L E P.

		In American Ships.	In foreign Ships.
Shoes and Slippers of Silk, per Pair	-	- 25 Cents.	27 $\frac{1}{2}$
, other Shoes and Slippers for Men and Women, Clogs or	-	-	16 $\frac{1}{2}$
Goloshes, per Pair	-	- 15	11
, ditto, ditto for Children, per Pair	-	- 10	Free
Skins, raw	-	-	11 $\frac{1}{2}$
Spikes, per Pound	-	- 1 Cent.	2 $\frac{1}{2}$
Soap, per Pound	-	- 2	24 $\frac{1}{2}$
Snuff, per Pound	-	- 22	16 $\frac{1}{2}$
Stockings	-	- 15 per Cent.	16 $\frac{1}{2}$
Stone and Earthen-ware	-	- 15	2 $\frac{1}{2}$
Sugar, Brown, per Pound	-	- 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cents.	3 $\frac{3}{4}$
, White clayed	-	- 3	3 $\frac{1}{2}$
, ditto, powdered	-	- 3	2 $\frac{1}{2}$
, all other, clayed or powdered	-	- 2	7 $\frac{1}{2}$
Lump	-	- 6 $\frac{1}{2}$	9 $\frac{1}{2}$
Loaf	-	- 9	7 $\frac{1}{2}$
, other refined	-	- 6 $\frac{1}{2}$	12 $\frac{1}{2}$
Candy	-	- 11 $\frac{1}{2}$	
Sulphur, until the 14th of June, 1801, and to the End of the next Session of Congress	-	Free	

Swords or Cutlasses, until the 14th of June, 1800, and to the End

Swords or Cutlasses, until the 14th of June, 1800, and to the End of the next Session of Congress	-	Free	16½
, or Parts of either after the above Period	-	15 per Cent.	
Tassels and Trimmings (see Laces)	-	Free	
Tables of Marble, Slate, and other Stone, or Parts thereof	-	15	16
Teas, from China and India, Bohea, per Pound	-	12 Cents.	17½
Souchong, and other Black	-	18	17
Hyson, Imperial, Gunpowder or Gomee	32		50
other Green	-	20	30
Bohea	-	14	71½
Souchong and other Black	-	21	27
Hyson, Imperial, Gunpowder or Gomee	40		50
other Green	-	24	30
, from any other Place, Bohea	-	17	18½
Souchong and other Black	-	27	29½
Hyson, Imperial, Gunpowder or Gomee	50		55
other Green	-	30	33
-	-	15 per Cent.	16½
-	-	Free	
Tin, Manufactures	-		
, in Pigs and Plates	-		
Tiles, (see Bricks)	-		
Tinctures, (see Powders)	-		
Tobacco, manufactured other than Snuff, per Pound	-	10 Cents.	11

T A B L E P.

	In American Ships.	In foreign Ships.
Tools, (see Implements)		
Toys, not otherwise enumerated	- 10 per Cent.	11
Twine and Packthread, per Hundred Weight	- 400 Cents.	440
Types, (see Printing)		
Velvets and Velverets	- 12½ per Cent.	13½
Wafers	- 15	16½
Walking-sticks	- 10	11
Waters and Washes	- 15	16½
Watches (see Clocks)		
Wines, in Casks, Bottles, or other Vessels, Malmsey Madeira, and London particular Madeira, per Gallon	- 58 Cents.	63½
other ditto	- 50	55
Burgundy and Champagne, Rhenish and Tokay	- 45	49½
Claret, and all other Wines not enumerated, imported in Bottles or Cafes	- 35	38½
Sherry	- 40	44
St. Lucar	- 40	44
Lisbon and Oporto, and other Portugal	- 30	33

Teneriffe, Fayal, Malaga, St. George, and other Western Islands	-	28	30 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>16</sub>
all other Wines, otherwise than in Bottles or Cafes	-	23	25 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>16</sub>
on Value of the Bottles	-	10 per Cent.	11
Wire, of Brads or Iron	-	Free	
Wool, unmanufactured	-	Free	
Wood, ditto	-	Free	
Yarn, manufactured (exclusive of Cabinet-wares)	-	12 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> per Cent.	13 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub>
Yarn, untarred, per Hundred Weight	-	22 <sup>5</sup> / <sub>8</sub> Cents.	247 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>

All other Goods not before particularly enumerated and described, ten per Cent. ad Valorem, in American Ships, and eleven per Cent. in foreign Ships, and by the sixth Session of Congress, from and after June 30, 1800, additional, two and a half per Cent in American Ships, and two and three-quarters per Cent. in foreign Ships.

All Parts of Articles to be subject to the same Duties as the entire Article is subject to.

The Duties on Wines shall not be less than ten Cents, per Gallon. Bottles in which Liquors are imported to pay the same Duty as empty Bottles.

T A B L E P.

TONNAGE DUTY.

By Act of Congress, approved the 2d of March, 1799, to be paid at the Time of entering the Vessel, and before any Permit shall be granted for unloading any Part of the Cargo, at the following Rates:

On all Ships or Vessels, entering from any foreign Port or Place.

6 Cents. per Ton.

Ships or Vessels, of the United States - - -  
    , built within the United States, after the 20th of July,  
    1789, but belonging wholly or in Part to foreign  
    Powers, duly recorded - - -

30

Other Ships or Vessels - - -

50

Vessels of the United States, employed in the Coasting-trade, or Fisheries,  
duly licenced, per Annum - - -

6

Vessels of the United States (other than licenced) taking in Merchandise  
in a District in one State, to be delivered in a District in another  
State, other than an adjoining State on the Sea-coast, or on a Na-  
vigable River - - -

6

Other Ships or Vessels, taking in Merchandise to be delivered in another  
District - - -

50

DUTIES PAYABLE IN

Gold Coins, of Great Britain and Portugal, of the Standard prior to the Year 1792, for every 27 Grains - - - - -  
 , of France, Spain, and the Dominions of Spain, of the Standard prior to the Year 1792, for every 27 $\frac{2}{3}$  Grains - - - - -  
 Spanish Milled Dollars, - - - 17 Pennyweights, 7 Grains - - -  
 and in Proportion for the Parts of a Dollar. - - -  
 Crowns of France - - - 18 Pennyweights, 17 Grains - - -  
 and in Proportion for the Parts of a Crown. - - -

Dollars.	Cents.
1	
1	
1	
1	10

( 129 )

RATES OF COINS FOR ESTIMATING DUTIES.

Pound Sterling of Great Britain	-	-	-	44
Livre Tournois of France	-	-	-	18 $\frac{1}{2}$
Florin or Guilder of the United Netherlands	-	-	-	40
Mark Banco of Hamburg	-	-	-	33 $\frac{1}{2}$
Rix Dollar of Denmark	-	-	-	10
Ryal Plate of Spain	-	-	-	5
Vallón of ditto	-	-	-	24
Millree of Portugal	-	-	-	10
Pound Sterling of Ireland	-	-	-	

TABLE P.

	Dollars.	Cents.
	1	48
	1	94
		55½

Tale of China  
Pagoda of India  
Rupee of Bengal  
N. B. These Rates of Coins place the Dollar at 4s. 6d. Sterling, and nearly one-fifth Part of a Farthing.

Note, that on all Goods, Wares, and Merchandise imported from the Cape of Good Hope, or beyond the same (if ad Valorem Articles), 20 per Cent. to be added to the actual Cost thereof, including all Charges (Commissions, Outside-packages, and Insurance only excepted), and 10 per Cent. if from any foreign Port, before the Duties are calculated.

## FEES OF OFFICE.

To the Collector and Naval Officer.

Entry of a Vessel of 100 Tons or upwards	2	50
Clearance ditto, ditto	2	50
Entry of a Vessel under 100 Tons	1	50
Clearance ditto, ditto	1	50
Every Post Entry	2	

Permit to land Goods

20

20  
40  
30  
20  
20  
20

1

50

50  
66<sub>7</sub>

-  
-  
-  
-  
-  
-

1

2

3

1

Permit to land Goods  
Every Bond taken officially  
Permit to land Goods for Exportation for Drawback  
Debenture or other official Certificate  
Bill of Health  
Official Document required by any Person (Register excepted)

TO THE SURVEYOR.

Admeasuring and Certifying the same, of every Ship or Vessel of 100 Tons and under, per Ton

Admeasuring of every Ship or Vessel above 100, and not exceeding 200, Tons

, above 200 Tons

For all other Services on board any Ship or Vessel of 100 Tons and upwards, having on board Goods, &c. subject to Duty

, the like, for any Ship or Vessel of less than 100 Tons

On all Vessels not having on board Goods, &c. subject to Duty

## TABLE P.

*Allowances for Draft, Tares, Leakage, and Breakage.*

## DRAFT.

Any Quantity of one Hundred Weight, or 112 lb.	-	-	1 lb.
, above 100 and under 200	-	-	2
, 200 and under 300	-	-	3
, 300 and under 400	-	-	4
, 400 and under 1800	-	-	7
, 1800 and upwards	-	-	9

## TARES.

On every Chest of Bohea Tea	-	-	70
, half ditto	-	-	36
, quarter ditto	-	-	20
, Chest of Hyson, or other green Tea, of 70 lb. or upwards	-	-	20
, Box of other Tea, between 50 and 70 lb.	-	-	18
, ditto, of 80 lb.	-	-	20
, ditto, 80 lb. and upwards	-	-	22
, all other according to Invoice or actual Weight.	-	-	-

The above to include Ropes, Canvass, and other Coverings.

On Candles, in Boxes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8 lb. per Cent
Cheese, in Hampers or Baskets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10
, in Boxes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20
Chocolate, in Boxes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10
Cocoa, in Casks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10
, in Bags	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Coffee, in Bags	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
, in Bales	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
, in Casks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12
Cotton, in Bales	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
, in Serrons	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6
Glauber Salts, in Casks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8
Indigo, in Barrels	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12
, in other Casks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15
, in Serrons	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10
, in Bags or Mats	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
Nails, in Casks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8
Pimento, in Casks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16
, in Bags	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
Pepper, in Casks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12
, in Bales	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5
, in Bags	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2

## T A B L E P.

Segars, in Boxes	-	-	-	18
Shot, in Casks	-	-	-	3
Soap, in Boxes	-	-	-	10
Sugar, in Casks, other than Loaf-sugar	-	-	-	12
, in Boxes	-	-	-	15
, in Bags or Mats	-	-	-	5
, Candy, in Boxes	-	-	-	10
Twine, in Casks	-	-	-	12
, in Bales	-	-	-	3
All other Goods, according to Invoice as actual Weight.	-	-	-	

## LEAKAGE AND BREAKAGE.

Two per Cent. allowed on the Gauge on all Merchandise, paying Duty by the Gallon, contained in Casks.

Ten per Cent. on all Beer, Ale, and Porter, in Bottles, and five per Cent. on all other Liquors in Bottles, to be deducted from the Invoice-quantity, in lieu of Breakage; or it shall be lawful to compute the Duties on the actual Quantity by Tale, at the Option of the Importer, at the Time of Entry.

When the Duties on ad Valorem Articles are less than 50 Dollars, it must be paid immediately; if specific, a Deposit must be made to secure the same, which, when ascertained, will be immediately settled.

When the Duties on Goods imported (where the Sum payable by one Person or Copartnerhip shall amount to more than 50 Dollars) the following Credit is allowed by Law, except where any Bond on which the Person or Copartnerhip entering such Goods, Wares, or Merchandise, are either Principal or Security, and which being due, remains undischarged.

On all Articles, the Produce of the West Indies (Salt excepted), the one-half in three, the other half in six months.

, Goods, &c. from Europe (Wine, Salt, and Teas, excepted) the one-third in eight, one-third in ten, and one-third in twelve Months.

, Goods, &c. (Wines, Salt, and Teas, excepted) from any other Place than Europe and the West Indies, one-half in six, one-fourth in nine, and one-fourth in twelve Months.

, Salt, in nine Months.

, Teas, "from China or Europe, may be deposited at the Option of the Importer or Importers (to be determined at the Time of making Entry therefor) either to secure the Duties thereon, on the same Terms and Stipulations as on other Goods, Wares, and Merchandise, imported, or to give his or her, or their Bond, to the Collector of the District where any such Teas shall be landed, in double the Amount of the Duties thereon, with Condition for the Pay-

## T A B L E P.

ment of the said Duties in two Years, from the Date of such Bond ; which Bond shall be accepted by such Collector, without Surety, upon the Terms following :—‘ The Teas, for the Duties whereof such Bond shall be accepted, shall be deposited at the Expence and Risk of the said Importer or Importers, in one or more Storehouse or Storehouses, as the Case may be required to be agreed upon, &c. The said Teas to be delivered upon Bond being given, with one or more Surety or Sureties, to the Satisfaction of the Collector,’ if the same shall not exceed 100 Dollars, in four Months ; if above 100 Dollars and not exceeding 500 Dollars, in eight Months ; or if the same shall exceed 500 Dollars, in twelve Months,” so that the Term of Credit shall not extend the Period beyond two Years from the Time of depositing the said Teas—any Teas remaining after the said Term of two Years, to be sold by the Collector, who shall return the Surplus (after paying the Duties) to the Owner or Owners thereof.

Wines, Madeira, and all other Wines, twelve Months.

Duties to be paid where Goods are landed, and Bonds to be given for securing the Duties, if the Whole or Part of the Cargo is destined to different Districts.

## PORTS OF ENTRY AND DELIVERY FOR FOREIGN VESSELS.

No Vessel not wholly belonging to a Citizen or Citizens of the United States, shall be admitted to unload at any Port or Place except the following:—

NEW HAMPSHIRE—*Portsmouth*.—MASSACHUSETTS—*Portland and Falmouth, New Bedford, Dighton, Salem and Beverley, Gloucester, Newbury Port, Marblehead, Nantucket, Boston and Charlestown, Plymouth, Bath, Frenchman's Bay, Wiscasset, Machias, Ponoiscot*.—RHODE ISLAND—*Newport, Providence*.—CONNECTICUT—*New London, Newhaven*.—NEW YORK—*New York*.—NEW JERSEY—*Perth-Amboy, Burlington*.—PENNSYLVANIA—*Philadelphia*.—DELAWARE—*Wilmington, Newcastle, Port Penn*.—MARYLAND—*Baltimore, Annapolis, Vienna, Oxford, Georgetown, Potoomack, Chester-town Creek, Nottingham, Nanjemoy, Digges-landing, Showhill, Carrollsburch*.—VIRGINIA—*Alexandria, Kinfae, Newport, Tapahannock, Port Royal, Fredericksburch, Urbana, York-town, West-point, Hampton, Bermuda-hundred, City-point, Rocket's-landing, Norfolk and Portsmouth*.—NORTH CAROLINA—*Wilmington, Newburn, Beaufort, Washington, Edenton, Plankbridge*.—SOUTH CAROLINA—*Charlestown, Georgetown, Beaufort*.—GEORGIA—*Savannah, Sunbury, Brunswick, Frederica, St. Mary's*.

Nor shall any Vessel from the Cape of Good Hope, or beyond the same, be admitted to enter, except at the Ports in the above List, which are distinguished by *Italics*.

## RESTRICTIONS ON IMPORTATION,

*With Directions for Importers, Consignees, and Masters of Vessels.*

No Goods, Wares, or Merchandise, of foreign Growth or Manufacture, subject to the Payment of Duties, shall be brought into the United States from any foreign Port or Place in any other Manner than by *Sea*; nor in any Ship or Vessel of less than 30 Tons Burthen, agreeable

## TABLE P.

to the Mode of ascertaining American Tonnage, except in certain Districts on the Northern, North-western, and Western Boundaries of the United States, adjoining the Dominions of Great Britain in Upper and Lower Canada, and the Districts on the Rivers Ohio and Mississippi.

No Merchandise to be imported in any Vessel belonging in Whole or in Part to a Citizen or Inhabitant of the United States, unless the Master of such Vessel shall have on board a Manifest in Writing, signed by such Master or other Person having the Command, containing the Name of the Port or Place where such Merchandise was received, and the Port where consigned or destined to, within the United States, particularly noting the Merchandise destined for each Port respectively; and every Package on board such Vessel to be particularly described—to whom consigned, or if to Order, with the Names of all Passengers, distinguishing whether Cabin or Steerage Passengers, or both, with their Baggage, and an Account of all remaining Sea-stores (if any.)

For all Goods not included in the Manifest, the Master forfeits a Sum of Money equal to their Value, and all Merchandise not included in such Manifest, belonging or consigned to the Master, Mate, Officers, or Crew, of such Vessel, shall be forfeited, unless it is made appear, to the Satisfaction of the Collector, Naval Officer, or Surveyor, or the major Part of them, or to a Court on Trial, that no Part was unshipped, except what is mentioned in the Report, or that the Manifest has been lost or mislaid, without Fraud, or defaced by Accident, or incorrect by Mistake.

Any Vessel within four Leagues of the Coast, or within the Limits of any District, unloading Goods without Authority from proper Officers, the Master and Mate forfeit 1000 Dollars for

each Offence, and the Goods forfeited, except in case of Accident, Necessity, or Strefs of Weather; which shall be proved before the Collector, by the Master, Mate, and one other Officer or Mariner.

Masters of Vessels receiving Goods so unladen (except as before excepted) to forfeit treble the Value of such Goods; and the Ship, Boat, or Vessel, receiving them, to be forfeited.

If any Vessel having arrived within any District, shall depart or attempt to depart from the same (unless to some more interior Port, or by Strefs of Weather) without Report to the Collector, the Master forfeits 400 Dollars.

Any Vessel arriving from a foreign Port, the Master is to report to the Collector, within 24 after his Arrival, and within 24 Hours thereafter, further to report the Name, Burthen, &c. in Writing, and shall make Oath or Affirmation to the Truth of the same; but the Master or other Person having Charge of any Vessel having *distilled Spirits, Wines, or Teas*, shall, within 48 Hours after Arrival, make a Report in Writing to the Surveyor, or Officer acting as Inspector of the Revenue of the Port, *under a Penalty of 500 Dollars.*

Ships of War or Packets of any Prince or State, not permitted by such Prince or State to carry Goods in way of Trade, are not required to make such Reports.

No Ship or Vessel from foreign Ports, or coming by Sea from any Port of the United States, shall be permitted to report, make Entry, or break Bulk, till the Master shall deliver to the Postmaster all Letters under his Care or within his Power, other than such as are directed to *the Owner or Owners of such Ship or Vessel*, and on Oath or Affirmation, to be taken of such Delivery, the Master to receive two Cents for every Letter so delivered.

Masters of Vessels after Arrival and Entry, may proceed to foreign Ports with Goods, *noted on the Manifest at the Time of Entry for such foreign Port*, without paying Duties thereon, on giving

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Bond that the said Goods shall be actually re-exported in such Vessel to a foreign Port, but Bonds are not required when Vessels put in, in Distress.

Goods found on board any Vessel, not noted on the Manifest, the Master to make Post-entry previous to any Permit being granted therefor.

Packages wanting, or Goods not agreeing with the Manifest, the Master forfeits 500 Dollars, unless made appear to the Satisfaction of the principal Officers of the Customs, that no Part of the Cargo has been unloaded since it was taken on board, except such as noted in the Report, and pursuant to Permits; and that such Disagreement arises from Accident or Mistake.

Vessels arriving from any foreign Port, *in Distress*, at any Port in the United States, not being defined for the same, Protest to be made by the Master and Mate, within 24 Hours, and lodged at the Custom-house; and within 48 Hours enter his Vessel, as in all other Cases; and if by Certificate of the Wardens of the Port, of the Necessity thereof, the Vessels may be unladen, and Cargo deposited in the public Store, and reladen again (except such Part as may be necessary to be sold to defray the Expences of the Repairs of the Vessel only, on which the Duty shall be paid as in other Cases) by Permission from the Custom-house, free from any other Charge than Storage and Fees to the Officers of the Customs, as in other Cases.

"Ale Beer, and Porter, may not be imported in Casks of less Capacity than 40 Gallons, Beer-measure, or if in Bottles, in Packages less than six Dozen, under Penalty of Forfeiture, with the Ship or Vessel.

"Spirits, distilled, (Arrack and Sweet-cordials excepted) may not be imported in Casks or Vessels of less Capacity than 90 Gallons, Wine-measure, on Pain of Forfeiture,

with the Ship or Vessel, nor in Casks or Vessels that have been marked pursuant to any Law of the United States, on Pain of Forfeiture of the said distilled Spirits, together with the Ship or Vessel; provided that the Forfeiture shall not be incurred on "any Spirits imported, or brought into the United States in other Casks or Vessels as aforesaid, or the Ship or Vessel in which they shall be brought, if such Spirits shall be for the Use of the Seamen on board of such Ship or Vessel, and shall not exceed the Quantity of four Gallons for each Seaman," and *which shall, at the Time of the Entry of the said Vessel, be inserted in the Manifest as the Sea-stores of such Ship or Vessel.*

"Sugar, Refined Lump, or Loaf, may not be imported into the United States, from any foreign Port or Place, except in Ships or Vessels of the Burthen of 120 Tons and upwards, and in Casks or Packages containing each not less than 600 Pounds, nor in Casks or Vessels which have been marked agreeable to any Law of the United States, on Pain of forfeiting the said Ship or Vessel, and the Loaf and Lump-sugar imported therein, except in such Casks or Packages as aforesaid.

Owners or Consignees of Goods imported are, within 15 Days after the Master's Report, to make Entry with the Collector, detailing the several Contents and net Cost of each Package particularly; and produce the original Invoice, Documents, and Bills of Lading, which must be verified, on Oath or Affirmation, by the said Parties.

When the Entry is made by any Agent, Factor, or other Person, other than the *bond-fide* Owner or Consignee of such Merchandise, such Person to give Bond, in the Sum of 1000 Dollars, over and above what the Duties may amount to, with Condition that the *bond-fide* Owner or Consignee of such Merchandise shall, on or before the first Period of Payment of such Duty becomes due,

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deliver to said Collector, a full and correct Account of such Merchandise, verified by Oath or Affirmation before any Judge of the United States, or the Judge of any Court of Record of a State, or before a Collector of the Customs; and in case the Duties are paid at the Time of Entry, a like Bond to be given, that such an Account shall be delivered within 90 Days from such Entry.

When the Particulars of such Merchandise are not known, an Entry thereof to be made according to Circumstances, declaring, on Oath or Affirmation, all the Particulars the Party knows or believes concerning the same; to be subscribed by the Party: and where an imperfect Entry is made, either for Want of Invoices, Bills of Lading, &c. the Collector to take such Merchandise into his Custody until the Quantity, Quality, or Value can be ascertained.

Goods without Invoice, or Specification of Particulars, to be stored by the Collector, until appraised, or Invoices arrive, at the Option of the Importer

Appraisers to ascertain and certify at what Rate, or per Centage, such Goods are damaged; but no Allowance for Damage, unless such Appraisement is lodged in the Custom-house *within 10 Days* after the Landing thereof, accompanied with a Certificate of the Wardens of the Port.

Goods, not entered in 15 Days, to be sent to the Public-store (salt and Coal excepted), which may remain longer, the Owner or Master paying Inspectors; and all Goods so deposited to be at the Risk and Charge of the Importer; and if not entered, and the Duties paid, or secured, *within nine Months*, to be sold (being first advertised for one Month) the Surplus-money arising from such Sale, after the Duties and Charges are paid, to be paid into the Treasury of the United

States, for the Benefit of the Owners, who, upon due Proof of the Property, shall be entitled to

States, for the Benefit of the Owners, who, upon due Proof of the Property, shall be entitled to the same. Perishable Articles may be sold immediately.

Goods entered under a fraudulent Invoice to be forfeited, or where the Collector shall suspect that such Goods are not invoiced agreeably to the Sum such Goods are sold for at the Place from whence they are imported, to be taken into his Possession at the Expence and Risk of the Importer until they are appraised; and in case of Prosecution for the Forfeiture aforesaid, such Appraisement shall not exclude other Proof on Trial, of the actual and real Cost of the said Goods, at the Place from whence imported.

Packages may be opened in Presence of two Merchants, upon Suspicion of Fraud, and re-packed under the Inspection of an Officer; and if found to differ from the Entry, to be forfeited, unless made appear, to the Satisfaction of the principal Officers of the Customs, or a Court on Trial, that such Difference proceeded from Accident or Mistake, or without Intention of Fraud.

The Want of Certificates of distilled Spirits, Wines, or Teas, subject such Articles to Seizure, and 50 Dollars Fine, if such Certificates are not delivered to the Purchaser; and if any Cask, Vessel, Chest, or Case, containing such Articles, shall be found in the Possession of any Person, without being marked, and not being accompanied with a Certificate, the same is liable to Seizure.

On the Sale of any Cask, &c. which has been marked, the Marks to be defaced in Presence of some Officer of Inspection or Customs; and the Certificate of the same to be delivered up, under Penalty of 100 Dollars, with Costs of Suit.

Goods from foreign Ports, not to be unladen but between Sun-rise and Sun-set, without special Licence, under a Penalty of 400 Dollars on the Master, and every other Person concerned, Disability from holding any Office under the Government of the United States for seven Years, and

## TABLE P.

being advertised in the Newspapers, with Forfeiture of the Goods; and if above 400 Dollars, Value of Vessel and Apparel.

Goods removed before gauged and weighed, and if Wines, Teas, or Spirits, before being marked, without Permission, are forfeited.

Persons giving or offering a bribe, forfeit from 200 to 2000 Dollars.

Inspectors and Officers of Revenue-cutters may go on board, examine and search Vessels, have free Access to the Cabin, and seal Packages; and after Sun-set secure Hatches, &c. Persons in Charge of Vessels, for breaking Fastenings, but in Presence of an Officer, forfeit 200 Dollars.

Officers may seize within or without their Districts. Persons resisting or impeding them, forfeit 400 Dollars.

The Master or Commander of any Vessel that shall obstruct or hinder (or be the Cause thereof) any Officer of the Revenue, in going on board his Ship or Vessel, for the Purpose of carrying into Effect any of the Revenue Laws of the United States, forfeits from 50 to 500 Dollars.

## PASSENGERS.

Entry to be made by Passengers of all Cloaths, Books, Household-furniture, Tools or Implements of Trade, or Professions, arriving in the United States to settle; which Articles are exempted from Duty.

If the Articles shall be entered by any other Person than the Owner, Bond to be given in a Sum equal to the Amount of what the Duties would be if imported subject to Duty, that the Owner shall, within one Year, verify such Entry on Oath, or the Collector may direct such

Baggage to be examined, and if any Article is contained therein, which ought to pay Duty, Entry must be made therefor; and if an Entry is made as aforesaid, and upon Examination thereof any Article is found therein subject to Duty (not having been expressed at the Time of making the Entry) it is forfeited, and the Person in whose Baggage the same shall be found, forfeits and shall pay treble the Value thereof.

#### RETURNED CARGO.

When Goods, &c. the Growth or Manufacture of the United States, shall be returned, not having been shipped for the Benefit of Drawback or Bounty, no Duty to be demanded; but Re-export and Entry of such Goods, &c. to be made, and Proof, by Oath or Affirmation, of the Facts thereof.

When the Goods so returned have been exported from any other District than the one they may be imported in, Bonds to be given by the Importer, in Addition to above Oath, in the Sum of the Duties, that within six Months a Certificate shall be produced from the Collector of the Customs for the District from whence they were exported, that such Goods were actually so exported; in Default of which, the Bond to be forfeited and Penalty paid.

#### REGISTER ACT.

Every Owner of a Vessel, residing within the Limits of the United States, to swear to the Register *within 90 Days* after its being granted, or it becomes void, and the Vessel and Cargo pays foreign Tonnage and Duty.

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## DIRECTIONS FOR EXPORTERS AND MASTERS OF VESSELS.

The Master or Person having Command of any Vessel bound to a foreign Port or Place, shall deliver to the Collector of the District from whence such Vessel is about to depart, a Manifest of all the Cargo on board, *and the Value thereof*, subscribed by such Person; the Penalty for not delivering such Manifest, and obtaining a Clearance, previous to Departure from such District, is 500 Dollars for every Offence. The Master to make Oath or Affirmation to the Truth of the Manifest.

Merchandise may be transported coastwise to such Parts as Vessels arriving from the Cape of Good Hope, or beyond the same, are admitted to enter at, by making Entry thereof, and obtaining a Certificate from the Port of original Importation. The Certificate accompanying such Merchandise to be produced at the Time of making Entry, upon which a Permit will be granted for unloading; and if intended to be exported to a foreign Port, the same Proceedings to be had as if such Merchandise had been originally imported into the District from whence they are to be exported.

Merchandise may be transported across the State of New Jersey, by the following Route, to Philadelphia, and exported from thence to a foreign Port, and obtain Drawback, viz. New Brunswick, South-Amboy, and Lambertton, Bordentown or Burlington, by making an Entry as if transported by water; the said Merchandise to be inspected and marked previous to the lading on board any Packet with Intention of Transportation as aforesaid, and obtaining the Certificate as in other Cases; and if Merchandise is transported by any other Route than expressed in the

Passport accompanying the same, or if the Marks, Fastenings, or Seals that may be placed

Passport accompanying the same, or if the Marks, Fastenings, or Seals that may be placed thereon, by Direction of any Officer of the Customs, be broken or defaced, or unpacked, the Merchandise in respect to which such Omission or wrong Doing shall happen, or the Value thereof, shall be forfeited.

By an Act of the 6th Session of Congress, approved the 13th of May, 1800, two and a half per Cent. of the Drawback is to be retained from all Drawbacks for Goods, Wares, and Merchandise re-exported; which had been before imported in Addition to the one and a quarter per Cent. heretofore retained; and none of the additional Duties payable when imported in foreign Ships more than in American Ships are to be drawn back.

*Articles prohibited to be exported during War Time.*

Cannon, Muskets, Pistols, Bayonets, Swords, Cutlasses, Musket-ball, Lead, Bombs, Grenadoes, Gunpowder, Sulphur, and Saltpetre.

**DRAWBACKS.**

Mode of obtaining Drawbacks on foreign Merchandise.—Merchandise imported into the United States (Loaf sugar, Fish, Snuff, and manufactured Tobacco, excepted) if exported within one Year from the paying or securing the Duties thereon, from the Ports of original Importation, are entitled to a Drawback of such Duties, or may be transported Coastwise to certain Districts, and obtain the Drawback if exported from thence to a foreign Port, by observing the following Directions:—Provided the Duties paid or secured on such Merchandise shall amount to 50 *Dol-*

## TABLE P.

*lars*, and are exported in the original Casks, Cafes, Chests, Boxes, or other Packages, in which they were imported, except Liquors in Casks, Coffee or Cocoa in Casks or other Packages, or unrefined Sugar, which may be filled up out of others of the same Importation, or put into new Casks or Packages corresponding therewith, which must be marked and numbered as the Originals, but no Change or filling up to take Place unless the Casks or other Packages are unfit for Exportation, and in no other Case; the Whole to be performed under the Inspection of a proper Officer appointed for that Purpose.

When Articles are imported in Bulk, the Packages in which they are landed shall be deemed the Packages of original Importation, and must be exported in the same; and all Certificates for distilled Spirits, Wines, or Teas, must be given up, or no Drawback will be allowed.

Twenty-four Hours Notice to be given by lodging an Entry therefor before shipping the Goods, except distilled Spirits, which require but six Hours; Goods shipped without a proper Permit, forfeit the Drawback. Previous to any Permit being given, Proof on Oath or Affirmation must be made by the Importer, and every other Person through whose Hands such Merchandise may have passed, of the due Importation, the paying or securing the Duties, and Identity thereof.

If any Goods, Wares or Merchandise, entered for Exportation with Intent to draw back the Duties, shall be landed within the Limits of the United States, the same is subject to Seizure and Forfeiture, together with the Ship or Vessel, and the Vessels or Boats used in Landing the same, and all Persons concerned therein, upon Conviction, to suffer Imprisonment not exceeding six Months.

If Goods are exported from the District into which they were originally imported, the Ex-

If Goods are exported from the District into which they were originally imported, the Exporter shall receive from the Collector of such District, a Debenture or Debentures, for the Amount of such Drawback, payable at the exact Time or Times on which the Duties on such Goods shall become due. *Provided* that if the Duties on such Merchandise shall have been paid prior to an Entry for Exportation, the Debenture shall be made payable in 15 Days from the Time of signing the Bond; and the Debenture may be made payable to the original Importer, when the same shall be requested in Writing, by the Exporter, and not otherwise.

If Merchandise, having been imported Coastwise, accompanied with a Certificate, shall be exported to a foreign Port, the Exporter to receive a Certificate from the Collector of the District from whence exported, which is to be produced to the Collector of the District of original Importation; and the Drawback to be paid at such Port, upon a Debenture or Debentures being granted thereon, payable as aforesaid; but in no Case is the Drawback to be paid until the Duties are first received.

Deduction on Exportation is one and a quarter per Cent. on all Merchandise, except distilled Spirits, which is half a Cent. per Gallon, and a quarter per Cent. of the Amount of Duties. Sugar.—A Drawback of six Cents. per Pound is allowed on Sugar refined within the United

States; the Exporter to give six Hours Notice of such Exportation to the Surveyor or Officer acting as Inspector of the Port, and make Entry therefor *at his Office*—also make Oath before the Collector, that the Sugar so laden on board the Vessel specified in such Entry, is truly intended to be exported to the Place therein mentioned, and that they believe the Duties thereupon have been truly paid or secured, and shall give Bond to the Collector, with two Sureties, one of whom shall be *the Master of the Vessel* in which laden for Exportation, that the same shall be really and truly exported to, and landed

## T A B L E P.

in some Port or Place without the Limits of the United States; such Drawback not to be less than twelve Dollars, and is payable in nine Months from the Date of the Bond, provided the Certificates are produced of the actual landing thereof at a foreign Port; the Certificate to be of the Form as in other Cases of foreign Merchandise. "Sugar so laden for Exportation, if relanded within four Leagues of the Coast of the United States, (unless in Cases of Necessity or Distress, Notice of which to be immediately given to the principal Officers of the Customs residing nearest to which such Vessel may be) shall be forfeited, together with the Ship or Vessel on board of which the same shall have been shipped, with her Furniture, &c. and the Ship or Vessel into which such Sugar shall be unshipped and put."

By an Act of the sixth Session of Congress, approved May 13, 1800, the additional Drawbacks on the additional Duties imposed during that Session, are, upon Sugar, refined and exported, per Pound Weight, one Cent. All Spirits distilled from Melasses, per Gallon, one Cent. Domestic Spirits.—Six Hours Notice to be given by the Exporter to the Surveyor, or Inspector

of the Port; previous to the lading thereof, by lodging an Entry therefor with such Surveyor or Inspector, and Bonds to be given to the Collector, and Oath taken in the same Manner as in Case of refined Sugar, to produce Certificates of Landing at a foreign Port, as in other Cases the Drawback is payable in six Months, provided such Certificates are produced—but *no Drawback under 150 Gallons.*

*Least Sums admitting of Drawback.*

Money.	10 per Cent.	12½ per Cent.	15 per Cent.	20 per Cent.	40 per Cent.
Pound Sterling of England -	103 0 0	82 1 0	69 0 0	51 10 0	25 15 0
Ireland -	112 0 0	90 0 0	75 0 0	56 0 0	28 0 0
Guilder of the United Netherlands -	1170	925	770	585	292
Specie Livre of France -	2500	2000	1667	1250	625
Mark Banco of Hamburg -	1380	1105	930	690	345
Spanish and Rix Dollar of Denmark -	461	368	307	230	115
Rupee of Bengal -	765	610	510	383	196
Pagoda of India -	219	175	145	109	55

# TABLE P.

## BOUNTIES.

On Fish---An Allowance of 30 Cents. per Barrel is allowed on Pickled Fish of the United States, without any Deduction, if the same shall amount to 10 Dollars.

, all Provisions, salted within the United States, an Allowance of 25 Cents. per Barrel, without any Deduction, if the same shall amount to 10 Dollars.

In order to obtain such Bounties, the Exporter to make an Entry therefor with the Collector; but no Entry will be received where such Pickled Fish, or salted Provisions, have *not been inspected and marked* agreeable to the Laws of the respective States, where such Laws are in Force. Such Bounties are payable in six Months from the Date of the Bond to be given; and in no Case, unless the Certificates of Landing at a foreign Port, as in other Cases, are produced. The Bond to be in double the Amount of such Bounty, conditioned that the same shall be landed and left at some foreign Port.

# T A B L E Q.

*Union of Great Britain and Ireland, by 40 Geo. III.*

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By the sixth Article, His Majesty's Subjects of Great Britain and Ireland shall, from and after January 1, 1801, be entitled to the same Privileges, and be on the same Footing as to Encouragements and Bounties on the like Articles, being the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of either Country respectively, and generally in respect of Trade and Navigation in all Ports and Places in the United Kingdom and its Dependencies; and that in all Treaties made by His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, with any foreign Power, His Majesty's Subjects of Ireland shall have the same Privileges, and be on the same Footing as His Majesty's Subjects of Great Britain.

That, from January 1, 1801, all Prohibitions and Bounties on the Export of Articles, the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of either Country, to the other, shall cease and determine; and that the said Articles shall thenceforth be exported from one Country to the other, without Duty or Bounty on such Export.

That all Articles, the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of either Country (not herein-after enumerated as subject to specific Duties) shall, from thenceforth, be imported into each Country from the other free from Duty, other than such countervailing Duties on the several Articles enumerated in the Schedule, Number I. A and B, hereunto annexed, as are therein specified, or to such other countervailing Duties as shall hereafter be imposed by the Parliament of the United Kingdom, in the Manner herein-after provided; and that, for the Period of twenty Years from the Union, the Articles enumerated in the Schedule, Number II. hereunto annexed, shall be

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subject, on Importation into each Country from the other, to the Duties specified in the said Schedule, Number II: and the Woollen-manufactures known by the Names of Old and New Drapery, shall pay, on Importation into each Country from the other, the Duties now payable on Importation into Ireland: Salt and Hops, on Importation into Ireland from Great Britain, Duties not exceeding those which are now paid on Importation into Ireland; and Coals, on Importation into Ireland from Great Britain, shall be subject to Burthens not exceeding those to which they are now subject.

That Calicoes and Mullins shall, on their Importation into either Country from the other, be subject and liable to the Duties now payable on the same on Importation thereof from Great Britain into Ireland until January 5, 1808; and from and after the said Day, the said Duties shall be annually reduced, by equal Proportions, as near as may be, in each Year, so as that the said Duties shall stand at ten per Centum from and after January 5, 1816, until January 5, 1821: and that Cotton-yarn and Cotton-twist shall, on their Importation into either Country from the other, be subject and liable to the Duties now payable upon the same on the Importation thereof from Great Britain into Ireland, until January 5, 1808; and from and after the said Day, the said Duties shall be annually reduced, by equal Proportions, as near as may be, in each Year, so as that all Duties shall cease on the said Articles from and after January 5, 1816.

That any Articles of the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of either Country, which are or may be subject to internal Duty, or to Duty on the Materials of which they are composed, may

be made subject, on their Importation into each Country respectively from the other, to such countervailing Duty as shall appear to be just and reasonable in respect of such internal Duty or Duties on the Materials; and that for the said Purposes the Articles specified in the Schedule, Number I. A and B, shall be subject to the Duties set forth therein, liable to be taken off, diminished, or increased, in the Manner herein specified; and that upon the Export of the said Articles from each Country to the other respectively, a Drawback shall be given equal in Amount to the countervailing Duty payable on such Articles on the Import thereof into the same Country from the other; and that in like Manner in future it shall be competent to the United Parliament to impose any new or additional countervailing Duties, or to take off or diminish such existing countervailing Duties as may appear, on like Principles, to be just and reasonable in respect of any future or additional internal Duty on any Article of the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of either Country, or of any new or additional Duty on any Materials of which such Article may be composed, or of any Abatement of Duty on the same; and that when any such new or additional countervailing Duty shall be so imposed on the Import of any Article into either Country from the other, a Drawback, equal in Amount to such countervailing Duty, shall be given in like Manner on the Export of every such Article respectively from the same Country to the other.

That all Articles, the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of either Country, when exported through the other, shall, in all Cases, be exported subject to the same Charges as if they had been exported directly from the Country of which they were the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture.

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That all Duty charged on the Import of foreign or colonial Goods into either Country shall, on their Export to the other, be either drawn back, or the Amount (if any be retained) shall be placed to the Credit of the Country to which they shall be so exported, so long as the Expenditure of the United Kingdom shall be defrayed by proportionable Contributions: Provided always, That nothing herein contained shall extend to take away any Duty, Bounty, or Prohibition, which exists with respect to Corn, Meal, Malt, Flour, or Biscuit; but that all Duties, Bounties, or Prohibitions, on the said Articles, may be regulated, varied, or repealed, from Time to Time, as the United Parliament shall deem expedient.

# SCHEDULE, No. I.

*Of the Articles to be charged with countervailing Duties upon Importation from Ireland into Great Britain, and from Great Britain into Ireland respectively, according to the sixth Article of Union.*

## A.

### *On Importation into Great Britain from Ireland.*

Beer, for every Barrel of 36 Gallons, English Beer Measure, of Irish-Beer, Ale, or Mum, imported directly from Ireland, and so in Proportion to be paid by the Importer	-	-	-
Bricks and Tiles, for every 1000 Irish Bricks	-	-	-
plain Tiles	-	-	-
pan or ridge Tiles	-	-	-
paving Tiles, not exceeding 10	-	-	-
Inches square	-	-	-
- exceeding 10	-	-	-
Inches square	-	-	-
Tiles other than the before enu-	-	-	-
merated, however called or known	-	-	-

Customs.	Excise.
0	8 0
0	5 0
0	4 10
0	12 10
0	2 5
0	4 10
0	4 10

# T A B L E Q.

	Customs.	Excise.
Candles, for every Pound Weight, Avoirdupois, of Irish Tallow-candles, and other Candles whatsoever (except Wax and Spermaceti)		• 0 1
or which are usually called or sold either for Wax or Spermaceti, notwithstanding the Mixture of any other Ingredient		0 0 3½
Chocolate, &c. for every Pound Weight, Avoirdupois, of Irish Cocoa, Cocoa-paste, or Chocolate		0 2 0
Cordage, viz. to be used as Standing-rigging, or other Cordage made from Topt-hemp, the Ton, being 20 Hundred Weight	4 10 3	
of any other Sort, Cable-yarn, Packthread, and Twine	4 4 4	
Cyder and Perry, for every Hogthead of 63 Gallons, English Wine-measure, of Irish Cyder and Perry, imported as Merchandise or for Sale, and which shall be sent or consigned to any Factor or Agent, to sell or dispose of		0 19 2
Glass, for every Square Foot superficial, of Irish Plate-glass		0 2 2½
for every Hundred Weight of Irish Flint-enamel, stained, paste, or phial Glass		2 3 6

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spread window Glafs, called  
Broad Glafs  
window Glafs, not being  
spread Glafs.

whether flafhed, or otherwife manufactured, and called by the  
Name of Crown Glafs, or German Sheet Glafs  
for every Hundred Weight of Veffels made ufe of in Chemical  
Laboratories, and of Garden Glaffes, and of all other Veffels  
or Utenfils of common Bottle Metal, manufactured in Ireland,  
common Bottles excepted  
for every Hundred Weight of any Sort of Irish Glafs, not before  
enumerated

Bottles of common green Glafs, the dozen Quarts

Hops, for every Pound Weight, Avoirdupois, of Irish Hops  
Leather, unmanufactured, for every Pound Weight, Avoirdupois, of  
Hides, of what Kind foever, and of Calf-fkins, Kips, Hog-  
fkins, Dog-fkins, and Seal-fkins tanned in Ireland, and of  
Sheep-fkins and Lamb-fkins, fo tanned for Gloves and Ba-  
zils, imported in the whole Hide or Skin, and not cut or di-  
minifhed in any Refpect whatever

for every Dozen of Goat-fkins, tanned in Ireland, to refemble  
Spanish Leather

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0 8 1

1 9 9

0 4 0  $\frac{1}{2}$

2 2 0

0 0 1  $\frac{1}{2}$

0 0 1  $\frac{1}{2}$

0 4 0

# TABLE Q.

Leather, viz.

for every Dozen of Sheep-skins, tanned in Ireland, for Roans, being after the Nature of Spanish Leather -  
 for every Pound Weight, Avoirdupois, of all other Hides or Skins, not before enumerated, and of all Pieces and Parts of Hides or Skins tanned in Ireland -  
 for all Hides of Horses, Mares, and Geldings, dressed in Alum and Salt or Meal, or otherwise tawed in Ireland, for each such Hide -  
 for all Hides of Steers, Cows, or any other Hides whatsoever, dressed in Alum and Salt or Meal, or otherwise tawed in Ireland (those of Horses, Mares, and Geldings excepted), for every Hide -  
 for every Pound Weight, Avoirdupois, of all Calf-skins, Kips, and Seal-skins, dressed in Alum and Salt or Meal, or otherwise tawed in Ireland, and imported into Great Britain, in the whole Skin, neither cut nor diminished in any Respect whatever -

Customs. £. s. d.	Excise. £. s. d.
	0 2 3
	0 0 6
	0 1 6
	0 3 0
	0 0 1½

for every Dozen of Slink Calf-skins, dressed in Allum and Salt or Meal, or otherwise tawed with the Hair on, in Ireland	0	3	0
for every Dozen of Slink Calf-skins, dressed in Allum and Salt or Meal, or otherwise tawed without Hair in Ireland; and for every Dozen of Dog-skins and Kid-skins, dressed in Allum and Salt or Meal, or otherwise tawed in Ireland	0	1	0
for every Pound Weight, Avoirdupois, of Buck and Doe-skins, dressed in Allum and Salt or Meal, or otherwise tawed, in Ireland, and imported in the whole Skin, not cut nor diminished in any Respect whatever	0	0	6
for every Dozen of Goat-skins and Beaver-skins, dressed in Allum and Salt, or Meal, or otherwise tawed, in Ireland	0	2	0
for every Pound Weight, Avoirdupois, of Sheep-skins and Lamb-skins, dressed in Allum and Salt or Meal, or otherwise tawed, in Ireland, imported in the whole Skin, not cut or diminished	0	0	1½
for every Pound Weight, Avoirdupois, of all other Hides and Skins, not before enumerated, and of all Pieces or Parts of Hides or Skins, dressed in Allum and Salt or Meal, or otherwise tawed, in Ireland	0	0	6
for every Pound Weight, Avoirdupois, of all Buck, Deer, and Elk-skins, dressed in Oil in Ireland, and imported in the whole Skin, and not cut nor diminished	0	1	0

T A B L E Q.

	Customs. £. s. d.	Excise. £. s. d.
Leather, viz.		
for every Pound Weight, Avoirdupois, of all Sheep and Lamb- skins, dressed in Oil, in Ireland	- - -	- - -
for every Pound Weight, Avoirdupois, of all other Hides and Skins, and Parts and Pieces of Hides and Skins, dressed in Oil, in Ireland	- - -	- - -
Leather unmanufactured, for every Dozen of Irish Vellum	- - -	- - -
for every Dozen of Irish Parchment	- - -	- - -
Leather, manufactured into Goods and Wares:		
for every Pound Weight, Avoirdupois, of tanned Leather, manufactured, and actually made into Goods or Wares, in Ireland	- - -	- - -
Irish made Boots and Shoes, and Gloves, and other Manufactures made of tawed or dressed Lea- ther	- - -	- - -
all Buck and Deer-skins, and Elk-skins, dressed in Oil, and manufactured into Goods and Wares, in Ireland	- - -	- - -

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all Sheep and Lamb-skins, dressed in Oil.

all Sheep and Lamb-skins, dressed in Oil,  
and manufactured into Goods or Wares, in Ireland  
all other Hides and Skins, not before enu-  
merated, dressed in Oil, and manufactured into Goods or  
Wares, in Ireland

Mead or Metheglin, for every Gallon, English Wine-measure, of Irish  
Paper, for every Pound Weight, Avoirdupois, of Irish-paper, fit or  
proper, or that may be used for, or applied to, the Uses or  
Purposes of Writing, Drawing, and Printing, or either of  
them, and of all Irish Elephant-papers, and Cartridge-papers

Irish Coloured-pa-  
pers, and Whited-brown-papers (other than and except  
Elephant and Cartridge-papers), fit and proper for the Use  
and Purpose of Wrapping up Goods, and not fit or proper  
or capable of being used for, or applied to, the Purposes of  
either Writing, Drawing, or Printing

Irish Brown-paper,  
fit and proper for the Use and Purpose of Wrapping up  
Goods, and not fit or proper, or capable of being used for or  
applied to the Uses and Purposes of Writing, Drawing, and  
Printing, or either of them

0 0 3

0 0 6  
0 1 0½

0 0 2½

0 0 1

0 0 0½

# TABLE Q.

Paper, viz.

for every Pound Weight, Avoirdupois, of every Sort or Kind of Irish Paper, not before enumerated, Sheathing and Button-board excepted

for every Hundred Weight of Irish Paste-board, Mill-board, and Scale-board

Irish glazed Papers for Clothiers and Hot-pressers

for every Pound Weight, Avoirdupois, of Books, bound or unbound, and of Maps or Prints, imported directly from Ireland

Printed Goods, for every Yard square of Irish printed, painted, or stained Papers, to serve for Hangings, and other Uses

for every Yard in Length, reckoning Yard-wide, of foreign Callicoes and foreign Muslins, printed, painted, stained, or dyed in Ireland (except such as shall be dyed throughout of one Colour) over and above any Duty of Customs payable on the Importation of foreign Callicoes and foreign Muslins

Customs. £. s. d.	Excise. £. s. d.
	0 0 2½
	0 10 6
	0 6 0
	0 0 2
	0 0 1½
	0 0 7

of all Irish printed, painted, stained, or dyed Irish-made Calicoes, Muslins, Li- nens, and Stuffs, made either of Cotton or Linen, mixed with other Materials, Fustians, Velvets, Dimities, and other figured Stuffs, made of Cotton and other Mate- rials, mixed or wholly made of Cotton-wool (except such as shall be dyed throughout of one Colour only) -	0	0	3½
for every Yard in Length, reckoning Yard-wide, of all Irish printed, stained, painted, or dyed Irish, made of Stuffs not before enumerated (except such as shall be dyed throughout of one Colour only, and except Stuffs made of Woollen, or whereof the greatest Part in Value shall be Woollen) -	0	0	3½
, reckoning Half-yard wide of all Irish printed, stained, painted, or dyed Silks (Silk Handkerchiefs excepted) over and above any Duty of Customs payable on the Impor- tation of Silk -	0	1	1¼
for every Yard square of Irish printed, stained, painted, or dyed, Silk Handkerchiefs, and so in Proportion for wide or narrow Silk Handkerchiefs, over and above any Duty of Customs payable on Silk -	0	0	4½
Salt, for every Bushel, consisting of fifty-six Pounds Weight, Avoidu- pois, of Irish Salt, or Irish Glauber, or Irish Epfom Salt -	0	10	0
of sixty-five Pounds Weight, Avoidupois, of Irish Rock-salt -	0	10	0

TABLE Q.

Silk Manufactures, of Ribbands and Stuffs of Silk only, the Pound, of fifteen Ounces

Note—Two-thirds of the Weight of Gauze and One-third of the Weight of Grape is to be deducted for Gum and Drefs.

Silk, and Ribbands of Silk, mixed with Gold or Silver, the Pound, of sixteen Ounces

Silk-stockings, Silk-gloves, Silk-fringe, Silk-laces, stitching or sewing Silk

Silk, Manufactures of, not otherwise enumerated

Stuffs of Silk or Grogram-yarns

Stuffs of Silk mixed with Inkle or Cotton

Stuffs of Silk and Worsted

Stuffs of Silk mixed with any other Material

Soap, for every Pound Weight, Avoirdupois, of Irish hard, Cake, or

Ball-soap

of Irish Soft-soap

Customs. £. s. d.	Excise. £. s. d.
0 5 0	
0 6 8	
0 3 0	
0 4 0	
0 1 2	
0 1 8	
0 0 10	
0 1 3	
	0 0 2½
	0 0 1½

Spirits, British, for every Gallon, English Wine-measure, of Spirits, Aqua-vitæ, or Strong Waters, distilled or made in Ireland, and imported at a Strength not exceeding one to ten over Hydrometer Proof

0 5 1½

Note—Spirits above the Strength of one to ten will be charged in proportion: and on Sweetened or compounded Spirits, the Duty will be computed upon the highest Degree of Strength at which such Spirits can be made.

Starch, for every Pound Weight of Irish Starch or Hair-powder, of what Kind soever

0 0 3½

Sugars, Refined, viz. called Bastards, whole or ground, the Hundred Weight

0 18 2  
1 14 0½  
1 16 4  
1 19 1  
1 14 0½  
1 19 1  
1 19 1

Lumps

Single Loaf

Powder Loaf and Double Loaf

Sugar-candy, brown

white

Sugar, Refined, of any other Sort  
Sweets, for every Barrel of 31½ Gallons, English Wine-measure, of Irish Sweets, or other Irish Liquor, made by Infusion, Fermentation, or otherwise, from Fruit or Sugar, or from Fruit or Sugar mixed with any other Materials or Ingredients

T A B L E Q.

	Customs. £. s. d.	Excise. £. s. d.
whatsoever, commonly called Sweets, or called or distinguished by the Name of Made Wines	-	2 2 0
Tobacco and Snuff, for every Pound Weight, Avoirdupois, of manufactured Tobacco, of the Growth of Ireland, over and above any Duty of Customs	-	0 1 1
of Irish manufactured	-	0 1 1
Short-cut Tobacco, or Tobacco manufactured into what is commonly called or known by the Name of Spanish	-	0 1 7
of Irish manufactured Shag	-	0 1 5 $\frac{3}{4}$
of Irish manufactured Roll	-	0 1 7
of Irish manufactured Carrot	-	0 1 5 $\frac{1}{2}$
of Irish manufactured	-	0 1 7
not before enumerated	-	0 1 7
of Irish manufactured	-	0 1 7
Rappee-snuff	-	0 1 4 $\frac{1}{4}$
of Irish manufactured	-	0 1 4 $\frac{1}{4}$
Scotch-snuff	-	0 1 10 $\frac{3}{4}$
of Irish manufactured	-	0 1 10 $\frac{3}{4}$
brown Scotch-snuff	-	0 1 3 $\frac{3}{4}$

Tobacco-stalk-flour	-	-	of Irish manufactured	0	1	9
Kind of Irish manufactured Snuff, or Snuff-work, not herein-before enumerated	-	-	of every other Sort or	0	1	10 $\frac{1}{2}$
Tobacco unmanufactured, the Pound	-	-	-	0	0	6 $\frac{6}{16}$
Verjuice, for every Hogthead of 63 Gallons, English Wine-measure, of Irish Verjuice	-	-	English Wine-measure, of	0	7	8
Vinegar, for every Barrel of 34 Gallons, English Beer-measure, of Irish Vinegar	-	-	English Beer-measure, of Irish	0	12	8
Wire, for every Ounce, Troy-weight, of Irish Gilt-wire	-	-	-	0	0	9 $\frac{1}{4}$
for every Pound Weight, Avoirdupois, of Irish Gold-thread,	-	-	of Irish Silver-wire	0	0	7
Gold-lace, or Gold-fringe, made of Plate-wire spun upon Silk	-	-	of Irish Silver-thread, Silver-lace,	0	7	8
or Silver-fringe, made of Plate-wire spun upon Silk	-	-	-	0	5	9

T A B L E Q.  
SCHEDULE No. I.

B.

*On Importation into Ireland from Great Britain.*

	Customs. £. s. d.	Excise. £. s. d.
Beer, for and upon every Barrel of 32 Gallons - - -	-	-
Bottles, Glafs, for and upon each reputed Quart - -	-	-
Leather, unmanufactured, for and upon each Pound in every Hide or Skin, or Piece of any such Hide or Skin, of what Kind or Denomination soever, other than such as are herein-after mentioned - - -	-	-
for and upon each Hide of Horses, Mares, or Geldings - - -	-	-
for and upon all Skins, called Veal-skins, and all Skins of Hogs, for every dozen Skins thereof, and in Proportion for the Quantity - - -	-	-
for and upon all Skins for Shoes and other like Purposes, and all Seal-skins, for every Dozen thereof, and	-	-
	0 0	0 0
	0 0	0 1 0
	0 0	0 5 0

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in Proportion for the Quantity  
 for and upon all Skins for Bookbinder's Use,  
 for every Dozen thereof, and in Proportion for the Quantity  
 for and upon all Goat-skins, tanned with Shu-  
 mack, or otherwise, to resemble Spanish Leather, and all  
 Sheep-skins tanned for Roans, being after the Nature of  
 Spanish Leather, for every Pound Weight, Avoirdupois -  
 for and upon all Sheep and Lamb-skins,  
 tanned for Gloves and Basils, for every Pound Weight,  
 Avoirdupois, and so in Proportion -  
 , dressed in Oil, for and upon every Skin and Hide, and Piece  
 of such Hide and Skin, other than such as are herein-after  
 mentioned, for every Pound Weight, Avoirdupois -  
 for and upon all Deer-skins, Goat-skins, and  
 Beaver-skins, for every Pound Weight, Avoirdupois -  
 for and upon all Calf-skins, for every Pound  
 Weight, Avoirdupois -  
 for and upon all Sheep and Lamb-skins, for  
 every Pound Weight, Avoirdupois -  
 Vellum and Parchment, for and upon every dozen Skins  
 of Vellum -  
 of Parchment -

0	2	6
0	1	0
0	0	1
0	0	0 $\frac{1}{2}$
0	0	2
0	0	3
0	0	2
0	0	0 $\frac{1}{2}$
0	0	6
0	0	3

# TABLE Q.

Leather, Manufactured into Goods and Wares.  
for and upon all tanned Leather manufactured into Goods  
and Wares, whereof Leather is the most valuable Part,  
the following Duties, viz.

“ for and upon every Pound Weight, Avoirdupois, of tan-  
ned Leather, manufactured, and actually made into  
Goods and Wares in Great Britain, of Leather only, or  
of which Leather makes the most valuable Part -

of taw-  
ed or dressed Leather, manufactured or actually made  
in Great Britain, of Leather only, or of which Leather  
makes the most valuable Part -

of all  
Buck and Deer-skins, and Elk-skins, dressed in Oil, and  
manufactured into Goods and Wares in Great Britain, of  
Leather only, or of which Leather makes the most va-  
luable Part -

of all  
Sheep and Lamb-skins, dressed in Oil, and manufactured

Customs.  
£. s. d.

Excise.  
£. s. d.

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0 0 1

0 0 1

0 0 3

into Goods and Wares in Great Britain, of Leather only,  
or of which Leather makes the most valuable Part -

of all  
other Hides and Skins, not herein-before enumerated,  
dressed in Oil, and manufactured into Goods and Wares  
in Great Britain, of Leather only, or of which Leather is  
the most valuable Part -

Paper, for any upon every Pound Weight, Avoirdupois, of Paper, fit or  
proper for, or that may be used for, or applied to, the Uses  
or Purposes of either Writing, Drawing, or Printing, and all  
Elephant, and all Cartridge Paper -

for every Pound Weight, Avoirdupois, of all coloured Paper,  
and Whited-brown Papers, other than and except Elephant  
and Cartridge Paper, fit or proper for the Uses or Purposes  
of Wrapping-up Goods, and not fit or proper, or capable of  
being used for or applied to the Uses or Purposes of Writing,  
Drawing, and Printing, or either of them, and also except  
Paper-hangings -

of Brown Paper, fit and proper for the  
Use or Purpose of Wrapping-up Goods, and not fit or pro-  
per, or capable of being used for or applied to the Uses or  
Purposes of Writing, Drawing, or Printing, or either of them

0 0 0  $\frac{1}{2}$

0 0 2

0 0 2  $\frac{1}{2}$

0 0 1

0 0 0  $\frac{1}{2}$

# TABLE Q.

Paper, viz:

for and upon every Hundred Weight of glazed Paper, for Clo-  
thiers and Hot-pressers, and so in proportion for the Quan-  
tity - - - - -

of Paste-board, Mill-board, and  
Scale-board, and so in proportion for the Quantity - - -

for and upon every Pound Weight of every Sort or Kind of  
Paper, not herein-before particularly enumerated, other than  
and except Papers commonly called or known by the Names  
of Sheathing-paper, and Button-paper or Button-board, and  
Paper-hangings - - - - -

, Stained Paper, for and upon every square Yard of printed,  
painted, or stained Paper, for Hangings or other uses, and  
so in proportion - - - - -

for and upon every Pound Weight, Avoirdupois, of Books,  
bound or unbound, and of Maps or Prints, imported into  
Ireland from Great Britain - - - - -

Cards, for and upon every Pack of printed, painted, or playing  
Cards, made or manufactured in Great Britain - - -

Customs. £. s. d.	Excise. £. s. d.
	0 5 0
	0 10 0
	0 0 2½
	0 0 1
	0 0 2
	0 1 5

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and a further Duty of 2d. per Pound Weight

and a further Duty of 2½d. per Pound Weight  
 Dice, for and upon every Pair of Dice made or manufactured in Great Britain - - - - -  
 Wrought Plate, for and upon every Ounce, Troy Weight, of Gold or Silver Plate, wrought, made, or manufactured in Great Britain - - - - -  
 Silk Manufacture, for and upon all Silks being of the Manufacture of Great Britain, and imported directly from thence, the following Duties, viz.  
 for and upon all Ribbands and Stuffs of Silk only, for every Pound Weight thereof, of sixteen Ounces - - - - -  
 for and upon all Silk, and Ribbands of Silk, mixed with Gold or Silver, for every Pound Weight thereof, of sixteen Ounces - - - - -  
 for and upon all Silk-sockings, Silk-gloves, Silk-fringe, Silk-laces, stitching and sewing Silk, for every Pound Weight thereof, of sixteen Ounces - - - - -  
 for and upon all Manufactures of Silk not otherwise enumerated, for every Pound Weight thereof, of sixteen Ounces - - - - -  
 for and upon all Stuffs of Silk and Grogram-yarn, the Pound Weight, of sixteen Ounces - - - - -  
 for and upon all Stuffs of Silk mixed with Inkle or Cotton, the Pound Weight, of sixteen Ounces - - - - -

0	10	0
0	0	6
0	2	1
0	2	9
0	1	3
0	1	8
0	0	6
0	0	9

T A B L E Q.

Silk Manufacture.

for and upon all Stuffs of Silk and Worsted mixed, the Pound  
Weight of 16 Ounces - - -  
, for and upon all Stuffs of Silk mixed with any other Material, ditto  
Spirits, for and upon every Gallon of Spirits, being of the Manufacture  
of Great Britain, imported from thence - - -  
Sugar, Refined, of the Manufacture of Great Britain, and imported  
directly from thence, the following Duties, viz.  
for and upon all Sugar called Bastards, white or ground, the  
Hundred Weight - - -

Lumps - - -  
Single Loaf-sugar - - -  
Powder Loaf and Double Loaf  
Sugar-candy, brown - - -  
white - - -  
Refined of any other Sort - - -

Sweets, for and upon every Barrel of 32 Gallons, Wine-measure, of  
British Sweets, or other British Liquor, made by Infusion,  
Fermentation, or otherwise, from Fruit or Sugar, or from  
Fruit and Sugar mixed with any other Material or Ingre-

Customs. £. s. d.	Excise. £. s. d.
	0 0 4
	0 0 6½
	0 3 7
	0 19 8
	1 16 10¼
	1 19 4
	2 2 4
	1 16 10
	2 2 4
	2 2 4

lients whatsoever, commonly called Sweets, or called or distinguished by the Name of Made Wines	-	0 10 0
for and upon every Gallon of Mead or Metheglin	-	0 0 4
for and upon every Barrel, of 32 Gallons, of Vinegar	-	0 3 0
Tobacco and Snuff, for and upon every Pound Weight, Avoirdupois, of unmanufactured Tobacco, of the Growth and Produce of Great Britain, over and above any Duty of Customs now payable	-	0 0 5
of the British Manufactured Short-cut Tobacco, or Tobacco manufactured into what is commonly called or known by the Name of Spanish of British manufacture	-	0 1 0, $\frac{7}{8}$
Shag Tobacco, cut	-	0 0 11
Roll Tobacco	-	0 1 0, $\frac{7}{8}$
manufactured Carrot Tobacco	-	0 0 11
manufactured Tobacco not herein before enumerated	-	0 1 0, $\frac{7}{8}$
manufactured Rappee-snuff	-	0 0 10, $\frac{1}{2}$

T A B L E Q.

	Customs. £. s. d.	Excise. £. s. d.
manufactured Snuff, called Scotch-snuff - of British	0 1 4	0 1 4
manufactured Snuff, called Brown Scotch Snuff - of British	0 0 9 $\frac{1}{2}$	0 0 9 $\frac{1}{2}$
manufactured Stalk-flour - of every	0 1 3	0 1 3
other Sort or Kind of British manufactured Snuff, or Snuff- work, not herein-before enumerated -	0 1 4	0 1 4

SCHEDULE, No. II.

*Of the Articles charged with the Duties specified upon Importation into Great Britain and Ireland, respectively, according to the sixth Article of Union.*

Apparel, Brads wrought, Cabinet-ware, Coaches and other Carriages, Copper wrought, Cottons other than Calicoes and Muffins, Glafs, Haberdashery, Hats, Tin-plates, Wrought-iron and Hardware, Gold and Silver-lace, Gold and Silver-thread, Bullion for Lace, Pearls and Spangles, Millinery, Paper stained, Pottery, Sadlery, and other manufactured Leather, Silk Manufacture, Stockings; to pay ten Pounds per Cent. on the true Value.

# T A B L E R.

WEST INDIA DOCK COMPANY, ISLE OF DOGS.

*Rates or Duties payable to the Company for Ships and Goods, with an Abstract of Regulations respecting the same, 39 Geo. III. July 12, 1799.*

Orders given by the Directors, Harbour-masters, or Dock-masters, not to affect the Responsibility of the Person having Charge of the Vessel.

The Canal, New Docks, &c. to be Parts of the Port of London, and Goods, Vessels, &c. in the Use thereof, subject to the present Port Regulations and Duties.

The Quays in the Docks walled round, are to be legal Quays.

All Ships arriving in the River Thames from any Part of the West Indies, with Cargoes of West India Produce, and from any other Part of the World than the West Indies, with West India Produce, three Commissioners of the Customs may, by Writing, order the same to be unshipped and landed within the said Docks, or on the Quays and Wharfs belonging; and after the before-mentioned Produce has been so unshipped and landed, and the Duty of 6s. 8d. per Ton, or in Proportion, if the Ship is not wholly laden with West India Produce, has been paid, the Ship is to be permitted to go into the River to discharge the Remainder of her Cargo, or, if wholly discharged, for the other necessary Purposes. If West India Produce is landed in any other Place in or near the Port of London, it is forfeited, and subject to a further Penalty of 100l. for

every Offence. If from any Cause Ships arriving from the West Indies into the River Thames, cannot be admitted into the Docks, three Commissioners of the Customs may permit the Cargoes to be landed at such other legal Quays, or other Places, as they shall direct, within the Port of London. All Tobacco in any such Ships, unshipped in any of these Docks, to be put into Carts or decked Lighters, without ascertaining the Duties thereupon, in order to be conveyed to the King's Tobacco-warehouses at the Charges of the West India Dock Company, who are to receive such Recompense, for so conveying the Tobacco, as shall not exceed what for the Time being is the whole Expence of Conveyance from the Tobacco-ships, at their proper Moorings in the Port, to the King's Tobacco-warehouses.

All Ships outward-bound to the West Indies, to ship and take in their respective Cargoes, and be loaded either in one of these Docks, or in the River below the Entrance into the Canal leading to the Docks at Black-wall; and if any Ship, so outward-bound, ships or takes in any Part of the Cargo elsewhere, the Owners or Master of the Vessel forfeit 100l.

Any Ship is allowed to take on board, for His Majesty's Service, Naval Stores at the King's Dock-yard or Victualling-office at Deptford, upon producing to the Dock-master, or his known Assistant, a Certificate from one of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Navy or Victualling, of the Ship being so engaged.

No Goods are to be landed in the Docks at any other Places than the Quays and Landing-places under the Penalty of 100l. and the Vessels are to unload as soon as may be, and then to be removed; the Dock-master or his Assistant to order out light Vessels, and the Parties neglecting to quit forfeit 10l. and the Dock-master or his Assistant may remove such Vessels, the charges attending which may, on Non-payment, be levied by Distress and Sale.

# TABLE R.

No Vessel or Boat of any Description is to enter any of the Cuts, Basons, or Docks with more than one Pound of Gunpowder, nor before they have unloaded and cleared their Guns. No Tar, Pitch, Rosin, Hemp, Flax, Faggots, Furze, Turpentine, Oil, Hay, Straw, Tallow, Grease, Shavings of Wood, or combustible Matter of any Kind, to remain on the Quays, or any Part thereof, or on the Deck of any Vessel in the Docks, Basons, or Cuts, more than 12 Hours, the Defaulters to pay not less than 5*l.* or more than 10*l.*

*From August 1, 1800, the following Rates payable to his Majesty*

for fourteen Years from every Ship or Vessel trading to, frequenting, or using the Port of London, according to the Tonnage-burden, at the Time of entering inwards, or clearing outwards.  
1*st.* Clafs. For every Ship or Vessel trading Coastwise, between the Port of London and any Port or Place in Great Britain, the Orkneys, Shetland, or the Western Islands of Scotland, for every Voyage, both in and out of the Port, inclusive, one Penny per

Ton.

2*d.* Clafs. For every Ship or Vessel arriving in the Port from Denmark, Norway, or Lapland (on this side of the North Cape), or from Holstein, Hamburg, Bremen, or any other Part of Germany bordering on or near the Germanic Ocean, or from Holland, or any other Part of the United Provinces, or from Brabant, Antwerp, Flanders, or any other Part of the Netherlands, or from France (within Ushant), Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, Sark, Ireland, or the Isle of Man, one

Penny Farthing per Ton.—And for every Ship or Vessel clearing outwards, in, or departing from the Port to any of the Countries or Places before-mentioned, one Penny Farthing per Ton.

3d. Clafs. For every Ship or Vessel arriving in the Port from Lapland (beyond the North Cape), Finland, Ruffia (without or within the Baltic Sea), Livonia, Courland, Poland, Pruffia, Sweden, or any other Country or Place within the Baltic Sea, two Pence per Ton.—And for every Ship or Vessel clearing outwards, in, or departing from the Port to any of the Countries, or Places last herein-before mentioned, two Pence per Ton.

4th. Clafs. For every Ship or Vessel arriving in the Port from France (between Ufhant and Spain), Portugal, Spain (without the Mediterranean), or any of the Azores, Madeira, or Canary Iflands, or any of the United States of America, or of the Britifh Colonies or Provinces in North America, or from Florida, two Pence Halfpenny per Ton.—And for every Ship or Vessel clearing outwards, in, or departing from the Port to any of the Countries, or Places last herein-before mentioned, two Pence Halfpenny per Ton.

5th. Clafs. For every Ship or Vessel arriving in the Port from Greenland, Gibraltar, France, or Spain (within the Mediterranean), or any Country, Ifland, Part, or Place bordering in or near the Mediterranean, or Adriatic Sea, or from the Weft Indies, Louifiana, Mexico, South America, Africa, Eaft Indies, China, or any other Country, Ifland, Part, or Place, within or bordering on, or near the Pacific Ocean, or from any other Country, Ifland, Part, or Place whatfoever to the fouthward of twenty-five Degrees of North Latitude, three Pence Halfpenny per

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Ton.—And for every Ship or Vessel Clearing outwards, in, or departing from the Port to any of the Countries, Islands, Parts, or Places last herein-before mentioned, three Pence Halfpenny per Ton.

None of his Majesty's Ships of War, or any Ship or Vessel belonging to his Majesty, or to any of the Royal Family, nor any Ship or Vessel coming or going coastwise of forty-five Tons or under, nor any Vessel bringing Corn coastwise, the principal part of the Cargo being Corn, nor any Fishing Smacks, Lobster and Oyfter Boats, or Vessels for Passengers, nor any Vessel or Craft navigating the River above and below London Bridge as far as Gravesend only, to be charged with these Rates or Duties.

From and after the Expiration of the Term of three Years next ensuing the Time when the Canal shall be first ready for Use, and Notice shall have been given of the same in the London Gazette, and Two or more Public Morning Newspapers usually circulated in London, the following Rates are to be Payable to the Mayor, Commonalty, and Citizens of London upon the under mentioned Ships or Vessels entering within any Lock or Flood-gate of the Canal, which is to be paid once only for every Transit or Passage across the Isle of Dogs, whether upwards or downwards.

For every Ship or Vessel, Lighter, Barge, or other Craft, loaden or unloaden, if of two Hundred Tons or upwards (Register-measurement), two Pence per Ton.

if of one Hundred Tons, and under two Hundred Tons,

, if of one Hundred Tons, and under two Hundred Tons, (Register-measurement), one Penny Halfpenny per Ton.

, if of fifty Tons, and under one Hundred Tons (Register-measurement), the Sum of Ten Shillings.

All Vessels carrying Sail, if of twenty Tons, and under fifty Tons, the Sum of five Shillings;

And every Lighter, Barge, Boat, or Craft, which shall be rowed through the said Canal by any of the Persons using the same, the Sum of one Shilling.

N. B. This transit Duty may be lowered, and again raised, not exceeding as before stated.

From and after Notice of the completion of the Docks, and other Works, by Public Advertisement in the London Gazette, and two or more Public Morning Newspapers usually circulated in London, there shall be Payable and Paid to the West India Dock Company the Rate or Duty of six Shillings and eight Pence for every Ton of the Burden of every Ship or Vessel entering into, and using any of the said Docks, Basons, or Cuts, for and in satisfaction of the Use and Convenience of the Docks, and all Charges and Expences of Navigating, Mooring, Unmooring, Removing, and Management of the Ship or Vessel, from her Arrival at the Entrance into the Docks, at Blackwall, until the Ship or Vessel shall be Unloaded and Moored in the Dock for light Ships or Vessels, and also of the Unloading or Unshipping of the Cargo within the Docks, and the Landing-waiters Fees on Account thereof, and the Cooperage, and Hoops, and Nails which the Cargo may require in the course of Unlading, together with the Use of the light Dock for any space of Time not exceeding six Months from the Time of Un-

T A B L E R.

loading; and there shall also be paid to the West India Dock Company for all Goods, &c. imported from the West Indies, landed, unshipped, or discharged from any Ship or Vessel entering into and using any of the Docks, or any of the Basons or Cuts, by the Owners or Consignees of the Goods, &c. respectively (over and above the Rates and Duties herein-before mentioned) the several Rates or Duties herein-after particularly described,

That is to say, for Aloes	-	-	4	8	} per Hundred Weight.
Balsam, Natural	-	-	4	8	
Cassia	-	-	4	8	
Cortex Winteranus	-	-	4	8	
Cocoa	-	-	1	6	
Coffee	-	-	1	6	
Cotton-wool	-	-	2	6	
Dyers' Woods	-	-	0	6	
Ginger	-	-	3	8	
Gum Guaiacum	-	-	4	8	
Hides	-	-	0	6	} per Dozen.
Indigo	-	-	2	6	
Marmalade	-	-	2	6	} per Hundred Weight.
Oil of Castor	-	-	2	6	

Pimento	-	-	-	3	2	per Hundred Weight.
Rum	-	-	-	0	1	per Gallon.
Sarsaparilla	-	-	-	6	0	} per Hundred Weight.
Sugar	-	-	-	0	8	
Succads (in Boxes)	-	-	-	5	0	
Tamarinds and Succads in Jars	-	-	-	2	6	per Jar.
Tortoiseshell	-	-	-	5	0	} per Hundred Weight.
Turneric	-	-	-	4	8	
Wine, including Madeira	-	-	-	0	1	per Gallon.

For every Cask, Case, Bundle, Bale, or other Package, containing any Article of Merchandise not otherwise specified in this Table, weighing two Hundred Weight or upwards, five Shillings.

For every such Cask, Case, Bundle, Bale, or other Package, being under the Weight of two Hundred Weight, two Shillings and six Pence.

For any Article of Merchandise brought loose (except Wood) not otherwise specified in this Table, subject to any Duty of Customs, chargeable according to the Weight, for every Hundred Weight, one Shilling.

For any Article of Merchandise brought loose, not herein-before specified, whether subject to any Duty of Customs or not, landed within the Dock Premises, a Rate or Duty not exceeding the Rate or Charge heretofore usually paid in the Port of London, for Lighterage, landing, loading, and housing of any such Article.

Which Rates or Duties are for the Use and Convenience of the Docks, Quays, Wharfs, Cranes, and other Machines belonging thereto, and the Land-waiters,

# TABLE R.

Fees on Account of such Goods after being unshipped, and all Charges and Expences of Wharfage, landing, housing, and weighing, and of such Coöperage as the same may respectively want after being unshipped, and all Rent for Warehouse room for such Goods, for the Space of twelve Weeks, in the Company's Warehouses, and all Charges of Delivery from the said Warehouses; which Rate or Duty of six Shillings and eight Pence per Ton shall be paid at the Time of the Ship or Vessel's Entry inwards or Clearance outwards, at the Custom-house in the Port of London; or for Want of such Entry, then at any Time before such Ships, or Vessels respectively shall sail or proceed from the said Docks or Basons, so as no Ship or other Vessel shall be subject or liable to the Payment of the said Rate or Duty of six Shillings and eight Pence per Ton more than once for every Voyage, both out and Home inclusive; and the Rates or Duties upon the Goods, Wares, and Merchandise imported from the West Indies, subject to the Payment of any Duty to His Majesty, shall be paid when the Post-entry of such Goods, &c. shall be made at the Custom-house to the Officer appointed to receive the same; and the Rates or Duties upon the Goods, &c. as shall not be subject to the Payment of any Duty to His Majesty shall be paid before such Goods, &c. respectively shall be taken from the said Dock-premises; but any Vessel or Ship arriving in the Docks not fully laden, the Rate of six Shillings and eight-pence per Ton shall only be paid for, and in proportion to the actual Tonnage of the Cargo imported in such Vessel, and not upon the Register-tonnage thereof, and such Ships or

Vessels as shall arrive in the Docks from any Part or Parts of the World than the West Indies, with Goods, &c. of the Growth or Produce of the West Indies, the Rate or Duty of six Shillings and eight Pence per Ton shall be payable only for and in proportion to the Quantity of Goods, &c. of the Growth or Produce of the West Indies, on board of the same Ships respectively.

This Rate or Duty of six Shillings and eight Pence per Ton is not chargeable upon any Lighters or Craft entering into the said Docks, or Basons, or Cuts, to convey, deliver, discharge, or receive Ballast or Goods, &c. or from on board of any Ship or Vessel.

The Directors may vary the Rates, so as every Alteration be approved of by the Company, and the Common Council may vary the transit Rates so as not raised higher than before expressed.

The Committees may employ and contract with any fit Persons, whether Freemen of London or not.

The Rights of the Corporation of London are not to be prejudiced.

## T A B L E R\*.

## LONDON DOCK COMPANY, WHIPPING.

*Rates or Duties payable to the Company for every Ship or Vessel entering into the Basins, Docks, or Cuts, by the Master or Owner, according to the Register Tonnage, 39 £ 40 Geo. III. June 20, 1800.*

		£.	s.	d.
1st Clafs.	For every Ship or Vessel, including Colliers, trading Coastwise between the Port of London and any Port or Place in Great Britain, Orkney, Shetland, or the Western Islands of Scotland, for every Ton	0	1	0
2d Clafs.	- - - To or from Ireland, the Isle of Man, Guernsey, Jersey, the Coast of France, from Ushant to Dunkirk, the Coast of Flanders, Holland, Germany, and Denmark, from Dunkirk to below Elfineur to the North Cape, for every Ton	0	1	3
3d Clafs.	- - - To or from Elfineur, and to and from all Ports and Places whatsoever in the Baltic, Archangel, Onega, and all Ports and Places to the Eastward of the North Cape, for every Ton	0	1	6
4th Clafs.	- - - To or from France to the Southward of Ushant, the Coasts of Spain and Portugal to the Northward of Cape St. Vincent, Newfoundland, Madeira, the Canaries, the Azores, for every Ton	0	1	9

## 5th Clafs.

- - - To or from all Ports or Places in Europe to the Southward of Cape St. Vincent, all Ports and Places within the Mediterranean, Africa, North America, South America, the Southern Whale Fisheries, Hudfon's Bay, for every Ton - - - 0 2 0

## 6th Clafs.

- - - To or from all Ports or Places in the East Indies, China, Perfia, and to and from all other Ports or Places whatsoever, not herein-before named, for every Ton - - - 0 2 6

Alfo for every Article of Merchandife, whether fubje&t to any Duty of Customs or not, landed or shipped within the Dock premifes, a Rate or Duty, not exceeding the Rate or Charge heretofore ufually paid in the Port of London, for landing, loading, and houfing, or for fhipping of every fuch Article during the Year 1798; Provided always, that all Lighters and Craft entering into the Docks, Bafons, or Cuts, to difcharge or receive Ballaft or Goods to or from on board any Ship, fhall be exempted from any Rates or Duties. No Collector of his Majesty's Customs, inwards, outwards, or coaftwife, in the Port of London is on any Pretence whatever to permit or allow any Ship or Veffel on which Duties of Tonnage are by this A&t impofed, to be entered inwards, or cleared outwards, unlefs and until a Certificate, under the Hand of the Officer or Perfon appointed under the Authority of this A&t is produced, to fhew that the faid Duties have been paid, which Payment fhall be made appear by the Signature of the Officer or Perfon fo appointed to receive thefe Duties to the Manifef, Content, Sufterance, or other Document, which muft neceffarily be produced to the Collector of the Customs at the Time of

## T A B L E R\*.

clearing any such Ship or Vessel, either outwards to foreign Parts, or Coastwise outwards, as the Case may be.

For and during the Term of twenty-one Years, commencing from and next ensuing the Time when the Docks, Quays, or Wharfs, shall be so far completed as to be fit and ready for the Reception of Ships and landing of Goods, "all Ships and Vessels arriving in the Port of London for Discharge, laden with Tobacco, or with Rice not the Produce of the East or West Indies, or laden with Wine or Brandy not imported in Ships from the East or West Indies, shall unlade and land the Whole of their respective Cargoes within some or one of these Docks, or on the Quays or Wharfs belonging thereto, and the Duties payable to His Majesty in respect of the said Cargoes, shall be ascertained at such Quays or Wharfs, and not elsewhere, and if any such Goods or Merchandise shall thereafter be landed at any other Place than the said Quays or Wharfs, the same shall be forfeited, and the Owner or Master of any such Ship or Vessel shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of 100l. Provided nevertheless, That if any such Ship or Vessel shall not have on board more than twenty Pipes of Wine or Brandy, or of *forty* Hogheads of either, or a Quantity of either not exceeding twenty Pipes or forty Hogheads, or if any such Ship or Vessel shall not have on board more than fifty Barrels or one hundred Half-barrels of Rice, then and in every such Case, such Ship or Vessel shall not be compelled or compellable to unload or discharge such Wine, Brandy, or Rice, within the said Docks, but may unload or discharge the same at any other Place

within the Port of London: Provided also, That if the Cargoes of such Ship or Vessel (other than and except as before-mentioned) shall consist of Fruit, as well as of Wine or Brandy, then such Ship or Vessel may (previous to her entering into these Docks, for the Purpose of unloading and discharging such Part of her Cargo as shall consist of Wine or Brandy) unload and discharge such Part of her Cargo as shall consist of Fruit, at any of the present legal Quays or other allowed Places within the Port of London: Provided always, That if at any Time it shall happen that by reason of these Docks being filled with Shipping, or of some Accident or other Cause, any Ship or Vessel laden as above, cannot be admitted into and unloaded in and at the said Docks, Quays, and Works, then and in every such Case it shall be lawful for three or more Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in England to permit the Cargo of any such Ship or Vessel to be landed and discharged at such other legal Quay, or other Place, within the Port of London, as the said Commissioners shall direct and appoint.

All Ships and Vessels delivering Part of their Cargoes at the Docks or on the Quays, or other Landing-places in the Isle of Dogs, and Part thereof at the Docks or on the Quays by this Act directed to be made, to pay a rateable Part of the Dues payable under the Act passed in the last Session of Parliament for making the Docks and other Works in the Isle of Dogs, and under this present Act, at each of the said Docks, in the Proportion that the Quantity of Goods or Merchandise so discharged or unloaded at each of the said Docks bears to the Register-tonnage of the Ship; and for the Purpose of ascertaining the aforesaid Proportion of Tonnage, and the Quantity of the Goods or Merchandise so partially discharged,

## TABLE R\*.

the Collector of the Dues at the Isle of Dogs (if required) shall make out and deliver to the Collector of the Dues at the Docks by this Act directed to be made, Certificates under his Hand, of the Tonnage of the entire Cargo, as near as may be, and of all Goods and Merchandise so partially landed from all and every the Ships or Vessels landing the same, containing an Account of the Quantities and Species thereof; and the Amount of the Dues paid in respect thereof, shall be paid upon such Goods to be ascertained by the Landing-waiter's Book.

All Acts of Parliament repealed and made void, which prohibit the Entrance of any Ship or Vessel into any Wet-dock in the River Thames (except as to such Ships or Vessels bound by Law to enter particular Docks.)

All Goods, Wares, Merchandise, and Things, whatsoever, landed or shipped upon or from the Quays or Wharfs in or near to the said Docks, or any of them, are subject to the same Tolls, Duties, Dues, and Customs, as if the same were landed upon or shipped from the present legal Quays within the City of London, or as if the same were situated within the said City, except in such Cases as are herein-after specified.

No Ship, Lighter, Barge, Boat, or other Vessel, to land or ship her Cargo, or any Part thereof, by the Sides, or upon or along the Banks of any of the said Docks, Basons, or Cuts, except such Wharfs, Quays, and Landing-places, as shall be made and assigned by the Dock-directors for loading and discharging, or landing and shipping such Cargoes, under Forfeiture, for every Offence, of a Sum not ex-

ceeding 100*l.* and of the Goods or Merchandise so landed or shipped, which are

ceeding 100l. and of the Goods or Merchandise so landed or shipped, which are liable to pay any Duty to His Majesty on such landing or shipping.

No Tar, Pitch, Rosin, Hemp, Flax, Faggots, Furze, Brandy, or other Spirituous Liquors, Turpentine, Oil, Hay, Straw, Tallow, Grease, Shavings of Wood, or Combustible Matter whatsoever of any Kind, to be suffered to be or remain upon these Quays or Wharfs, or any Part thereof, or upon the Deck of any Ship or Vessel in the Basons or Docks, Cuts, or other Works, above the Space of twelve Hours after passing the Custom-house Officers; and in case such Goods, &c. cannot be conveniently removed therefrom by Day-light, the Owner, or the Master of the Vessel, as the Case may be, must have the same carefully watched and guarded for so many Hours, according to the Season of the Year, as the Dock-master, or his Assistants, shall direct; and in case of Neglect or Default, the Dock-master shall set and appoint such sufficient Number of careful Persons as may be requisite to watch and guard the same, at the Expence of the Owner of such Goods, or Ship, and every such Person shall forfeit and pay, for every such Offence, 20l. exclusive of the full Charges of watching and attending the same.

All Ships or Vessels going into the said Docks or Basons, or Cuts, shall and may lie there to unload, on paying the Rates before-mentioned, for the Space of six Weeks, to be computed from the Time of going into the same; and all such Ships or Vessels to pay, if so required, an increased or further weekly Rent of one Farthing per Ton, during two Weeks, and from and after the Expiration of the said two Weeks, if so required, a still further Rate of one Halfpenny per Ton for every

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Week the Ship or other Vessel shall continue there longer; and the Dock-master shall, upon giving five Days previous Notice in Writing to the Master or Owner, order out all light Ships, such as are unfit for Service, whenever the same shall incumber the Basons or Docks, or Cuts, or impede the Business thereof, and every Dock-master, or Owner of any Ship or Vessel, refusing or neglecting so to do, shall forfeit for every Offence 5*l*. and in case of Neglect or Refusal, the Dock-master or his Assistant may remove or cause to be removed all such Vessels out of these Docks and Basons, or Cuts, and lay or moor the same in any Part of the River Thames, within High-water-mark, as conveniently as may be; and if the Charges of removing such Ships or Vessels, after the same have been allowed by thirteen or more of the Directors, are not paid for the Space of five Days after the same have been demanded, they shall be recoverable by Distress and Sale of such Ship or Vessel, or any of her Tackle, Apparel, or Furniture, rendering the Overplus (if any) after deducting the Charges of taking, keeping, and selling of such Distress, to the Owner, Master, Factor, or Agent, of or for such Ship or Vessel, upon the same being demanded.

The Lords Commissioners of the Treasury for the Time being, if they shall think proper, within the Period of two Years next after the passing this Act, may purchase of the several Owners, Lessees and Occupiers of all or any of the legal Quays, and the Warehouses, Buildings, and other Works annexed thereto, or usually occupied

or employed therewith, situate between London Bridge and the Tower of London,

or employed therewith, situate between London Bridge and the Tower of London, or any Part thereof, their several and respective Estates and Interests of and in the same Premises respectively; and in case of Difference, for such Price as shall be settled by a Jury summoned by the Lord High Treasurer, or any Three or more of the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury, for the Time being; Provided always that no Owner, Lessee, or Occupier, or other Person interested in any legal Quay, or any Warehouse, Freight, Building, or other Work annexed thereto, or usually occupied or employed therewith, or any Part thereof, shall be compelled to dispose of his Estate and Interest in the same, unless the Whole of his, or her Property in any Part of the before-mentioned Premises shall be purchased.

Provided always, that in Case the River-tolls or Duties imposed by the West India Dock Act 39 Geo. III. for the Purpose of providing a Fund for making Compensations, shall be sufficient for making Compensations to the several Persons whose Claims thereto, by reason of the Docks, Quays, and other Works to be made and erected under and by virtue of this present Act, shall be acknowledged or established, as well as the Compensations directed to be made by Reason of the Docks, Quays, or other Works to be made by virtue of the before-recited Act, no further or other River-tolls or Duties for the Purpose of Compensations shall be raised or leviable under this Act.

In Case any further Sum of Money, other than such as are directed to be raised by the said former Act, shall be deemed necessary or requisite for making Compensations to the several Persons whose Properties may be affected by the Docks, Quays,

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and other Works to be erected and made by virtue of this present Act, the said Commissioners for making Compensations, by and with the Consent of the Lord High Treasurer or Lords Commissioners of the Treasury for the Time being, but not otherwise may impose an additional Toll or Duty upon all Ships or Vessels according to the Scale of Rates for the like Purpose in the said recited Act, which additional Toll shall not exceed in Amount the Toll imposed by the said recited Act for and during the Term of thirteen Years from August 1, 1800, and to levy the Whole or such Part or Proportion of the said additional Toll, and for such Time and Continuance, and subject to such occasional Suspension, as shall be expressed and declared in the Warrant or in any other Order under the Hand and Seal of the Lord High Treasurer or Lords Commissioners of the Treasury for the Time being, such Toll or Duty to be paid to his Majesty, for the Purposes of this Act.

No Claim shall be made or admitted for any Compensation by this Act directed to be managed by the said Commissioners, before or until the Expiration of three Years next after Notice of the said Docks and Dock Premises being ready for Use shall have been first given in the London Gazette, and two or more Public Newspapers usually circulated in London; and all such Claims shall be made, and the Ascertainment of the Compensation so claimed shall be proceeded in without Delay, within one Year next ensuing the Expiration of the same last-mentioned Term of

three Years, in the Manner herein described touching the Entry of such Claim, with a proviso in favour of any Claimant who shall be absent from Great Britain, and no Person duly empowered to act for him or her.

Any Person entitled to Claim and thus barred may recover from Persons who have received any Compensation to which they were entitled.

The Rights or Privileges of the West India Dock Company established by the 39 Geo. III. are not to be prejudiced or affected by this present Act.

## TABLE S.

*Duties payable at the Sound on such Goods as are commonly carried from or brought to England.*

	Reichs thaler.	Stivers.
Ale or Beer, the 8 Hogheads	-	36
Alegar	-	36
Alum, the Ship-pound, of 320 Pounds	-	12
Almonds, the 100 Pounds	-	9
Apples, the Last, of 22 Barrels	-	12
Apothecary, the Lief-pound, of 16 Pounds	-	18
Anniseeds, the 100 Pounds	-	9
Antimony, the Ship-pound	-	12
Anchor and Locks, the Shock of 60	1	6
Argol, the Ship-pound	-	12
Arsenic, ditto	-	12
Ashes, Pot, the Last, of 12 Barrels, or 12 Ship-pound	1	12
Weed, ditto	-	12
Auripigmentum, the 100 Pounds	-	9
Bacon, the Ship-pound	-	9
Balks, Great, of Oak, the Piece	-	3
Fir, 4 Pieces	-	6
Small, ditto, 20 ditto	-	13

Baize, the single Piece	-	-	-	-	-	3
double Piece	-	-	-	-	-	6
Beef, salted, the Last of 12 Barrels	-	-	-	-	-	36
Books, printed, the 100 Pounds	-	-	-	-	-	18
Brass, or Brass Wire, the Ship-pound	-	-	-	-	-	24
, wrought, the 100 Pounds	-	-	-	-	-	18
Brimstone, the Last	-	-	-	-	-	1
Brandy, French and Spanish, the Hogthead	-	-	-	-	-	24
, Corn, the Barrel	-	-	-	-	-	6
, Rhenish, the Aum	-	-	-	-	-	24
Bay Berries, the 200 Pounds	-	-	-	-	-	9
biscuit, or Bread of Wheat, 4 Barrels	-	-	-	-	-	6
, of Rye	-	-	-	-	-	4
Butter, the Barrel	-	-	-	-	-	5
Brazil Wood, the 500 Pounds	-	-	-	-	-	15
Bristles, the Ship-pound	-	-	-	-	-	18
Cables, Cordage, or Cable Yarn, the Ship-pound	-	-	-	-	-	6
Calicoes, the 8 Pieces	-	-	-	-	-	15
Capers, the Pipe, or 2 Hogheads	-	-	-	-	-	18
Cards, playing, or for Wool, the 10 Dozen	-	-	-	-	-	6
Copper, the Ship-pound	-	-	-	-	-	24
, wrought, the 100 Pounds	-	-	-	-	-	6
Cheese, the Ship-pound	-	-	-	-	-	4

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	Reichs thaler.	Sivers.
Cork, the 30 Bundles	-	36
Copperas, Calamin, or Cremor Tartari, the Ship-pound	-	6
Cotton Wool, the 100 Pounds	-	18
Cardemoms, Cinnamon, Cloves, or Cochineal, the 100 Pounds	-	34
Corn, Barley, the Last, of 20 Barrels	-	22
Beans, Pease, Oats, or Buck-wheat, the Last, of 12 Barrels	-	18
Malt, the Last, of 20 Barrels	-	12
Rye, the Last, of ditto	-	10
Wheat, the Last, of ditto	1	2
Coriander and Currants, the 200 Pounds	-	6
Casques, the 50 Pieces	-	9
Cloth, of Silk, the Piece	-	9
Fine, or Short Cloths, or Double Dozens, the 2 Pieces	-	9
Coarse, or Long Cloths, or Dozens, the 4 Pieces	-	9
Canvas or Cambrics, the 4 Pieces	-	15
Camblet, the 4 Pieces	-	10
Camel's-hair, the 25 Pounds	-	15
Calimancoes, the 8 Pieces	-	10
Campeachy-wood, the 500 Pounds	-	18
Carraway-seeds, the 100 Pounds	-	9

Canary-seed, the Cask	-	-	-	-	-	6
Chefnuts, the 36 Sacks	-	-	-	-	-	36
Cider, the Hoghead	-	-	-	-	-	12
Cavear, the Ship-pound	-	-	-	-	-	9
Coffee, the 200 Pounds	-	-	-	-	-	24
Clockwork, the 100 Pounds	-	-	-	-	-	18
Crooked Wood, or Timber, the 25 Pieces	-	-	-	-	-	24
Deals, of Oak or Fir, above 20 Feet the Shock	-	-	-	-	-	
, Carlshamn Deals, under 20 Feet the ditto	-	-	-	-	-	24
, Prussia	-	-	-	-	-	36
Common, 10 to 14 Feet, the 1000	-	-	-	-	-	36
Diaper, or Drilling, the 20 Pieces	-	-	-	-	-	30
Dates, the 100 Pounds	-	-	-	-	-	9
Damask, of Silk, the Piece	-	-	-	-	-	12
, Linen, the 4 ditto	-	-	-	-	-	10
, Woollen, the 8 ditto	-	-	-	-	-	10
Druggets, the 2 Pieces	-	-	-	-	-	9
Down, the Ship-pound	-	-	-	-	-	36
Eels, the Last, of 12 Barrels	-	-	-	-	-	30
Elephants Teeth, the Piece	-	-	-	-	-	36
Fish, Cod, the Last, of 12 Barrels	-	-	-	-	-	12
, Stock, the Last, 12 Ship-pound, or 1000 Fish	-	-	-	-	-	30
, Salmon, the Barrel	-	-	-	-	-	5

T A B L E S.

	Reichs thaler.	Stivers.
Fish, viz.		
, Salted Herrings, the ditto	-	2
, Red Herrings, the Last of 20 Straes, or 20,000	-	12
Feathers, Coarse, the Ship-pound	-	6
Flannels, the 8 Pieces of 25 Ells each	-	10
Flax, dressed, the Ship-pound	-	36
, undressed, as fine clean Narva, Maulenburgh, Heilin, Elsnish, Podolick,		
Rakitzker, and Paternofter, the 4 Ship-pounds	1	
, coarse, half-clean, Farken, Rasen, Courland, Prussia, Raffets, Memels, and		
Marienburgh, the 6 Ship-pounds	1	
Tow, the 5 Ship-pounds	-	18
Figs, the 18 Baskets, the 800 Pounds	-	18
Fernambuck Wood, the 1000 Pounds	-	30
Flounders, dry, the 20,000	-	12
Frieze, the Piece	-	6
Flour, of Wheat, the 200 Pounds	-	9
, of Barley or Rye, the Last of 12 Barrels	-	12
Galls or Gum, the 200 Pounds	-	9
Gadza or Gum, the 12 Pounds	-	30
Glafs, for Windows, English, French, Lubec, and Dantzic, the 8 Chests	-	30

• Venice, Drinking, the Chest	-	9
• Bottles, the Ton, 4 Hogheads, and 30 Shocks	-	30
• the 2 Pipes	-	10
• Quart-bottles, the 100 Dozen	-	24
Grains of Guinea, the 50 Pounds	-	15
Ginger of ditto, the 100 Pounds	-	12
• green, the 50 Pounds	-	12
Gunpowder, the 100 Pounds	-	6
Gloves, Prussia or Courland, the 250 Pairs	-	9
• Leather, the Dozen	-	1
Hats, Felt, the Cask	-	12
• Beaver, the Dozen	-	24
• Castor, the Dozen	-	12
Honey, the Hoghead	-	7½
Hops, the Ship-pound	-	6
Horses, the Pair	-	36
Hair, Camel's or Coney's, the 50 Pounds	-	50
Hemp, the Ship-pound	-	8
• Tow, the 10 Ship-pounds	-	36
Haberdashery Ware, the 100 Pounds	-	13
Hides, Elk, Hart, Buck, or Russia, the Hide	-	9
• salted, Elk, Hart, Buck, or Russia, the Hide	-	6
• dry, Elk, Hart, Buck, or Russia, the 5 Hides	-	18

T A B L E S.

	Reichs thaler, Stivers
Hides, viz.	-
, Ruffia, the Ship-pound	-
Handspikes, the 500	36
Iron, Wire or Pans, the 100 Pounds	8
, Stoves, Plates, or Pots, the Ship-pound	4
, Bars, Bats, Bolts, Hoops, Anchors, and Guns, the Ship-pound	6
, Wrought, the 100 Pounds	4
, Old, the Ship-pound	12
, Offermunds, the ditto	3
Indigo, the 100 Pounds	2
Isinglass, the ditto	36
Juniper-berries, the 200 Pounds	6
Kerfies, the 8 Pieces	9
Lace, Silk, or Ferrit, the 4 Pounds	10
, Thread, Wool, Cotton, or Hair, the 10 Pounds	10
, Gold and Silver, the Pound	6
Lemons, the 12 Chests	5
, Pickled, the Pipe, or 2 Hogsheds	24
Linfeed, the Laft, of 24 Barrels	18
Lignum Vitæ, the 100 Pounds	36
	9

Leather, Russia or Scotch, the Skin	-	-	-	9
, Spanish, Cordovan, Turkey, and Buff, the Skin	-	-	-	6
, Sems, the 10 Skins	-	-	-	36
, Bafanes, the ditto	-	-	-	18
, Tanned, or Sole, the 100 Pounds	-	-	-	9
, Alumed, or White, the 500 Pieces	-	-	-	18
Linen, Calicoes, the 16 Pieces	-	-	-	30
, Flax, the 20 ditto	-	-	-	30
, Holland, Silesia, and Westphalia, the 4 Pieces	-	-	-	10
, Tow-linen, Crocus, Dantzic Tow-linen, the 40 Pieces	-	-	-	30
, Hemp, Black Tow, the 80 Pieces	-	-	-	30
, Canvafs, the 8 Pieces	-	-	-	30
, Damasks, the 12 ditto	-	-	-	30
, Drilling, the 20 ditto, or 500 Archeens	-	-	-	30
, all Sorts from Petersburg, the 40 Pieces, or 2000 Archeens	-	-	-	30
Lead, the Fodder Ton, or 6 Ship-pound	-	-	-	24
, Shot, the 100 Pounds	-	-	-	4
, Red or White, the 100 Pounds	-	-	-	2
Logwood, the 800 Pounds	-	-	-	50
Masts, 15 Palms, and upwards, the Piece	-	-	-	24
, small	-	-	-	1
, for Boats, the Shock	-	-	-	24
Mustard-feed, the Last, 12 Barrels	-	-	-	30

T A B L E S.

	Reichs thaler	Stivers,
Mace, the 50 Pounds	-	18
Mats, from Petersburg, the 1000	-	15
Mohair, the 50 Pounds	-	30
Nutmegs, the 50 Pounds	-	18
Nuts, the Last, 20 Barrels or Sacks	-	12
Nails, Hollands or Lubecks, the Hundred Weight	-	4
, Treennails, for Ships, the 40,000	-	36
Oars, great, the Shock	-	12
, small, the ditto	-	8
Oil, Olive, of Seville, or Portugal, the Pipe	-	36
, Rape, Linfeed, Hemp, the Last, 8 Aums	-	36
, Train, the Last, 8 Hogheads, or 12 Barrels	-	36
Olibanum, the 100 Pounds	-	9
Oranges, the 12 Chests	-	24
Olives, the Pipe, or 2 Hogheads	-	18
Paper, the 8 Bales, or 80 Reams	-	30
Pins, 50 Dozen	-	30
Pitch, Great Band, the Last	-	18
, Small, ditto	-	9
Plates of Tin, the 4 Casks, or Boxes, or Ship-pound	-	12

Prunee, the 400 Pounds



T A B L E S.

	Reichs thaler.	Stivers.
Says, double, the 2 Pieces	-	9 6
, single or English, the 4 Pieces	-	30
Sail-cloth, the 8 Pieces	-	9
Sattin, the 2 ditto	-	15
Serge, the 12 ditto	-	9
Soap, white, the 100 Pounds	-	36
, green, the Last, 12 Barrels	-	8
Shag, with Thread, the 2 Pieces	-	4
Starch, the 300 Pounds	-	10
Steel, the 100 Pounds	-	30
Silk, Sewing, Ferret, Wrought-lace, the 4 Pounds	-	15
, Raw, the 100 Pounds	-	18
, Stuffs, the 4 Pieces	-	24
, with Gold and Silver, the Piece	-	6
Skins, Beaver, the 5 Skins	-	18
, Otter, the Piece	-	36
, Russia, dry, Wolf and Fox, the 5 Skins	-	12
, Goat, the 20 Skins	-	18
, Calf, the 10 Skins	-	18
, Cat and Sheep, the 500 Pieces	-	18
, Black Rabbits or Lamb, the 1000, ditto	-	18
, Grey Rabbits or Kid, the 2000	-	18

Black Rabbits or Lamb, the 1000, ditto	-	-	-	-	18
Grey Rabbits or Kid, the 2000	-	-	-	-	30
Martins, the 40 Skins	-	-	-	-	36
Hare, the Bale	-	-	-	-	30
Staves, Pipe, Hogthead, and Barrel, the great 100, of 48 Shocks	-	-	-	-	30
Stones, Poland, the 1000 Feet	-	-	-	-	12
Sturgeon, the Last, 12 Barrels	-	-	-	-	30
Stockings, Silk, the Dozen, or 12 Pounds	-	-	-	-	30
, Kersey, Woollen or Worsted, for Children, the 100 Pair	-	-	-	-	30
, Worsted, Florett, and Sayette, the 50 Pair	-	-	-	-	30
, Woollen, for Children, the 200 Pair	-	-	-	-	12
Succades, the 50 Pounds	-	-	-	-	18
Sarsaparilla, the 50 Pounds	-	-	-	-	18
Sugar, Candy or Confectionary, the 100 Pounds	-	-	-	-	18
, Loaves, Powder, or Muscovado, the 200 Pounds	-	-	-	-	12
Stuffs, Woollen, the 8 Pieces	-	-	-	-	12
Sword-blades, the 50	-	-	-	-	18
, Hilts, the ditto	-	-	-	-	9
Sweet Wood, the 100 Pounds	-	-	-	-	6
Tallow, the Ship-pound	-	-	-	-	36
Terras, the Last, 6 ditto, or 12 Barrels	-	-	-	-	18
Tar, Great Band, the Last, ditto	-	-	-	-	9
, Small ditto, the ditto, ditto	-	-	-	-	30
Thread, white and coloured, the 50 Pounds	-	-	-	-	5
, Gold and Silver, the Pound	-	-	-	-	

T A B L E S.

	Reichs thaler.	Stivers.
Tin, the Ship-pound	-	24
Tobacco, the 100 Pounds	-	9
Treacle, the Pipe, or 2 Hogheads	-	36
Turpentine, the Ship-pound	-	6
Verdigris, the 100 Pounds	-	9
Vermillion, the 100 Pounds	-	36
Velvet, fine, the Piece	-	9
, with Thread, the 2 Pieces	-	9
Vinegar, of Wine, the Hoghead	-	12
, Beer, Ale, or Cider, the 2 Hogheads	-	9
Wax, the Ship-pound	-	36
Wire, Iron or Brass, the Ship-pound	-	24
, Steel, the 100 Pounds	-	24
, Gold and Silver, the Pound	-	5
Wool, Beaver, the 50 Pounds	1	36
, Spanish or Fine, the 4 Ship-pounds	-	30
, Coarse or Scotch, the 6 ditto	-	9
, Flock or Cutting, the 2 ditto	-	-

Scotch Shirts, the 50 Pieces	-	-	-	-	15
Shifts, the 8 Pieces	-	-	-	-	10
Wood, Shovels, the 10 Shocks	-	-	-	-	9
Dishes or Trays, the 5 ditto	-	-	-	-	9
Plates, the 5 ditto	-	-	-	-	9
Nails, the 20,000	-	-	-	-	18
Wine, Bourdeaux, the Tun, or 4 Hogheads	-	-	-	-	36
Picardin, Hoogland, Muscat, and Frontinac, the 2 Hogheads	-	-	-	-	1
Spanish or Portuguese the Pipe	-	-	-	-	1
Italian and Levant, the Pipe	-	-	-	-	1
Rhenish, the Aum	-	-	-	-	2
Wainfcot Boards, the Shock	-	-	-	-	40
Yarn, Cotton, the 50 Pounds	-	-	-	-	24
Linen, the Ship-pound, or 40 Shocks	-	-	-	-	36
Tow, the 4 Ship-pounds	-	-	-	-	36
Sail, the Ship-pound	-	-	-	-	36
All Sorts of Woollen, the 50 Pounds	-	-	-	-	36

T A B L E S.

*There is also payable*

	Laden.		In Ballast.	
	Reichs thaler.	Stivers.	Reichs thaler.	Stivers.
Light-money for Ship and Cargo, in Crowns -	-	3	2	25
Pafs, Seal, Writing-money, and Fees -	-	12	2	12
Guard-ship both Ways, each Time 4 Stivers.				
British Poor, 24 Stivers and upwards.				
Commission	-	24		

Also established Fees to the several Officers.

Note. All Masters are allowed 4 per Cent. out of the Duties paid on their Cargoes, both upwards and downwards.

*Articles prohibited to be imported.*

Brimstone }  
or } into Copenhagen, or the Island of Seeland.  
Buckram, }

Cloth,  
 Corn,  
 Earthen-ware,  
 Fish, dried,  
 Salt Cod,  
 Woollen-stuffs of all Kinds,  
 Kerfies,  
 Oil of Linseed,  
 Hemp,  
 Rape-seed,

prohibited to be imported into, or landed, in the Danish Dominions,  
 except as hereafter mentioned.

Flannel, and Iron in Bars, Brandy, Salt, Tobacco, Wine,

are also prohibited to be imported otherwise than to be warehoused for Exportation,  
 a Privilege granted to Copenhagen and Elsinore, where all foreign Goods may  
 be warehoused free of Duty, to be exported within one Year.

may not be brought into any Port in Denmark but Copenhagen.

Wool-cards, cannot be imported into Seeland, but are allowed any where else.  
 N. B. The Reichs thaler is 48 Stivers, and the Stiver is one Penny, with the Difference in the  
 Value of English or Danish Money, which is generally from 10 to 12½ per Cent. in Favour  
 of English Money.

## T A B L E T.

*Abstract of the Rules and Ordinances of his Danish Majesty respecting the Navigation, Pilotage, and Duties payable for Passing through the Eyder Canal, or upon Landing or Shipping foreign Goods there, and so far as relates thereto in the due Management of those Duties at the District Offices at Tönningen, Rendsburg, and Holtenau.*

Ord. 1. The Navigation of the Eyder Canal is free for all Foreign as well as Danish Vessels, subject to the King's Ordinances.

2. All foreign Goods must be landed or shipped at Holtenau and Rendsburg.

3. All Vessels coming from the North Sea must make a Report of their Cargoes at Tönningen, and from the East Sea at Holtenau, where the Clerks of the Tolls are to give a Certificate to the Captain, which is his Pass through the Canal.

4. When any Part of a Cargo is intended to be landed at Places upon the Canal the same must be so specially reported, and also the Particulars of the other Part of the Cargo and of the Port to which it is to be carried.

5. Vessels arriving at Holtenau from Rendsburg the Captain reports verbally to the Toll-officers at Rendsburg, who give him a Pass, which is examined at Holtenau, and he continues his Voyage without any further Questions.

6. If any Goods are to be landed at Holtenau the Rendsburg Pass must be delivered, and a Pass is given at Holtenau for the Remainder, for the continuation of the Voyage.

7. When Vessels arrive at Rendsburg, the Captain delivers the Tönningen or Holtenau Pass there, and exhibits his Bills of Lading.
8. Ships arriving from Danish Ports with regular Clearances need not exhibit their other Papers.
9. The Captain is to receive four per Cent. Premium on the Amount of the Tolls for a true and perfect Report.
10. The Captain receives the Pass at Rendsburg, after all the Canal-tolls have been paid.
11. Any Goods landed for inland Consumption, or any Goods shipped, to pay the proper Duties, over and above all the Canal-duties.
12. The usual Last-money payable by the Ordinance of the 23d November, 1778, for passing upon the Canal must also be paid; but Vessels are exempt from the Last-duty, if going through the Canal without loading or landing, the Vessels of the Country trading upon the Canal, Vessels not more than one-fourth laden, Vessels forced from Distress of Weather to land or load there, and the Registered Packets between Copenhagen and Kiel, whether landing or loading upon the Canal.
13. Light-money, and Buoy-money are to be paid at Tönningen, viz.  
 for a Ship laden, 3 Reichs thalers  
 in Ballast, or one-fourth laden, 24 Schelins  
 for an open-decked Vessel laden, 24 Schelins  
 in Ballast, or one-fourth laden, 12 Schelins
14. The Captain of the Vessel may have, where he likes, as many Tow-horses as he pleases, and for any Distance, paying for each Horse 18 Schelins per Danish Mile; there are

## T A B L E T.

four Stations, at each of which the Tow-money is to be paid, and not to the Furnishers of the Horses.

15. Any Vessel arriving in the Canal, that has passed by Lindefneus, in Norway, is to pay the Lindefneus Light-money at the Canal-toll-house.
16. Any Vessel bound for this Canal, or any Port upon the Lower Eyder, arriving in the Canal, to Winter there, are free from the Anchorage-duty.

To pass the Canal, the Vessel must not draw more Water than 9 Feet, English, therefore, if more, must be unladen at Rendsburg, to reduce it to that Standard before the Vessel can pass the Sluice there, the Vessel must not exceed 95 Feet, English in Length, and in Breadth  $24\frac{1}{2}$  feet, English. The Pilotage from the North Sea into the Eyder is from Heiligeland, or from the Danish Yacht stationed between Heiligeland and the Red-buoy to Tonningen; there is a River-pilotage through the Canal.

The Canal-Duties are to be paid in Schleswick current Money at Tonningen, Rendsburg, or Holtenau; the first Sluice, from the North Sea, is at Rendsburg, and there are six Sluices between that Place and Kieler Fördrde, at each of which every Vessel is to Pay 4 Schelins Bridge-money.

17. All transit Goods coming from the East Sea by the Canal to Rendsburg, and from thence going by Land to Altona or Hamburg, or all such Goods coming from Altona and Hamburg by Land to Rendsburg, bound to the East Sea, through the Canal, shall be free from the Transit-duty of one per Cent.

18. Not only prohibited Goods, but also transit Goods going by Land, or not going farther Seawards must be put into the Duty-warehouses at Holtenau, Rendsburg, and Tönningen, Kiel, and Frederickstadt, as well as those for inland Consumption.

*Warehouse Tolls to be paid at Holtenau, Rendsburg, and Tönningen.*

	Schellins.	Pfennings.
Alum, per Ton	-	9
Almonds, per 100 Pounds	-	6
Arrack, per Hoghead	-	
Ashes, Pot, per Fat, about 6 Schiffpfund	4	
Argol, per 100 Pounds	4	
Barley, per 12 Tons	-	3
Beans, ditto	4	6
Beer, the several Sorts, per Ton	4	6
Bottles, per 1000	-	6
Brandy, Wine, or Spirits, per Hoghead	1	
Brimstone, per 100 Pounds	4	
Buckwheat, per 12 Tons	-	
Butter, per Ton	4	3
Cables, Ropes, and the like, per Schiffpfund	1	0
Canary-seed, per Ton	-	
Coals, per Last	-	6
Cochineal, per 100 Pounds	2	6
	1	

T A B L E T.

	Schelins.	Pfennings.
Coffee, raw, per 100 Pounds	-	6
Copper, per Schiffpfund	-	6
Currants, per Butt	6	-
, per half Butt	3	-
, per quarter Butt	1	-
Dye-woods, the several Sorts, per 100 Pounds	-	3
Fish, viz. Herrings cured, per Ton	-	6
Figs, per 100 Pounds	-	6
Flasks and Bottles, viz. Stone, per 1000	4	-
, German, Dutch, and other common Sorts	2	-
Flax, per Schiffpfund	1	-
Flesh, salted, per Ton	-	6
Flour, or Meal, per 12 Tons	4	-
Gall-nuts, per 100 Pounds	-	6
Ginger	-	3
Glass, Window, per Chest	1	6
, Looking-glasses, Glass-plates, Drinking-glasses, and Apothecaries Phials, for every 100 Reichsthalers value	6	-
Grots, per 12 Tons	4	-
Gunsmiths Work, viz. Fowling-pieces, Carbines, and the like, the 100 Pieces	1	6

Hail, or Bird Shot, per Schiffsfund	-	-	-	3
Hemp	-	-	-	9
Hemp-feed, per Ton	-	-	-	6
Hides, viz. Deer, Rein-deer, Ox, Cow, Horse, and the like, undressed,	-	-	-	6
per Skin	-	-	-	6
dressed	-	-	-	9
Hops, per Bale, or Sack	-	-	-	6
Indigo, per 100 Pounds	-	-	-	1
Iron, Bar, and all Sorts of Wrought or Cast-iron, per Sch. Pound	-	-	-	1
Lead, in Rolls, or Pigs	-	-	-	3
White-lead, per 100 Pounds	-	-	-	3
Lemons, per Chest	-	-	-	3
Linseed, per Ton	-	-	-	6
Madder, Crop, per Fat, about 800 Pounds	-	-	-	6
Malt, per 12 Tons	-	-	-	4
Melasses, per 100 Pounds	-	-	-	4
Muscovy, or Russia Leather, per Hide	-	-	-	6
Mustard-feed, per Ton	-	-	-	9
Nutmegs, Cloves, Cardemoms, Saffron, and the like fine Spices, per 100 Pounds	-	-	-	6
Oats, per 12 Tons	-	-	-	1
Oil, of the different Sorts, per Aum	-	-	-	4
Paper, Writing, per Bale	-	-	-	1
	-	-	-	6

T A B L E T.

		Schelins.	Pfennings.
Cartridge, Printing, and other smaller Sorts, per Bale	-	-	-
Pease, per 12 Tons	-	4	3
Peltry, or Furs, for every 100 Reichs thalers of the value	-	12	6
Pepper, per 100 Pounds	-	-	9
Pewter, or Tin, per Sch. Pound	-	-	3
Pitch, per Ton	-	-	6
Prunes, per Fat, or Cask	-	3	6
Rape-feed, per Ton	-	-	6
Rice, per Cask, of 4 to 500 Pounds	-	2	-
Rum, per Hoghead	-	4	-
Rye, per 12 Tons	-	4	6
Sailcloth, for every 2 Pieces	-	-	3
Salt, of any Kind, per 12 Tons	-	2	-
Saltpetre, per 100 Pounds	-	-	-
Shumac, per Sch. Pound	-	-	3
Skins, Calf, Goat, Sheep, and Lamb, dressed or undressed, per Skin	-	-	6
Soap, White, per 100 Pounds	-	-	3
Green, per Ton	-	1	3
Starch, per 100 Pounds	-	-	6
Steel, per Sch. Pound	-	-	3

Sugar, unrefined, per 100 Pounds	-	-	-	6
, refined, of different Sorts, per 100 Pounds	-	-	-	6
Tallow, or Grease, per Sch. Pound	-	-	1	
Tar, per Ton	-	-	-	
Tin Plates, per Fat or Cask	-	-	1	
Tobacco, per 1000 Pounds	-	-	5	
Tow, of all Sorts, per Sch. Pound	-	-	1	
Vinegar, per Hoghead	-	-	1	6
Wheat, per 12 Tons	-	-	4	6
Wine, of all Sorts, per Hoghead	-	-	2	
Wool, of all Sorts, per Sch. Pound	-	-	2	
Yarn, of all Sorts	-	-	1	

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Ord. 19. All Goods not before enumerated are to pay Warehouse-rent one-eighth per Cent. of the real Value for every Month.

20. The Goods which from their Nature cannot be put into the Warehouses, but are laid upon the Toll-wharfs, are to pay the same Duties.

21. Gunpowder is not permitted to be warehoused, landed, or laid upon any Places contiguous to the Warehouses.

22. Goods which, from remaining a long Time, are damaged or leaky, upon Notice from the Officer, must be taken out if they are not blocked in by other Goods.

23. The Staple-duty of one per Cent: on Goods warehoused, must be paid before they are taken out of the Warehouse, and three Months Credit is allowed for the Goods in-

## TABLE T.

tended for inland Consumption. All Transit and Staple-goods having paid the Canal-duties are free of this one per Cent.

24. Vessels passing by without having paid the Canal-duties, the Captain is liable to a Penalty of from ten to fifty per Cent. upon the Value of the Cargo, as directed by the general Customs Ordinances, over and above the Canal-duties.
25. Agents that are faulty in paying the Canal-tolls, or not conforming to the Ordinances, are to be liable to the Penalties in the Place of the Captain.
26. Masters of Vessels discovered not to have made true Reports of their Cargoes at the first District, or Toll-station they arrived, are to pay the Remainder of the Duties upon the Goods not reported, and also double the Amount of the Duties due upon those Goods not reported.
27. Captains not making true Reports at the Toll-stations are liable to all the Penalties before-mentioned.
28. No Goods are to be landed at any other than the enumerated appointed Places.
29. The Master or any of the Seamen breaking any Seal affixed by the Officer at any of the Toll-places or Stations are to pay into the Toll-treasury 200 Reichs thalers, unless the Master, Pilot, and the Ship's Crew declare upon Oath that it was done by Accident.
30. Goods clandestinely landed or loaded upon the Canal with Intent to evade the Payment of the Tolls, the same are forfeited, and the Master is liable to the same Penalty as for breaking the Seals.

31. If the Officers discover, from an Examination of the Parties, that less than the real Quantity of Staple-goods has been declared, the Value of the Goods so short declared is forfeited, and also the Tolls, are to be paid, and the Person who made the Declaration is also to pay the Value of the Goods so forfeited, which several Penalties are to be distributed among the Toll-officers.

*Canal Passage-Tolls.*

	Schellins.	Pfennings.
Allopeen, per 24 Ells	4	
Almonds, per 100 Pounds	8	
Alum	8	
Anatto	8	
Anchovies, per Barrel	3	
Anniseed, per 100 Pounds	8	
Apothecary and Drugs, for every Reichs thaler of the true Value	1	
Aqua Vitæ, or Brandy, Rhenish, French, and Spanish, per Anker	8	
Argol, per 100 Pounds	8	
Armoseen, per 24 Ells	6	
Arrack, per Anker	10	
Arsenick, per 100 Pounds	8	
Ashes, Pot, per 100 Pounds	3	
Pearl, per Ton		
Atlas, per Ell		2 6

## T A B L E T.

	Schellins.	Pfenninge.
Auripigmentum, per 100 Pounds	-	10
Bacon, or Pork	-	8
Barragon, per 24 Ells	-	3
Baskets, and Basket-makers Work, for every Reichs thaler of the Value	-	6
Baize	-	4
Beasts, viz. Cows, Horses, Oxen, Mules, and Asses, per Beast	-	16
Calves, each	-	4
Goats, Sheep, and Lambs, per Beast	-	2
Horses, each	-	24
Hogs, each	-	3
Beds, for every Reichs thaler of the Value	-	6
Beer, per Ton	-	6
Bergen-op-zoom, per 24 Ells	-	6
Black-lead, per 100 Pounds	-	8
Bombasin, per 24 Ells	-	4
Bread, or Buiscuit for Ships' use, for every Reichs thaler of the Value	-	1
Brimstone, per 100 Pounds	-	6
Brass, and Brass Wares, per Sch. Pound	-	24
Buckram, for every Thaler of the Value	-	6
Bunting, per 24 Ells	-	6
Bricks, per 1000	-	4

Bricks, per 1000	-	-	-	-	4
Butter, per Ton, of 224 Pounds	-	-	-	-	16
Brazil-wood, per 100 Pounds	-	-	-	-	8
Cables, and Rigging-ropes, and the like per Sch. Pound	-	-	-	-	32
Calamine, per 100 Pounds	-	-	-	-	8
Calicoes, or Cottons, per 24 Ells	-	-	-	-	2
Calimanco	-	-	-	-	3
Cam-wood, per 100 Pounds	-	-	-	-	10
Cambric, per 24 Ells	-	-	-	-	8
Camlets	-	-	-	-	2
Casiant, or Cofiant	-	-	-	-	2
Candles, Tallow, per 100 Pounds	-	-	-	-	8
Wax	-	-	-	-	16
Canefas, Stuffs, per 24 Ells	-	-	-	-	3
Cannon, Metal, not Iron, per Sch. Pound	-	-	-	-	24
Caps, Cotton, and Woollen, per Dozen	-	-	-	-	1
Cards, Playing	-	-	-	-	12
for Combing, per 10 Dozen	-	-	-	-	12
Carpets, of all Sorts, for every Reichs thaler of the Value	-	-	-	-	1
Chair-makers Wares	-	-	-	-	6
Chalk	-	-	-	-	1
Charcoal, per 12 Tons	-	-	-	-	6



Oats, per Ton	-	-	-	2	6
Pease	-	-	-	4	
Rye	-	-	-	3	
Wheat	-	-	-	4	
Buck-wheat	-	-	-	1	
Diaper, for every Thaler of the Value	-	-	-	1	
Down, per 100 Pounds	-	-	-	12	
Druggets, per 24 Ells	-	-	-	4	
Drugs, for every Reichs thaler of the Value	-	-	-	1	
Duffel, per 24 Ells	-	-	-	6	
Earthen Wares, Stone, for every Thaler of the Value	-	-	-	-	6
Everlasting, per 24 Ells	-	-	-	3	
Feathers, for Beds, per 100 Pounds	-	-	-	10	
Fernambuc Woods	-	-	-	8	
Figs	-	-	-	8	
Fish, Cod, Ling, or Hake, per Ton	-	-	-	4	
Barrel Cod-fish, per Ton	-	-	-	8	
Dorſch, ſalted	-	-	-	8	
Eels, ſalted	-	-	-	8	
dried	-	-	-	4	
Herrings, ſalted	-	-	-	12	
dried	-	-	-	4	
Lampreys, the ſmall Barrel	-	-	-	1	

TABLE T.

	Schellins.	Pfennings.
Fish, viz.		
Lub-fish, per Sch. Pound	14	-
Salmon, pickled, or salted, per Ton	8	-
dried, per 100 Pounds	10	-
Stock-fish, per Sch. Pound	14	-
other Sorts, dried	14	-
salted	8	-
Flannel, per 24 Ells	2	-
Flax, undressed, per Sch. Pound	32	-
Flesh, salted, or dried, per 100 Pounds	6	-
Flocks	4	-
Fresfade, per 24 Ells	5	-
Frize	2	-
Fustick, per 100 Pounds	6	-
Furs, and Skins dressed, viz. Beaver, Cats, Ermin, Fox, Hare, Rabbit, Weazel, Wolf, and all other Sorts of dressed Peltry, and Furs, for every Thaler value		-
Fruit, viz. Apples, Pears, Cherries, &c. for every Thaler of the Value	1	-
Galls, of Turkey, per 100 Pounds	8	-
Gauzes, Silk, per 24 Ells	2	-

of different Sorts	-	-	-	-	-	4
Ginger, per 100 Pounds	-	-	-	-	-	8
Glaſs, Window, per Cheſt	-	-	-	-	-	1
Looking-glaſs, and all other Sorts of Glaſs-ware, Bottles, &c. for every Thaler of the Value	-	-	-	-	-	1
Gloves, Silk, Woollen, Leather, and all Sorts, for every Thaler of the Value	-	-	-	-	-	8
Glue, or Size, per 100 Pounds	-	-	-	-	-	4
Grifette, per 24 Ells	-	-	-	-	-	4
Grots, of Barley, per Ton	-	-	-	-	-	3
of Buck-wheat	-	-	-	-	-	3
of Oats	-	-	-	-	-	10
Gum, per 100 Pounds	-	-	-	-	-	12
Gunpowder	-	-	-	-	-	-
Gunſmiths Ware, as Piſtols, Fowling-pieces, &c. for every Thaler of the Value	-	-	-	-	-	6
Hair-cloth, per 24 Ells	-	-	-	-	-	1
Hair-powder, per 100 Pounds	-	-	-	-	-	10
Harts-horns, or Stags-horns	-	-	-	-	-	8
Hats, Chip, Felt, and Straw, for every Thaler of the Value	-	-	-	-	-	20
Hemp, of different Sorts, per Sch. Pound	-	-	-	-	-	6
Honey, per 100 Pounds	-	-	-	-	-	8
Hops	-	-	-	-	-	-

T A B L E T.

		Schellins.	Pfennings.
Joiners Work, for every Thaler of the Value	-	-	6
Juniper Berries, per 100 Pounds	-	-	-
Iron, viz. Bar, per Sch. Pound	-	10	-
, Anchors, Anvils, Balls, Bolts, Cannon, Hoops, Pans, Plates, Pots, Sheet, Spikes, Squares, Stoves, Wire, and the like, per Sch. Pound	-	10	-
, Axes, Augers, Beams, Files, Hammers, Hatchets, Knives, Locks, Sickles, Scythes, Sheers, Tongs, and other Wrought-iron Wares, per Sch. Pound	-	16	-
, Grappling-irons	-	28	-
Kerfey, per 24 Ells	-	6	-
Lead, in Blocks, per Sch. Pound	-	5	-
, in Rolls	-	16	-
, Red-Lead, per 100 Pounds	-	30	-
, White-Lead	-	8	-
, Shot, Bird, or Hail	-	4	-
Leather, Butt, or Sole, per Hide	-	10	-
, Elk, Deer, Rein-deer, per Skin	-	5	-
, Buffalo, Cow, Horse, Ox	-	16	-
	-	12	-

Moroçco, Cordivan, Russian	-	-	6	6
, dressed in Alum	-	-	2	6
, dressed in Lime, for every Thaler of the Value	-	-	1	6
, dressed in Oil, per Skin	-	-	3	6
, all other Sorts of dressed, for every Thaler of the Value	-	-	1	6
Lemons, per Chest	-	-	6	10
Lemon-peel	-	-	10	6
Lentiles, per 100 Pounds	-	-	6	8
Litharge, of Silver and Gold	-	-	8	
Linen, Damask, for every Thaler of the Value	-	-		10
, all other Sorts	-	-		9
Litmus, per 100 Pounds	-	-	10	6
Lime, per Ton	-	-	9	6
Logwood, per 100 Pounds	-	-		
Lustring, per Ell	-	-		
Madder, Crop, per 100 Pounds	-	-	8	
, Mull	-	-	6	
Malt, per Ton	-	-	2	
Manna, per 100 Pounds	-	-	7	
Mats, Bast, Matting in Rolls, and all other Sorts	-	-		
Mats, for every Thaler of the Value	-	-	1	
Mead, per Ton	-	-	10	
Meal, or Flour, of Wheat, per 100 Pounds	-	-	6	

T A B L E T.

	Schellins	Pfennings,
Meal, of other Sorts, per Ton	-	-
Melasses, per 100 Pounds	5	-
Mieriks Root	5	-
Muslin, of all Sorts, per 24 Ells	8	-
Muslin, for every Thaler of the Value	5	-
Needles, of all Sorts, for every Thaler of the Value	-	-
Nuremberg Wares, Toys, Boxes, Inkhorns, and the like, for every Thaler of the Value	-	6
Oil, of Almonds, Jessamin, Spikenard, and the like, for every Thaler of the Value	1	6
Hemp, and Rape, per 100 Pound	2	-
Linseed, and Turpentine	8	-
Train, and Fish, per Ton	12	-
Olives	10	-
Vitriol	7	-
Oker, Yellow	6	-
Orange-peel	10	-
Oranges, per Chcft	6	-
Orpiment, per 100 Pounds	10	-

Oysters, per Ton	-	-	-	8
Paper, Brown, and the like, per 10 Reams	-	-	-	3
, Packing, and the like	-	-	-	10
, Printing	-	-	-	4
, Writing, and Post	-	-	-	14
Pelts, per 100 Pounds	-	-	-	6
Pipes, Tobacco, per Ton	-	-	-	6
Pomice-stone, per 100 Pounds	-	-	-	1
Porcelain	-	-	-	-
Potters Wares, for every Thaler of the Value	-	-	-	1
Prunes, or Plumbs dried, per 100 Pounds	-	-	-	8
Prunelloes	-	-	-	10
Prussian Blue	-	-	-	8
Plaster, for every Thaler of the Value	-	-	-	1
Quilts, of all Sorts	-	-	-	-
Rags, to make Paper	-	-	-	1
Red-wood, per 100 Pounds	-	-	-	6
Rice, per 100 Pounds	-	-	-	8
Rosin	-	-	-	8
, viz. Rock-rofin	-	-	-	3
Rum, per Anker	-	-	-	5
Rhineharst, per 100 Pounds	-	-	-	4

T A B L E T.

		Schelins.	Pfennings.
Ribbons, and Tapes, of different Sorts, for every Thaler value	-	-	-
Sadlery, for every Thaler of the Value	-	-	6
Sago, per 100 Pounds	-	10	6
Sail-cloth, for every Thaler of the Value	-	1	-
Saltpetre, per 100 Pounds	-	8	-
Sandal Wood	-	8	-
Seeds, Canary	-	6	-
, Clover	-	8	-
, Coriander	-	6	-
, Cummin	-	7	-
, Fennel	-	8	-
, Hemp, per Ton	-	4	-
, Linseed	-	6	-
, Rape	-	6	-
, Millet, per 100 Pounds	-	6	-
, Stomach-feed	-	8	-
Shumac	-	6	-
Sieves, and Wares of this Sort, for every Thaler of the Value	-	1	-
Silk, Damask, per Ell	-	-	6

Silk, viz.																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																					
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TABLE T.

		Schellins.	Pfennings.
Spirits, distilled from Corn, or Grain	-	4	
Starch, per 100 Pounds	-	8	
Statuary, for every Thaler of the Value	-	1	
Steel, and Steel Wire, per 100 Pounds	-	8	6
Stockings, for every Thaler of the Value	-		
Stone Bottles, per 100	-	1	
Stones, viz. Lime-stones, for every Thaler of the Value	-	1	
Mill-stones, each	-		
Quern-stones, each	-	1 Thaler	
all other Sorts, for every Thaler of the Value	-	2	
Stuffs, viz. Amiens, per 24 Ells	-	1	
Cotton, not otherwise enumerated	-	4	
Damask	-	4	
Luck-ferge	-	5	
Mancheffer, per Ell	-	3	6
Mockey, per 24 Ells	-		
Molton	-	2	6
Parchent	-	2	
Polemit	-	2	6

Quinetten	-	-	-	2	6
Rash-ferge, or Says, and the like	-	-	-	2	6
Shalloon	-	-	-	4	
Shagreen	-	-	-	3	
Tripoli	-	-	-	4	
Woollen, not otherwise enumerated	-	-	-	2	6
Printed and Dyed, not otherwise enumerated, for every Thaler of the Value	-	-	-	1	
Sugar, Muscovado, and unrefined, per 100 Pounds	-	-	-	8	
Candy, and refined	-	-	-	10	
Swords, and Sword-blades, for every Thaler of the Value	-	-	-	-	6
Tallow, or Grease, per 100 Pounds	-	-	-	6	
Tar, per Ton	-	-	-	4	
Tea, for every Thaler of the Value	-	-	-	-	6
Thread, or Spun-yarn, for every Thaler of the Value	-	-	-	-	6
Tiles, called Pan-tiles, and Roof, per 1000	-	-	-	14	
Tin, of all Sorts, per Sch. Pound	-	-	-	24	
Wares, for every Thaler of the Value	-	-	-	-	6
Tobacco, Leaf and Stalks, per 100 Pounds	-	-	-	6	
Manufactured	-	-	-	8	
Tow, per Sch. Pound	-	-	-	10	
Trees, Fruit, and others, for Planting, for every Thaler of the Value	-	-	-	1	

T A B L E T.

	Schellins.	Pfenninga.
Trellis, of waste and coarse Cloth	-	6
Tripolis, Woollen, per 24 Ells	-	-
Turnerick, per 100 Pounds	5	-
Umber	10	-
Velverets, per 24 Ells	10	-
Velvet, per Ell	5	-
Vermicelli, per 100 Pounds	-	6
Vinegar, from Beer, per Ton	7	-
Cider, per Hoghead	8	-
Wine	12	-
Vitriol, per 100 Pounds	18	-
Walking-sticks, for every Thaler of the Value	8	-
Water, Pirmont, Seltzer, and other mineral Waters	-	6
Wax, per 100 Pounds	1	-
Wax-cloth, per 24 Ells	16	-
Wheels, Coach and Carts, for every Thaler of the Value	3	-
Wines, Alicant, Burgundy, Canary, Champagne, Corfican, Hungary, Italian, Madeira, Malaga, Mofelle, Muskat, Neapolitan, Peterfimens, Picardy, Portugal, Spanish, Syracuse, Tent, &c. per Aum	-	6
	-	1 Thaler

Rhenish	-	-	-	32
N. B. The Aum is 38 to 40 Gallons.	-	-	-	
, all other Sorts of French, Red and White, per Hoghead	-	-	-	24
Wire-work, for every Thaler of the Value	-	-	-	1
Woad, per 100 Pounds	-	-	-	6
Wood, Building, Fire, and other Sorts, for every Thaler of the Value	-	-	-	1
Wool, Shorn, per 100 Pounds	-	-	-	6
Yarn, Cotton, Linen, and Woollen, per Dozen	-	-	-	2
All other Goods and Wares not enumerated in this Table are to pay according to the Value thereof, for every Reichs-thaler, six Pfennings.				

N. B. The Reichs-thaler is 96 Danish Schelins, and the Danish Schelin is 12 Pfennings; 2 Danish Schelins are 1 Sleswick and Holstein Schelin. — The Canal-folls are to be paid in Sleswick and Holstein Current-money. The Sleswick and Holstein Schelin is 1 Penny English, less the different Value of the Money, generally from 10 to 12½ per Cent. in Favour of the English. The Danish Anker is 10 English Gallons; the Danish Ell is 24½ English Inches; the Danish Schiffstund, or Ship-pound is 320 Danish Pounds, and 8 per Cent. heavier than English Weight; the Danish Ton is 8 Bushels, and is 1½ per Cent. less than English Measure.

COMPUTATIONS of the DUTIES of CUSTOMS INWARDS, in the various Circumstances  
of IMPORTATION.

From HAMBURG.

4000 Dozen of Agates, rough, small as a { Confol. Customs  
Bean, . . . . . { 1796 and 1797 Duties  
Value £.50 for . . . { Convey Duty . . .

500 Cwt. Pearl-shes, from Trieste, . . { Confol. Customs  
{ 1796 and 1797  
Convey . . . . .

500 Cwt. Pearl-shes, from the United States  
of America in a British built Ship; or  
from the British Plantations in Ame-  
rica with proper Certificates . . . { Convey Duty . . .

500 Cwt. Pearl-shes, from New York, made  
in the United States of America, im-  
ported in an American Ship . . . { Counterv. Duty  
Convey . . . . .

10,000 Pounds Aloes Succotrina, from { Conf. Customs  
the Cape of Good Hope, of the Growth  
thereof . . . . . { 1796 and 1797  
Convey . . . . .

Branches.	Total.	Drawback.
6 0 0	.	5 6 8
0 12 0	.	
1 10 0	.	
56 5 0	8 2 0	
5 12 6		
33 6 8	95 4 2	
.	33 6 8	
5 12 6		
33 6 8	38 19 2	
583 6 8	.	375 0 0
58 6 8	.	
20 0 0	661 13 4	

10,000 Pounds Aloes Succotrina, from the { Conf. Customs  
{ 1750 0 0

10,000 Pounds Aloes Succotrina, from the Cape of Good Hope, not of the Growth thereof . . . . .	Conf. Customs 1796 and 1797 Convey	1750 0 0 175 0 0 20 0 0	. . . . .	1166 13 4
10,000 Pounds Aloes Succotrina, from Bombay, by the East India Company, to be warehoused, sold at Public Sale for 3s. 3d. per Pound. Value £.1625	. . . . .	. . . . .	1945 0 0 32 10 0	
afterwards entered for Home Consumption, to be taken out of the warehouses . . . . .	Conf. Customs 1796 and 1797	583 6 8 58 6 8	641 13 4	
500 Ounces, Troy-weight, of wrought Silver Plate, ungilt, from Leghorn . . . . .	Conf. Customs Duty 1796 Plate 1797 5 per Cent. 1797 Convey	54 3 4 2 14 2 12 10 0 3 6 8 5 11 1½	78 5 3½	
500 Ounces, Troy-weight, of wrought Gold Plate, from Naples . . . . .	Conf. Customs Duty, 1796 Plate, 1797 5 per Cent. 1797 Convey	750 0 0 37 10 0 200 0 0 47 10 0 120 16 8	£.1155 16 8	

N. B. The 6d. per Ounce on Silver wrought Plate, and 8s. per Ounce on Gold wrought Plate is, by 37 Geo. III. ch. 90, and the two 5 per Cents. are, by the 37 Geo. III. ch. 15 and 110, so that the latter 5 per Cent. attaches to these additional Duties of 1797.

	Branches.	Total.		Drawback.	
		£.	s. d.	£.	s. d.
800 Cwt. Brown and Muscovado Sugar, not clayed, from Jamaica	700 0 0	.	.	440 0 0	
	26 13 4	.	.	if exported to Ireland	
	73 6 8	800 0 0	0 0	700 0 0	
800 Cwt. Brown and Muscovado Sugar, clayed, from St. Kitts	700 0 0	.	.	440 0 0	
	160 0 0	.	.	if exported to Ireland	
	73 6 8	933 6 8	0 0	700 0 0	
800 Cwt. White Sugar, from Grenada	1366 13 4	.	.	1106 13 4	
	160 0 0	.	.	if exported to Ireland	
	73 6 8	1600 0 0	0 0	1366 13 4	
N. B. Sugars pay the same Duties from any of the British Colonies or Plantations in America.					
800 Cwt. Brown and Muscovado Sugar not of the British Plantations	1286 13 4	.	.	906 13 4	
	73 6 8	.	.	if exported to Ireland	
		1360 0 0	0 0	1006 13 4	

Consolidated Duties on white Sugar,				Drawback.							
Duty.											
Duties 1787 per Cwt. 2 5 6—2 1 10											
not warehoused 1791 . . . 0 2 8—0 2 8											
1796 . . . 0 5 0											
				2 13 2		2 4 6 to Ireland					
						1795 to other					
				1 18 0		Places less 4s.					
						1799 2s.6d.					
800 Cwt. White Sugar, not of the Bri-				{ Conf. Duty 1799 .				2126 13 4		1520 0 0	
tish Plantations . . . . .				{ Convoy Duty . . .				75 6 8		If exported to Ireland 1780 0 0	
800 Cwt. Sugar, imported by the East In-				{							
dia Company, to be warehoused, fold				{							
at their Public Sale for 67s. per				{							
Cwt. . . . .				{							
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	Branches.		Total.		Drawback.	
	£.	s. d.	£.	s. d.	£.	s. d.
Rolin, the Product of any of the United States of America, imported in an American Ship, the Cwt. . . .	0	1 6				
	0	0 1 <sup>16</sup> <sub>20</sub>				
	0	0 1 <sup>16</sup> <sub>20</sub>				
	0	0 3	0	2 0 <sup>11</sup> <sub>20</sub>		
Spirits, viz. Strong Waters, or Cordial Waters, not otherwise enumerated or described, the Gallon . . .	0	2 10				
	0	0 3 <sup>8</sup> <sub>20</sub>				
	0	0 2 <sup>5</sup> <sub>20</sub>	0	3 3 <sup>11</sup> <sub>20</sub>		
<hr/>						
Excise, single, 1787, 27 Geo. III. C. 13 . . .	0	4 3				
31 . . . . . 1 . . . . .	0	0 10				
34 . . . . . 3 . . . . .	0	0 10				
35 . . . . . 12 . . . . .	0	0 10				
37 . . . . . 14 . . . . .	0	0 10				
39 & 40 . . . . . 23 . . . . .	0	0 10				
<hr/>						
double, 1787, 27 Geo. III. Chap. 13 . . .	0	8 1	0	8 5		
ditto, since 1787 . . . . .	0	8 4	0	16 5		

Mahogany, the product of the United States of America, or of any other Part in America, imported in an American Ship, the Ton	Conf. Customs	2	4	0
	Duty 1795	3	0	0
	1796	0	10	4 $\frac{1}{10}$
	1797	0	10	4 $\frac{1}{10}$
	Counterv. Duty	0	10	10
	Convoy Duty	0	10	10
6 15 7 $\frac{1}{10}$				
, the Product of the Bahama Islands, or of Yucatan, in the Bay of Honduras, imported directly from either of those Places, in a British-built Ship, the Ton	Duty 1795	1	10	0
	1796	0	3	0
	1797	0	10	10
	Convoy Duty	0	10	10
		2	3	10
2 3 10				
, the Product of any other Place imported in a British-built Ship, the Ton	Duty 1795	3	0	0
	1796	0	6	0
	1797	0	10	10
	Convoy Duty	0	10	10
		3	16	10
3 16 10				
Brimstone, the Cwt.	Confol. Customs	0	6	8
	Duty 1796 & 1797	0	1	0
	Convoy Duty	0	0	9
		0	8	5
		0	6	8
0 6 8				
consumed in making Oil of Vi-				
triol, see 1st Vol. Pages 66 & 67				

*Forms of Entries, and the Computations of the Duties of Customs under various Circumstances of Importation.*

In the Wilhelmina, Captain John Paterfon, a Hamburg,  
on British Account.  
RICHARD BUTLER.  
CHARLES FORFAR.

Ten Chests, containing 4000 Dozen rough Agates, small as a Bean, Value 50l.

	£.	s.	d.		£.	s.	d.	
Confol.	0	3	0	per 100 Dozen.	Convey Duty 3 per Cent.	1	10	0
			40					
			<u>12,0</u>					
	£.	6	0					
		0	0					

If afterwards exported, the Drawback a 2s. 8d. per 100 Dozen . . . 5 6 8

PEARL-ASHES from Europe; and from the United States of America, either in a British-built or an American Ship; also the same are liable to the like Duty from the British Plantations in America, in a British-built Ship, with proper Certificates, as when imported from the United States of America, in a British-built Ship.

*Form of titling the Entry, as before recited, in general as the Case may be.*

FROM TRIESTE.

500 Cwt. Pearl-ashes.

Confol. per Cwt. 2s. 3d.
500
<hr/>
1000
125
<hr/>
112,5

Ten per Cent.
£.56 5 0
5 12 6
<hr/>
61 17 6
<hr/>

Convoy Duty, per Cwt. 1s. 4d.

500

---

500

166 8

---

66,6 8

---

£.33 6 8

---

£. s. d.
Confol. Customs . 56 5 0
two 5 per Cents. . 5 12 6
Convoy Duty. . . 33 6 8
<hr/>
95 4 2
<hr/>

*From New York.*

500 Cwt. Pearl-ashes, the Product and Manufacture of the United States of America, in an American Ship.

Countervailing Duty, 10 per Cent. on Confol. Customs	£.	s.	d.
500 Cwt. a 2s. 3d. Confol. £.56 5 0		5	12 6
Convoy Duty		33	6 8
as before.		5	12 6
		38	19 2

From New York, or from Canada, in a British-built Ship; the latter with proper Certificates.

500 Cwt. Pearl-ashes.	£.	s.	d.
Convoy Duty	33	6	8

*From Leghorn.*

700 Cwt. Brimstone.

Confol.	£. s. d.	Duties	£. s. d.	Confol. Customs	£. s. d.
	0 6 8	1796	23 6 8	10 and 5 per Cent.	233 6 8
	233 6 8	1797	11 13 4	Convoy Duty	35 0 0
1796 & 1797	35 0 0		35 0 0		23 15 0
	268 6 8				292 1 8

Convoy per Cwt. 9d.

700
350
175
47,5
23 15 0

exported in due Time, drawback  
at 6s. 6d. per Cwt. . . . . 227 10 0

4200
350
455,0
227 10

Brimstone consumed in  
making Oil of Vitriol draws back  
all the consolidated Customs 233l. 6s. 8d.

*From the Cape of Good Hope.*

Drugs,

10,000 lb, Aloes Succotrina of the Growth.

Confol. 1s. 2d. per lb.

10000	
1666 8	
1166,6 8	

Convoy per 100 lb. 4s.

100
40,0
£.20

Confol. Customs	£.	s.	d.
Two 5 per Cents.	583	6	8
Convoy Duty	20	0	0
	661	13	4

Two 5 per Cents.

£.583 6 8
58 6 8

exported in due Time, Drawback,  
at 9d. per lb. . 10,000 lb. . . . 375 0 0

5000

2500

750,0

£.375 0 0

10,000 lb. Aloes Succotrina, not of the Growth.

Confol. 3s. 6d.

30,000

5000

35,00,0

Two 5 per Cents. £. 1750 0 0  
175 0 0

Confol. Customs : £. 1750 0 0  
 Two 5 per Cents. : 175 0 0  
 Convey Duty : 20 0 0  
1945 0 0

( 253 )

exported in due Time, Drawback, . . . . 1166 13 4  
 at 2s. 4d. per lb. . 10,000 lb.  
2s. 4d.

20,000

3333 4

23,33,3 4

1166 13 4

*From Bombay.*

10,000 lb. Aloes Succotrina, imported by the East India Company to be warehoused,  
and sold at public Sale for 3s. 3d. per lb.

3s. 3d.

30,000

2500

32,500

£. s. d.  
32 10 0

Value for Warehousing Duty £.1625 a 2 per Cent. . . .

Value £.1625 0 0

To be paid by the Purchaser before taken out of the Warehouse for  
Home-consumption.

Confol. Customs . 583 6 8

Two 5 per Cents. . 58 6 8

641 13 4

*From Philadelphia.*

Mahogany, the Product of the United States of America, or of any other Part in America.

In the Federation, Captain Michael Coffin, a Philadelphia,  
American Ship.  
JOHN MAJOR.

60 Tons Mahogany, of the Growth of America.

Confol.	2	4	0	per Ton	Duty 1795	60 Tons	Confol. Customs :	£.	s.	d.
	120	0	0			3	Duty 1795 . . .	132	0	0
	12	0	0				Two 5 per Cents	180	0	0
	132	0	0				Counterv. Duty . . .	31	4	0
							Convoy Duty . . .	31	4	0
								32	10	0
								406	18	0
Convoy	60 Tons									
	10	10								
	600									
	50									
	65,0									
	32	10	0							

Mahogany, the Growth or Product of the Bahama Islands, or of the Province of Yucatan in the Bay of Honduras,  
imported directly from any of those Places.

In the Union, Captain Samuel Walker, a New Providence,  
on British Account.  
JOHN ROBERTS.  
NICH. JONES.

*British-built Ship.*

60 Tons Mahogany, of the Growth of the Bahama Islands.

	£	s.	d.
Duty 1795 . .	1	10	0
	<hr/>		
60	60		
30	30		
	<hr/>		
90	90		
two 5 per Cents. 9			
	<hr/>		
99	99	0	0
	<hr/>		

Convoy Duty	60 Tons
	10 10
	<hr/>
	600
	50
	<hr/>
	65,0
	<hr/>
	32 10 0
	<hr/>

	£	s.	d.
Duty 1795 . .	90	0	0
Two 5 per Cents. .	9	0	0
Convoy Duty . .	32	10	0
	<hr/>		
	131	10	0
	<hr/>		

In the Sally, Captain Robert Thompson, a Jamaica,  
on British Account.  
FRAS. GILES.

*British-built Ship.*

60 Tons Mahogany, of the Growth of Saint Domingo.

Duty 1795 . . 3 0 0	per Ton	Convoy Duty	0 10 10
<hr/>			
180 0 0		600	
Two 5 per Cents. 18 0 0		50	
<hr/>			
£. 198 0 0		65,0	
<hr/>			
		£ 32 10 0	
<hr/>			

Duty 1795 . . .	180 0 0
Two 5 per Cents. . .	18 0 0
Convoy Duty . . .	32 10 0
<hr/>	
	£230 10 0
<hr/>	



Convoy Duty.	50 Oz.
0 4 10	
<hr/>	
200	
25	
16 8	
<hr/>	
24, 1 8	
<hr/>	
£ 12 1 3	
<hr/>	

Convoy Duty ungilt.	100 Oz.
0 0 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ per Oz.	
<hr/>	
200	
66 $\frac{2}{3}$	
<hr/>	
267	
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22 3	
<hr/>	
£ 1 2 3	
<hr/>	

Totals of Silver and Gold-plate.	10 16 8
Confol. Silver	75 0 0
Gold ditto	4 5 10
5 per Cent. 1796	22 10 0
Plate 1797	5 8 4
5 per Cent. 1797	
<hr/>	
£ 118 0 0	
<hr/>	

400 Cwt. RoFin, the Growth of the United States of America.

Confol.	1	0	1	6 per Cwt.		
			400			
			60,0			
Two 5 per Cents.	3	0	0			
Counterv. Duty	3	0	0			
Convoiy Duty	0	0	3 per Cwt.			
			400 Cwt.			
			10,0			
			£5	0	0	
Two 5 per Cents.	3	0	0			
Counterv. Duty	3	0	0			
			£36	0	0	

Spirits, viz. Strong Waters or Cordials not otherwise enumerated or described.

*From Bremen.*

20 Gallons, Cordial Waters

Confol. . .	2 10	
	<u>40</u>	
	16 8	
	<u>56 8</u>	
	<u>£ 2 16 8</u>	
Two 5pr Cents. 5 8		
	<u>£ 3 2 4</u>	

53

Convoy Duty 0 0	2½
	<u>20</u>
	45
	<u>£ 0 3 9</u>

Confol. Customs .	2 16 8
Two 5 per Cents. .	0 5 8
Convoy Duty . .	0 3 9
	<u>£ 3 6 1</u>

Customs

See the Excise Duty, page 262.

For the Excise, 20 Gallons, Single Cordial Waters.

By 31, 34, 35, 37, 39, & 40 Geo. III.

5 additional Duties, 10d. per Gall. each

0	4	2
20		
£	4	3 4

Confol. 0 4 3 per Gall.

20		
£	4	5 0

Confol.	4	5	0
Additional	4	3	4
Excise	£	8	8 4

20 Gallons, Double Cordial Waters.

5 additional Duties as above,  
at 1s. 8d. per Gall.

0	8	4
20		
£	8	6 8

Confol. 0 8 1 per Gall.

20		
£	8	1 8

Confol.	8	1	8
Additional	8	6	8
Excise	£	16	8 4

SUGAR, viz.

In the Martha, Captain Thos. Brown, a Jamaica,  
on British Account.  
JOHN PARKER.  
GEORGE STILL.

Twenty Hogheads, containing 200 Cwt. British Plantation Brown Sugar, not clayed.

Duty 1799 0 0 8	Confol. Sugar 1799 0 17 6	Convoy 0 1 10	Confol. Sugar 1799 175 0 0
<u>200</u>	100 0 0	<u>200</u>	Duty 1799 . . . 6 13 4
100	50 0 0	100	Convoy Duty . . . 18 6 8
33 4	25 0 0	66 8	<u>£ 200 0 0</u>
<u>133 4</u>	175 0 0	<u>36,6 8</u>	
<u>£ 6 13 4</u>	6 13 4	<u>£ 18 6 8</u>	
	<u>£ 181 13 4</u>		
	Duty 1799		

54

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Drawback, if exported to Ireland, £. 0 17 6 per Cwt.  
to other Places 0 11 0

## 200 Cwt. British Plantation Brown Sugar, clayed.

Confol.	0 17 6 per Cwt.	Duty 1799	0 4 0 per Cwt.	Confol. Sugar 1799	175 0 0
	<u>100</u>		<u>£ 40 0 0</u>	Duty 1799	40 0 0
	50			Convoy Duty	18 6 8
	25				<u>£ 233 6 8</u>
Duty 1799	<u>175 0 0</u>	Convoy Duty	0 1 10 per Cwt.		
	40				
	<u>£ 215 0 0</u>				

Drawback, if exported to Ireland or elsewhere, the same as before stated for Brown Sugar not clayed.

## 200 Cwt. British Plantation White Sugar

Confol.	1 14 2 per Cwt.	Duty 1799	0 4 0	Confol. Sugar 1799	341 13 4
	<u>200</u>		<u>40 0 0</u>	Duty 1799	40 0 0
	100	Confol.	341 13 4	Convoy Duty	18 6 8
	40		<u>£ 381 13 14</u>		<u>£ 400 0 0</u>
	1 13 4	Convoy Duty	0 1 10 per Cwt.		
	<u>£ 341 13 4</u>				

Drawback if exported to Ireland £. 1 14 2 per Cwt.  
to other Places 1 7 8

200 Cwt. Brown or Muscovado Sugar, not of the British Plantations.

Confol.	1 12 2 per Cwt.	Convol. Sugar 1799	321 13 4
		Convoiy Duty . .	18 6 8
			<u>£ 340 0 0</u>

Drawback if exported to Ireland £. 1 5 2 per Cwt.  
to other Places 1 2 8

200 Cwt. White Sugar, not of the British Plantations.

Confol.	2 13 2 per Cwt.	Convol. Sugar 1799	531 13 4
		Convoiy Duty . .	18 6 8
			<u>£ 550 0 0</u>

Drawback if exported to Ireland £. 2 4 6  
to other Places 1 18 0

200 Cwt. Sugar, imported by the East India Company, warehoused.

Sold at their public Sale for £. 3 7 0 per Cwt. Warehouse. Duty £ 13 8 0  
 Value £. 670 at 2 per Cent.

To be taken out of the Warehouse for Home Consumption,

Value Duty 253 6 10½  
 Duty 1799 31 13 4

Value £. 670 at 37 16 3 per Cent. When sold after 24th June, 1799, per Cwt. 6d.  
 6 after 31st Aug. 1799, . . 2 8

226 17 6  
 18 18 1½  
 7 11 3  
 £ 253 6 10½

200 Cwt. at 3s. 2d. 600 33 4

63,3 4

£ 31 13 4

per Cwt. more for Brown or  
 Muscovado Sugar

£ 285 2 2½

*WINE TABLES for the additional Duties:*

	£.	s.	d.
By the 55 Geo. III. Chap. 10. on all French Wines imported into Great Britain, the Tun, of 252 Gallons, EXCISE	-	-	-
On all other Wines so imported	30	0	0
By 36 Geo. III. Chap. 123. on all French Wines imported into Great Britain, the Tun, of 252 Gallons, CUSTOMS	20	0	0
On all other Wines so imported	30	0	0
	20	0	0

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\* \* See the specific Sums payable for each of these Duties of Customs and Excise from one Gallon to one Tun, page 268.

*Each of these Duties of Customs or Excise.*

French, the Tun,	252 Gallons	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	all other Wines	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
$\frac{1}{2}$	126	30 0 0	15 0 0	.	20 0 0	0
$\frac{1}{3}$	84	10 0 0	10 0 0	.	10 0 0	0
$\frac{1}{4}$	63	7 10 0	7 10 0	.	6 13 4	4
$\frac{1}{5}$	42	5 0 0	5 0 0	.	5 0 0	0
$\frac{1}{6}$	36	4 5 8 $\frac{4}{5}$	4 5 8 $\frac{4}{5}$	.	3 6 8	8
$\frac{1}{7}$	28	3 6 8	3 6 8	.	2 17 1 $\frac{5}{8}$	5 $\frac{5}{8}$
$\frac{1}{8}$	21	2 10 0	2 10 0	.	2 4 5 $\frac{1}{2}$	3
$\frac{1}{9}$	18	1 3 9 $\frac{1}{2}$	1 3 9 $\frac{1}{2}$	.	1 13 4	4
$\frac{1}{10}$	16	1 1 5 $\frac{1}{2}$	1 1 5 $\frac{1}{2}$	.	0 15 10 $\frac{1}{2}$	10 $\frac{1}{2}$
$\frac{1}{11}$	14	0 19 0 $\frac{4}{5}$	0 19 0 $\frac{4}{5}$	.	0 14 3 $\frac{9}{10}$	3 $\frac{9}{10}$
$\frac{1}{12}$	12	0 16 8	0 16 8	.	0 12 8 $\frac{3}{4}$	8 $\frac{3}{4}$
$\frac{1}{13}$	10	0 14 3 $\frac{1}{2}$	0 14 3 $\frac{1}{2}$	.	0 11 1 $\frac{1}{2}$	1 $\frac{1}{2}$
$\frac{1}{14}$	9	0 11 10 $\frac{2}{7}$	0 11 10 $\frac{2}{7}$	.	0 9 6 $\frac{2}{7}$	6 $\frac{2}{7}$
$\frac{1}{15}$	8	0 9 6 $\frac{2}{7}$	0 9 6 $\frac{2}{7}$	.	0 7 11 $\frac{5}{7}$	11 $\frac{5}{7}$
$\frac{1}{16}$	7	0 7 1 $\frac{1}{2}$	0 7 1 $\frac{1}{2}$	.	0 6 4 $\frac{1}{2}$	4 $\frac{1}{2}$
$\frac{1}{17}$	6	0 4 9 $\frac{1}{7}$	0 4 9 $\frac{1}{7}$	.	0 4 9 $\frac{1}{7}$	9 $\frac{1}{7}$
$\frac{1}{18}$	5	0 4 9 $\frac{1}{7}$	0 4 9 $\frac{1}{7}$	.	0 3 2 $\frac{2}{3}$	2 $\frac{2}{3}$
$\frac{1}{19}$	4	0 2 4 $\frac{1}{2}$	0 2 4 $\frac{1}{2}$	.	0 1 7 $\frac{1}{2}$	7 $\frac{1}{2}$
$\frac{1}{20}$	3	0 2 4 $\frac{1}{2}$	0 2 4 $\frac{1}{2}$	.	0 1 7 $\frac{1}{2}$	7 $\frac{1}{2}$
$\frac{1}{21}$	2	0 2 4 $\frac{1}{2}$	0 2 4 $\frac{1}{2}$	.	0 1 7 $\frac{1}{2}$	7 $\frac{1}{2}$
$\frac{1}{22}$	1	0 2 4 $\frac{1}{2}$	0 2 4 $\frac{1}{2}$	.	0 1 7 $\frac{1}{2}$	7 $\frac{1}{2}$

The whole of these Duties drawn back upon Exportation to any Place; and the Drawback of the former Duties of Excise upon Wines is allowed when exported to China, as for Wines exported to the British Settlements in East India.

See the Tables for the old consolidated Duties of Customs and Excise upon Wines imported, and the Drawbacks thereof when exported, at the End of the first Volume.

French,	the Tun,	Gallons	£. s. d.	Madeira	£. s. d.	Portugal	£. s. d.
252	126	126	3 10 6	3 10 6	3 10 6	1 6 6	1 6 6
126	84	84	1 15 3	1 15 3	1 10 4	0 13 3	0 13 3
84	63	63	1 3 6	1 3 6	0 15 3	0 8 10	0 8 10
63	42	42	0 17 7 $\frac{1}{2}$	0 17 7 $\frac{1}{2}$	0 10 2	0 6 7 $\frac{1}{2}$	0 6 7 $\frac{1}{2}$
42	36	36	0 11 9	0 11 9	0 8 8 $\frac{4}{7}$	0 4 5	0 4 5
36	28	28	0 10 0 $\frac{6}{7}$	0 10 0 $\frac{6}{7}$	0 6 9 $\frac{1}{3}$	0 3 9	0 3 9
28	21	21	0 7 10	0 7 10	0 5 1	0 2 11 $\frac{1}{7}$	0 2 11 $\frac{1}{7}$
21	10	10	0 5 10 $\frac{1}{2}$	0 5 10 $\frac{1}{2}$	0 2 5 $\frac{1}{2}$	0 2 2 $\frac{1}{2}$	0 2 2 $\frac{1}{2}$
10	9	9	0 2 9 $\frac{1}{4}$	0 2 9 $\frac{1}{4}$	0 2 2 $\frac{1}{2}$	0 1 0 $\frac{1}{2}$	0 1 0 $\frac{1}{2}$
9	8	8	0 2 6 $\frac{3}{4}$	0 2 6 $\frac{3}{4}$	0 1 11 $\frac{1}{2}$	0 0 11 $\frac{1}{2}$	0 0 11 $\frac{1}{2}$
8	7	7	0 2 2 $\frac{7}{8}$	0 2 2 $\frac{7}{8}$	0 1 8 $\frac{7}{8}$	0 0 10 $\frac{1}{2}$	0 0 10 $\frac{1}{2}$
7	6	6	0 1 11 $\frac{1}{2}$	0 1 11 $\frac{1}{2}$	0 1 5 $\frac{3}{4}$	0 0 8 $\frac{3}{4}$	0 0 8 $\frac{3}{4}$
6	5	5	0 1 8 $\frac{1}{7}$	0 1 8 $\frac{1}{7}$	0 1 2 $\frac{1}{4}$	0 0 7 $\frac{1}{4}$	0 0 7 $\frac{1}{4}$
5	4	4	0 1 4 $\frac{1}{4}$	0 1 4 $\frac{1}{4}$	0 1 11 $\frac{1}{4}$	0 0 6 $\frac{1}{4}$	0 0 6 $\frac{1}{4}$
4	3	3	0 1 1 $\frac{6}{7}$	0 1 1 $\frac{6}{7}$	0 0 8 $\frac{5}{7}$	0 0 5 $\frac{1}{7}$	0 0 5 $\frac{1}{7}$
3	2	2	0 0 10 $\frac{1}{7}$	0 0 10 $\frac{1}{7}$	0 0 5 $\frac{1}{7}$	0 0 3 $\frac{1}{7}$	0 0 3 $\frac{1}{7}$
2	1	1	0 0 6 $\frac{2}{7}$	0 0 6 $\frac{2}{7}$	0 0 5 $\frac{1}{7}$	0 0 2 $\frac{1}{7}$	0 0 2 $\frac{1}{7}$
1			0 0 3 $\frac{1}{7}$	0 0 3 $\frac{1}{7}$	0 0 2 $\frac{1}{7}$	0 0 1 $\frac{1}{7}$	0 0 1 $\frac{1}{7}$

Spanish,	the Tun,	252 Gallons	£. s. d.	Rhenish, German, or Hungary	£. s. d.
$\frac{1}{2}$	.	126	1 12 0	.	3 18 0
$\frac{1}{3}$	.	84	0 16 0	.	1 19 0
$\frac{1}{4}$	.	63	0 10 8	.	1 6 0
$\frac{1}{5}$	.	42	0 8 0	.	0 19 6
$\frac{1}{6}$	.	36	0 5 4	.	0 13 0
$\frac{1}{7}$	.	28	0 4 $6\frac{2}{7}$	.	0 11 $1\frac{5}{7}$
$\frac{1}{8}$	.	21	0 3 $6\frac{3}{4}$	.	0 8 8
$\frac{1}{12}$	.	21	0 2 8	.	0 6 6
.	.	10	0 1 $3\frac{1}{2}$	.	0 3 1
.	.	9	0 1 $1\frac{1}{2}$	.	0 2 10
.	.	8	0 1 $0\frac{1}{2}$	.	0 2 7
.	.	7	0 0 $10\frac{1}{2}$	.	0 2 2
.	.	6	0 0 9	.	0 1 10
.	.	5	0 0 $7\frac{1}{2}$	.	0 1 6
.	.	4	0 0 $6\frac{1}{2}$	.	0 1 2
.	.	3	0 0 $4\frac{1}{2}$	.	0 0 11
.	.	2	0 0 $3\frac{1}{2}$	.	0 0 7
.	.	1	0 0 $1\frac{1}{2}$	.	0 0 3

*Branches of Duties kept separate in the Books of the Custom-house and Exchequer.*

Consolidated Customs . . . . .	27th Geo. III. Chap. 13,	. . . . .	1787.
Duty on Corn . . . . .	31 . . . . .	30,	1791.
Bricks and Tiles . . . . .	34 . . . . .	15,	1794.
Paper . . . . .	34 . . . . .	20,	1794.
Slate and Stone, and Coastwise	34 . . . . .	51,	1794.
Wood, Fruit, Silk, and Oil . . . . .	35 . . . . .	20,	1795.
Coals, Outwards . . . . .	ditto . . . . .	ditto	1795.
Wine . . . . .	36 . . . . .	123,	1796.
Ten, and Five per Cent. . . . .	37 . . . . .	15,	1796.
Plate . . . . .	37 . . . . .	90,	1797.
American Countervailing Duty . . . . .	37 . . . . .	97,	1798.
Pepper, and Five per Cent. . . . .	37 . . . . .	110,	1797.
Consolidated Sugar . . . . .	39 . . . . .	3,	1799.
Sugar, inwards and outwards, Coffee, outwards . . . . .	39 . . . . .	63,	1799.

\* The Duties Coastwise are comprized in the Branch of Consolidated Customs.

The following being temporary Acts are not considered Branches of Customs, but these Duties are kept separate in the Books.

Convoy Duty, during the War, 38th Geo. III. Chap. 76,	. . . . .	1799.
London Dock Duty . . . . .	39 . . . . .	69, . . . . . 1799.

FINIS.

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